

Passengers arriving Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858

Name	Birth/Death	Originating From	Final Destination	Sponsor	Page No. (s)
Abra, John Jnr	1832-1901	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	7
Abra, John Snr	1792-1864	Norfolk	Tasmania	Not Sponsored	7-8
Abra, Mary	1798-1857)	Norfolk	Died at sea	Not Sponsored	8-9
Abrames, Alfred	1839-?	Essex	Not Known	Morrison, Askin	9-10
Adams, George	1837-1908?	Buckinghamshire	Victoria	Amos, James	10
Addison, George	1840-1902?	Suffolk	NSW	Cook, Henry	10-11
Allen, Benjamin	1836-1919	Staffordshire	Tasmania	Stewart, J L	11-12
Atkins, Maria	1838-1885?	Norfolk	Victoria?	Horton, Samuel	12
Ayers, George	1830-1868	Norfolk	Tasmania	Gibson, William	13
Ayres, Isaac	1835-1913	Norfolk	Tasmania	Lucas, John	13-14
Ayers, James	1833-1915	Norfolk	Tasmania	Gibson, William	14
Ayers, Samuel	1835-1911	Norfolk	Tasmania	Gibson, William	14-15
Baker, Alfred	1839-1929	Norfolk	Tasmania	Arches, William	15-16
Baker, Benjamin	1837-?	Staffordshire	?	Foster, John	16-17
Baldwin, Benjamin	1827-?	Staffordshire	?	Foster, John	17
Banyard, Hannah	1839-1885	Suffolk	New Zealand	Walker, G W	18
Barham, William	1839-1902	Norfolk	Tasmania	Nicholas, E	18-19
Bean, Ann	1837-1910	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	19-20
Bean, Charles	1850-1932	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	20
Bean, George	1846-1928	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	20-21
Bean, Henry	1834-1903	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	21
Bean, James	1840-1882	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	22
Bean, John	1846-1906	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	22-23
Bean, Lewis	1853-1941	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	23
Bean, Martha	1813-1886	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	23-24
Bean, Robert Jnr	1839-1914	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	24
Bean, Robert Snr	1809-1900	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	23-24
Bean, Sabina	1849-1931	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	24-25
Bean, Walter	1842-1896	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	25-26
Blizzard, Catherine	1856-1941	Suffolk	Victoria	Hayes, John	26
Blizzard, Charles	1852-1931	Suffolk	Victoria	Hayes, John	26
Blizzard, David	1841-1933	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	26-27
Blizzard, Eliza	1847-1875	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	27
Blizzard, Frances	1836-1902	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	28
Blizzard, George Jnr	1846-1913	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	28-29
Blizzard, George Snr	1812-1890	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	29
Blizzard, Harriet	1850-1934	Suffolk	Victoria	Hayes, John	30
Blizzard, James	1854-1932	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	30-31
Blizzard, Louisa	1839-1907	Suffolk	Victoria	Hayes, John	31
Blizzard, William	1844-1895	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	31-32

Blogg, William	1835-1902	Norfolk	NSW	Amos, James	32-33
Bloomfield, Ebenezer	1836-1918	Suffolk	Tasmania	Amos, John	32-33
Bloomfield, Walter	1837-1906	Suffolk	Tasmania	Wardlaw, Robert	33-34
Bond, Martha Ann	1839-1895	Suffolk	Victoria	Elliston, W G	34-35
Bond, Sarah Ann	1840-1934	Suffolk	NSW	Fenton, Michael	35-36
Bonner, John	1831-1928	Norfolk	Tasmania	Horton, Samuel	36
Branning, Phillip	1839-1921	Suffolk	NSW	Butler, Charles	36-37
Brassett, Henry Jnr	1852-1941	London	England	Button, W S	37
Brassett, Henry Snr	1829-1908	Oxfordshire	England	Button, W S	37-38
Brassett, Mary Anne	1826-1864	Norfolk	England	Button, W S	38
Name	Birth/Death	Originating From	Final Destination	Sponsor	Page No. (s)
Browne, Harriet	1831-1920	Norfolk	Victoria	Langston, Mary A	38-39
Bruce, George	1839-1908?	Suffolk	Not Known	Turnbull, James	39-40
Burrows, John	1830-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Wright, Isaac	40-41
Bussey, Abraham	1838-1873	Norfolk	Tasmania	Cummings, E	41
Bussey, Elizabeth	1848-1926	Norfolk	Tasmania	Cummings, E	41-42
Bussey, James	1842-1861	Norfolk	Tasmania	Cummings, E	42
Bussey, Rose	1810-1860	Norfolk	Tasmania	Cummings, E	42
Bussey, William Jnr	1846-1917	Norfolk	Tasmania	Cummings, E	42-43
Bussey, William Snr	1813-1892	Norfolk	Tasmania	Cummings, E	43
Bye, George	1855-1935	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	43-44
Bye, James	1820-1887	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	44-45
Bye, Susan	1834-1883	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	45-46
Calver, John	1839-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Hamilton, W	46
Capewell, William	1836-1897	Staffordshire	NSW	Foster, John	46-47
Carey, Elizabeth	1833-1864	Ireland	Tasmania	Moore, J A	47-48
Carey, Henrietta	1841-1936	Ireland	Tasmania	Terry, Ralph	48
Carey, John Jnr	1837-1915	Ireland	Tasmania	Terry, Ralph	48
Carey, John Snr	1797-1872	Ireland	Tasmania	Not Sponsored	49
Carey, Letitia	1831-1859	Ireland	Tasmania	Johnson, Thomas	49-50
Carey, Louisa	1846-1911	Ireland	Tasmania	Not Sponsored	50
Carey, Martha	1807-1866	Ireland	Tasmania	Not Sponsored	50-51
Carey, Sophia	1835-1860	Ireland	Tasmania	Hopkins, Henry	51
Carey, Thomas	1842-?	Ireland	Not Known	Maum, Anthony	51
Carey, William	1838-1879	Ireland	Not Known	Maum, Anthony	52
Cartwright, Henry	1839-1927	Staffordshire	NSW?	Foster, John	52-53
Carver, George	1835-1923	Suffolk	Not Known	Morrison, Askin	53
Cawley, William	1837-1903	Suffolk	Not Known	Morrison, Askin	53-54
Challis, George	1839-1882	Suffolk	NZ	Walker, J C	54
Clark, Francis	1842-1923	Suffolk	Victoria	Cotton, Francis	54-55
Clark, Jacob	1837-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Robertson, W	55
Clark, James	1814-1895	Suffolk	Not Known	Cotton, Francis	56
Clark, Susan	1838-1898?	Suffolk	NZ?	Moore, J A	56-57
Claxton, Eliza	1844-1922	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, Thomas	57
Claxton, Emma	1849-1858	Suffolk	At sea	Button, Thomas	57

Claxton, George	1844-1922	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, Thomas	57-58
Claxton, Hannah	1811-1876	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, Thomas	58-59
Claxton, Henry	1854-1924	Suffolk	Tasmania	Button, Thomas	59
Claxton, William	1852-1940	Suffolk	NZ	Button, Thomas	59
Coalby, William	1837-?	Norfolk	Not Known	Morey, Abraham	59-60
Comer, Charles	1834-1909	Norfolk	Victoria	Amos, James	60-61
Cook, Charlotte	1800-1876	Norfolk	Tasmania	Weston, W P	61
Cornell, James	1839-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Lucas, John	61-62
Cox, Anne	1842-1923	Norfolk	Tasmania	Hinsby, Henry	62
Cox, John	1840-1920	Norfolk	Victoria	Moore, J A	62
Crick, Charles	1827-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Cahill, Joseph	62-63
Crimmins, Daniel	1823-?	Not Known	Not Known	Not Sponsored	63
Cutting – see Quarry					112-116
Dennis, Alfred	1845-1927	Suffolk	Not Known	Howe, Henry	63
Dennis, Benjamin	c1848-1927	Suffolk	Victoria	Howe, Henry	63-64
Dennis, Charles	1836-1910	Suffolk	Tasmania	Howe, Henry	64-65
Dennis, Maria	1842-1917	Suffolk	Tasmania	Howe, Henry	65
Dennis, Thomas	1840-1920	Suffolk	NSW	Howe, Henry	65-66
Name	Birth/Death	Originating From	Final Destination	Sponsor	Page No. (s)
Docking, Charlotte	1837-1870	Norfolk	Victoria	Gibson, William	66
Docking, Elizabeth	1840-1904	Norfolk	Tasmania	Stewart, James	66-67
Docking, John	1843-1916	Norfolk	Tasmania	Howe, Henry	67-68
Docking, Mary A Jnr	1836-1868	Norfolk	Tasmania	Stewart, James	68
Docking, Mary A Snr	1812-1868?	Norfolk	Tasmania?	Stewart, James	68-69
Docking, Robert	1831-1906	Norfolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	69-70
Docking, Elizabeth	1831-1906	Norfolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	70
Docking, William	1837-1911	Norfolk	Tasmania	Button, W S	70
Draper, Mary Jnr	1847-1948	Norfolk	Tasmania	Grant, James	71
Draper, Mary Snr	1823-1911	Norfolk	Tasmania	Grant, James	71-72
Edwards, Anna M	1854-1858	Norfolk	At sea	Drew, Thomas	72-73
Edwards, Christopher	1825-1899	Norfolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	73-74
Edwards, George	1851-1932	Norfolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	74
Edwards, Harriet	1824-1893	Norfolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	73-74
Fakes, Robert	1834-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Moore, J A	74-75
Fakes, Robert	1835-1914	Suffolk	England	Officer, Robert	75-76
Firman, Charles	1835-1911	Suffolk	Not Known	Nixon, F R	76-77
Firman, Harriet	1829-1880	Suffolk	Not Known	Nixon, F R	76-77
Fordham, William	1836-1913	Cambridgeshire	Tasmania	Ballantine, D	77-78
Frost, John	1834-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Shoobridge, E	78-79
Frost, Thomas	1836-?	Staffordshire	Not Known	Barnard, James	79
Fuller, John	1789-1868	Suffolk	Victoria	Not Sponsored	79-80
Fuller, Susannah	1846-1870	Suffolk	Victoria	Hamilton, W	79-80
Garbett(s), William	1831-1891?	Staffordshire	NSW?	Foster, John	80
Gladding, Ahie	1857-1858	At Sea	At Sea	Hopkins, Henry	81
Gladding, Harriet	1836-1897	Hertfordshire	Not Known	Hopkins, Henry	81
Good, David	1838-1913	Suffolk	Tasmania	Nicholas, E	81-82

Haddock, Henry	1833-1908	Suffolk	Victoria	Hayes, Henry	82-83
Hamstead, Alicia	1845-1927	Suffolk	Victoria	Button, W S	83
Hamstead, Elizabeth	1842-1930	Suffolk	England?	Button, W S	83
Hamstead, Louisa	1850-1925	Suffolk	England	Button, W S	83-84
Hamstead, Robert Jnr	1848-1915	Suffolk	Victoria	Button, W S	84
Hamstead, Robert Snr	1820-1904	Suffolk	Victoria	Button, W S	84-85
Hamstead, Samuel	1853-1932	Suffolk	Victoria	Button, W S	85-86
Hamstead, Susannah	1822-1871	Suffolk	England	Button, W S	84-85
Harrington, Robert	1838-1909?	Essex	NZ?	Morrison, Askin	86
Hart, Catherine	1829-c1892	London	Tasmania	Stelling, William	86-87
Hill, Thomas	1832-1895	Staffordshire	Victoria	Foster, John	87-88
Humphrey, Eliza	c1809-?	Norfolk	Tasmania?	Morey, Abraham	89
Humphrey, Ellen	1853-1858	Norfolk	Tasmania	Foster, John	88
Humphrey, Susannah	1885-1916	Norfolk	Tasmania	Morey, Abraham	88
Humphrey, William	c1808-1886?	Norfolk	Tasmania?	Morey, Abraham	89
Ingamells, Christopher	1837-1924	Norfolk	Tasmania	Horton, Samuel	89-90
Kemp, Walter	1839-1884?	Suffolk	Not Known	Butler, Charles	90
Kerridge, Ann	1827-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Rout, William	91
Keymer, Sarah	1819-1899	Suffolk	Tasmania	Seal. Phillis	91-92
Keymer, William	1823-1919	Suffolk	Tasmania	Seal, Phillis	91-92
King, Pamela	1836-1905	Norfolk	NSW	Moore, J A	93
Lambert, Charles	1854-1858	Suffolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	93
Lambert, Eliza	1830-1918	Suffolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	94-96
Lambert, George	1850-1858	Suffolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	93-94
Lambert, Henry	1849-1860	Suffolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	94
Name	Birth/Death	Originating From	Final Destination	Sponsor	Page No. (s)
Lambert, John	1851-1858	Suffolk	At Sea	Drew, Thomas	94
Lambert, Noah	1822-1918	Suffolk	Not Known	Drew, Thomas	94-96
Lambert, William	1856-1908	Suffolk	Victoria	Drew, Thomas	96
Ling, Caroline	1842-?	Norfolk	Not Known	Green, Richard	96
Ling, Emma	1848-1923	Norfolk	WA	Drew, Thomas	96-97
Ling, James	1825-1891	Norfolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	97-98
Ling, Maria	1849-1857	Norfolk	At Sea	Drew, Thomas	98
Ling, Martha	1851-1858	Norfolk	At Sea	Drew, Thomas	98
Ling, Mary Ann	1820-1886	Norfolk	Tasmania	Drew, Thomas	97-98
Ling, Sarah Ann	1855-1858	Norfolk	At Sea	Drew, Thomas	98
Mattick, William	1833-1911	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	98-99
McGarry, Mary	1824-1896	Ireland	Tasmania	McGarry, Maria	99
McPherson, Malvina	1840-1912	Suffolk	NZ	Cook, Henry	99-100
Milles, William	1811-1897	Essex	Not Known	Officer, Robert	100-101
Milles, Sophia	1812-1880	Essex	Not Known	Officer, Robert	100-101
Milles, Sarah	1838-?	Essex	Not Known	Officer, Robert	100-101
Milles, George	1841-?	Essex	Not Known	Officer, Robert	100-101
Milles, John	1848-?	Essex	Not Known	Officer, Robert	100-101
Mulvehill, Thomas	1827-?	Ireland	Not Known	Torpy, Michael	101

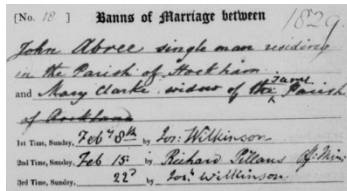
Newlands, Ebenezer Jnr	1851-1939?	Scotland	Not Known	Not Sponsored	101-103
Newlands, Ebenezer Snr	1830-1865	Scotland	NSW	Not Sponsored	101-103
Patrick, George	1836-1908	Norfolk	Victoria	Archer, William	103
Pearson, Samuel	1837-?	Staffordshire	Not Known	Foster, John	104
Peek, William	1839-1909	Essex	NZ	Morrison, Askin	104
Perks, Eliza	1826-1890	Shropshire	Tasmania	Not Sponsored	105-106
Perks, Richard	1824-1897	Shropshire	Tasmania	Young, Thomas	105-106
Pilgrim, John	1838-1898	Essex	Tasmania	Morrison, Askin	106-107
Pinner, David	1830-1909	Norfolk	Tasmania	Morey, Abraham	107
Pinner, Eliza	1843-1915	Norfolk	Victoria	Morey, Abraham	107-108
Pinner, Elizabeth	1803-1877	Norfolk	Tasmania	Morey, Abraham	108-109
Pinner, Hannah	1840-1923	Norfolk	Victoria	Morey, Abraham	108
Pinner, John	1802-1879	Norfolk	Tasmania	Morey, Abraham	108-109
Pinner, Mercy	1845-1919	Norfolk	Tasmania	Morey, Abraham	109-110
Plaskett, William	1836-?	Norfolk	Not Known	Horton, Samul	110
Podd, George	1833-?	Essex	Not Known	Morrison, Askin	110
Price, Thomas	1837-?	Staffordshire	Not Known	Foster, John	110-111
Pye, John	1831-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Sharland, J F	111
Pye, Susan	1829-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Smith, Francis	112
Quarry, Agatha	1848-1934	Norfolk	NSW	Waddell, J S	112-113
Quarry, Ann	1824-1911	Norfolk	Tasmania	Waddell, J S	115
Quarry, Arthur	1846-1919	Norfolk	Tasmania	Waddell, J S	113
Quarry, Ellen	1856-1944	Norfolk	NSW	Waddell, J S	113-114
Quarry, Emma	1854-1923	Norfolk	Tasmania	Waddell, J S	114
Quarry, Susan	1852-1891	Norfolk	Tasmania	Waddell, J S	114
Quarry, Thomas	1823-1909	Norfolk	Tasmania	Waddell, J S	115
Quarry, William	1851-1936	Norfolk	Tasmania	Waddell, J S	116
Redpath, John	1824-1902	Scotland	Tasmania	Not Sponsored	116-117
Redpath, Juliet	1827-1874	England	Tasmania	Not Sponsored	116-117
Reeve, Catherine	1835-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Robertson, W	117-118
Reeve, Emma	1832-1908	Suffolk	England	Johnson, T	118-119
Reeve, Mary Ann	1834-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Terry, Ralph	119
Rice, Eliza	1825-1878	Suffolk	Tasmania?	Hopkins, Henry	120-121
Name	Birth/Death	Originating From	Final Destination	Sponsor	Page No. (s)
Rice, Frederick	1850-1927	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hopkins, Henry	119-120
Rice, John	1826-1859	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hopkins, Henry	120-121
Rice, Sarah Ann	1856-1942	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hopkins, Henry	121
Rice, Thomas	1845-1922	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hopkins, Henry	121-122
Rice, William	1850-1936	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hopkins, Henry	122
Ridgeon, James	1839-1858	Suffolk	Tasmania	Collis, James	123-124
Ripper, John	1836-1893	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	124-125
Roberts, Joseph	1837-1905	Staffordshire	Tasmania?	Stewart, J L	125-126
Robertson, Harriet	1841-?	Suffolk	Not Known	Walker, G W	126
Robins, James	1836-?	London	Not Known	Harrington, R	126-127
Round, Eli	1838-1915	Staffordshire	Tasmania	Foster, John	127-128

Round, Elijah	1835-1865	Staffordshire	Tasmania	Agnew, J W	128-129
Ruffels, Edward	1838-1909	Suffolk	Tasmania	Robertson, W	129-130
Ruffles, Elizabeth	1834-1919	Suffolk	NSW	Lucas, John	130
Rule, Arthur	1854-1876	Suffolk	Tasmania	Rout, William	130-131
Rule, Edward	1856-1859	Suffolk	Tasmania	Rout, William	131
Rule, Harriet	1850-1882	Suffolk	Tasmania	Rout, William	131
Rule, Mary	1833-1907	Suffolk	Tasmania	Rout, William	132
Rule, Rosetta	1852-1927	Suffolk	Victoria	Rout, William	131-132
Rule, Thomas	1827-1904	Suffolk	Tasmania	Rout, William	132
Rushbrook, John	1833-1887	Norfolk	NZ	Archer, William	132-133
Saul, William	1834-?	Norfolk	Not Known	Gleadow, J W	133
Saunders, Mary	1819-1890	Norfolk	Tasmania	Court, John	134
Saunders, Samuel	1822-1861?	Norfolk	Tasmania?	Green, Richard	134
Saunders, Stephen	1819-1895	Norfolk	Tasmania	Court, John	134
Shearing, Jacob	1837-1909	Norfolk	Tasmania	Tarleton, William	135
Skiffins, Martha	1831-1895	Norfolk	Tasmania	Button, Thomas	135-136
Smith, George	1831-?	Wiltshire	Not Known	Foster, John	136
Smith, James	1834-1865	Worcestershire	Tasmania?	Graham, Daniel	136-137
Smith, James	1839-?	Norfolk	Not Known	Amos, James	137
Smith, Jane	1837-?	Not Known	Tasmania?	Milliner, James	137-138
Smith, Mary	1809-?	Not Known	Tasmania?	Milliner, James	137-138
Stagoll, Elizabeth Jnr	1853-1938	Norfolk	Tasmania	Button, Thomas	138
Stagoll, Elizabeth Snr	1830-1879	Norfolk	Victoria	Button, Thomas	139-141
Stagoll, Ellen	1855-1950	Norfolk	Victoria	Button, Thomas	139
Stagoll, Walter	1857-1879	At Sea	NSW	Button, Thomas	139
Stagoll, William Jnr	1852-1947	Norfolk	Victoria	Button, Thomas	139-140
Stagoll, William Snr	1831-1895	Suffolk	NSW	Button, Thomas	139-141
Standaloft, Ann	1853-1935	Germany?	Tasmania	Horton, Samuel	141
Standaloft, Jane	1824-1897	Germany?	Tasmania	Horton, Samuel	141-142
Standaloft, Thomas	1829-1858	Germany?	At Sea	Horton, Samuel	142-143
Stephenson, William	1812-?	Not Known	Not Known	Not Sponsored	143
Stone, John	1838-1904?	Suffolk	Not Known	Morrison, Askin	143
Taylor, Elizabeth	1836-1881	Suffolk	Tasmania	Sharland, J F	144
Taylor, Joseph	1833-1908	Staffordshire	Tasmania	Foster, John	144-145
Turner, Charles	1855-1926	Norfolk	Victoria	Howe, Henry	145-146
Turner, Elleanor	1847-1927	Norfolk	Tasmania	Howe, Henry	146
Turner, Henry	1843-1927	Norfolk	Queensland	Howe, Henry	146
Turner, Jacob	1815-1890	Norfolk	Tasmania	Howe, Henry	146-147
Turner, Jane	1819-1902	Norfolk	Tasmania	Howe, Henry	147
Turner, Mary	1836-1917	Norfolk	Victoria	Howe, Henry	147-148
Turner, Sarah	1853-1919	Norfolk	Tasmania	Howe, Henry	148-149
Name	Birth/Death	Originating From	Final Destination	Sponsor	Page No. (s)
Upcroft, Mary Ann	1808-1872	Norfolk	Victoria	Langston, Mary A	149-150
Wadely, Thomas	1830-1893	Staffordshire	Tasmania	Agnew, J W	150
Walsch, Alice	1822-1883	Ireland	Tasmania	Walsh, Thomas	150-151

Warrington, Benjamin	1820-1874?	Shropshire	NSW?	Young, Thomas	151-152
Watkinson, William	1826-1896	Suffolk	NSW	Watson, George	152-153
Weavers, Charles	1830-?	Essex	Not Known	Morrison, Askin	153-155
Weavers, William	1834-1906	Essex	Tasmania	Morrison, Askin	153-155
Whittaker, David	1825-1896	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	155-156
Whittaker, William	1849-1930	Suffolk	Tasmania	Hayes, John	156
Wilby, Aaron	1829-1905	Suffolk	NZ?	Tarleton, William	156
Wilkerson, Elizah	1836-1879	Norfolk	England	Amos, John	156-157
Willey, Mary Ann	1840-1906	Norfolk	NZ	Horton, Samuel	157-158
Williams, Charles	1849-1940	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	158
Williams, Daniel	1818-1909	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	158-159
Williams, Eliza	1851-1940	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	159-160
Williams, Susan	1817-1895	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	158-159
Williams, Walter	1855-1943	Norfolk	Tasmania	Archer, William	160
Williams, William	1847-1897?	Norfolk	Tasmania?	Archer, William	160
Willis, Emma	1838-1917	Suffolk	England	Nicholas, Edward	160-161
Willis, George Jnr	1849-1933	Suffolk	Victoria	Nicholas, Edward	161
Willis, George Snr	1815-1895	Suffolk	Victoria	Nicholas, Edward	161-162
Willis, John	1836-1912	Suffolk	Victoria	Nicholas, Edward	161
Willis, Maria	1846-1802	Suffolk	Victoria	Nicholas, Edward	162
Willis, Mary	1809-1860	Suffolk	Tasmania	Nicholas, Edward	161-162
Willis, Robert	1840-1920	Suffolk	Victoria	Nicholas, Edward	162
Wood, Anna	1842-1858	Hertfordshire	At Sea	Walker, G W	163
Wood, Barclay	1846-1891	Hertfordshire	SA	Walker, G W	163
Wood, Emily	1848-1922	Hertfordshire	SA	Walker, G W	163
Wood, Lydia	1812-1879	Hertfordshire	SA	Walker, G W	163-164
Wood, William	1811-1879	Hertfordshire	SA	Walker, G W	164-165
Woodberry, Elizabeth	1856-1893	Somersetshire	Tasmania	Woodberry, John	165
Woodberry, Henry	1823-1907	Somersetshire	Tasmania	Woodberry, John	165-166
Woodberry, Sarah Jnr	1854-1877	Somersetshire	Tasmania	Woodberry, John	166
Woodberry, Sarah Snr	1822-1907	Somersetshire	Tasmania	Woodberry, John	166
Young, Jane	1838-1925	Staffordshire	Tasmania	Not Known	167

John ABRA, Jnr aka ABRAY (1832-1901)

John Abra Jnr was born at Hockham, Norfolk on 19 August 1832. He accompanied his parents on the 'Trade Wind'. He was aged 25, a ploughman, and was sponsored by William Archer (1788-1879) of 'Brickendon', Longford. John was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 7 May 1858 to Mr Archer.



John married Mary Perrin (1840-1898) on 24 December 1863 in the home of Mr John Hudson, Charles Street, Launceston. Mr Hudson was likely to be a relative, possibly a brother of Mary Abra. There were a number of Hudson's in Tasmania who were born at Hockham in Norfolk at the time of John's

marriage.

Mary Perrin was the daughter of Lawrence (1802-1856) and Susannah nee Fisher (1820-1905). Mary's father was an ex-convict who was convicted in 1819 in Middlesex to transportation for Life for pickpocketing a silk handkerchief from a gentleman. Lawrence became well known in Launceston, opening a general store, in Wellington Street in 1850. Lawrence was a familiar sight, as a hawker at local race meetings, selling mainly cigars. Mary's mother too had an interesting background. She arrived in Tasmania in 1835 from Ireland. Susannah, and a younger sister, were orphan children and lived with a married sister at Cork. Returning from school one day they went on board the emigrant ship 'Charles Kerr' to see a friend off. While on board the vessel sailed. They reached Tasmania on 20 November 1835.

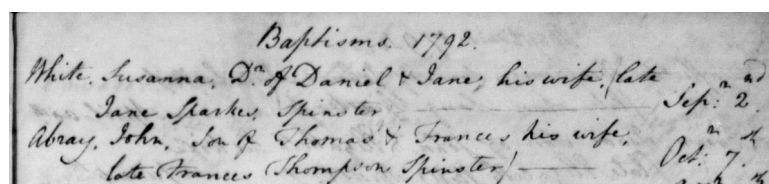
John and Mary had seven children, all born in the Launceston district. At least three of their children moved to New Zealand.

John died on 24 July 1901 at Trevallyn, aged 70 years. Mary died on 22 October 1898 in Launceston, aged 57 years.

For further information about the Abra family contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John ABRA, Snr aka ABRAY, ABRY, ABREE (1792-1864)

John Abra was baptised on 7 October 1792 in East Wretham, Norfolk, England. John was a blacksmith journeyman prior to migrating to Tasmania, the son of Thomas (1749-1828) and Frances (Fanny) nee Thompson (1760-1852). John was aged 71 and unlike the majority of immigrants on the 'Trade Wind' he was unsponsored and paid his own fare.



John (Abree) married Mary, previously Clarke nee Hotson aka Hudson (1798-1857), a widow, on 4 March 1829 at Hockham, Norfolk. (See Mary Abra for further details.)

Mary had previously been married to Benjamin Clarke. Her daughter, Ann Cutting aka Quarry nee Clarke (1824-1911) was a passenger on the 'Trade Wind' (See Ann Quarry aka Cutting for further information). Another daughter, Jane Turner nee Hudson (1819-1902) also migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. (See Jane Turner for further information.)

Mary and John had two children, Frances (1830-?) and John, Jnr (1832-1901). Frances emigrated three years before her parents (1830-1856?). She married Simon Henry Hazelwood on 26 February 1849 at Hockham, Norfolk. Simon and Frances Hazelwood and their two children arrived under the Indenture System, on 31 March 1855 into Launceston, per 'Whirlwind'. They were sponsored by Henry Dowling. John, Jnr (1832-1901) emigrated on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents (see John Abra, Jnr). He was sponsored by William Archer of 'Brickendon', Longford.

The 1841 England Census for Hockham, Wayland, Norfolk, England records:

Anne Hutson, 80, (1761) born Norfolk [probably mother-in-law]; Thomas Abry, 45 (1796), born Norfolk, blacksmith; Mary Abry, 40 (1801), born Norfolk; Francis Abry, 75 (1766); Frances Abry, 13 (1828) born Norfolk [daughter]; and Anne Clerk (sic), 15 (1826), born Norfolk. [step-daughter].

A Thomas Abra was indicted and convicted at Norfolk QS on 12 January 1836 for sheep stealing and was transported for the period of his natural life. Thomas was pardoned on 9 June 1849. He was aged 53, born about 1796 in Norfolk. Thomas was possibly John's brother.

Three years after his arrival, John died, aged 74, on 12 August 1864, in Longford.

Mary did not survive the journey. She died at sea, aged 59, on 12 November 1857. (See Mary Abra for further details.)

Contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com for additional information.

Mary ABRA nee HUDSON aka HOTSON, HODSON (1798-1857)

Mary was believed to be the daughter of John Hudson, aka Hotson (1760-1825) and Ann nee Brunton (1760-1845). She was born on 22 February 1798 at Hockham in Norfolk.

Mary delivered a daughter, Jane Hudson (1819-1902) in May 1819 in Hockham. The father was not named on the birth registration. Jane accompanied her mother on the 'Trade Wind' along with her husband, Jacob Turner (1815-1890) and children. [See Turner family for more information.]

Mary married Benjamin Clarke (1794-1825) on 5 November 1823 in Hockham, Norfolk. Benjamin died on 7 March 1825 at Hockham, at the age of 30 years. They had one daughter, Ann Clarke (1824-1911) who married Thomas Quarry aka Cutting (1823-1909) on 31 August 1846 at the Parish Church in Hockham. The Quarry family were passengers on the 'Trade Wind'. [See Quarry family for further information.]

Mary married John Abra (1792-1864) on 4 March 1829 at Hockham, Norfolk. Marriage registration records name as Abree. A daughter, Frances (1830-1856?), was born in Hockham. She married Simon Henry Hazelwood on 26 February 1849 at Hockham, Norfolk. She was the first-born child to John Abra. Frances and Simon and two children (George, 3; William, 1) arrived in Launceston on 31 March 1855 per 'Whirlwind' under the Indenture system. They were sponsored by Henry Dowling. Simon was occupied as a shepherd. Simon remarried in September 1888. It is likely Frances died after her last-born child, Esther (1856-1896) although a death registration or other information relating to her death was not found.

Mary died on the 'Trade Wind', at sea, on 12 November 1857. Mr Loch, the Immigration Agent, reported:

It was stated to me as requiring particular notice that in the case of Mrs Abra aged 60 years who died 12 Nov the Surgeon had not properly attended to her and had made use of the expression that she was an "old?" as showing want of proper consideration for her case she having died two days afterwards and that the Reverend Mr Drake was aware of the circumstances. On applying to Mr Drake I received the following reply:

"In my opinion Mrs Abra had due attention till the Doctor was unfitted for service by sea sickness after which I reported her case and others to him in his cabin and he used the expression imputed to him. On the following night we had rough weather. I kept up all night at four o'clock in the morning she died. Knowing her to be a respectable woman having sent her £12 to pay her passage that she might settle here with her three married daughters and son. I became very angry and called the Doctors attention to the case with much warmth and he explained to me that he had mistaken my representations and supposed that I had referred to an Irish woman who lived near and who he believed had required debility for the purpose of getting medical comforts and at the time I believed the statement and do so still."

Three daughters and one son were mentioned in Mr Loch's report. The three daughters were Ann, Jane and Frances as mentioned above and the son was John Jnr (1832-1901).

Known connections on the 'Trade Wind': John Abra, Snr, John Abra, Jnr, Jane Turner, Jacob Turner, Anne Quarry, Thomas Quarry. See separate file notes for each.

For further information about the Abra family contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

ABRAMES, Alfred aka ABRAMS, ABRAHAMS (1839-?)

A 'Trade Wind' immigrant Alfred was aged 18 years, single, could read and write, of the Church of England faith, a farm labourer from Essex. The Destination List for the 'Trade Wind' records Alfred's age as 28 years. Alfred was sponsored by Mr Askin Morrison (1800-1876) Merchant, of of Hobart Town and New Wharf. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, to Mr Morrison during the evening of 26 March 1858. Morrison sponsored several immigrants on the 'Trade Wind' from the Lamarsh district in Essex.

Alfred was possibly the son of Samuel Abraham(s) and Harriett nee Carter. Samuel Abrams married on 30 Aug 1822 at Bures Saint Mary, Suffolk, England to Harriet Carter.

Alfred was baptised on 24 March 1839 at Lamarsh, his parents were Samuel and Harriet. In the England Census' the Samuel Abraham(s) family were living at Lamarsh, Essex:

Name	1841	1851	1861	1871	Place of Birth
Samuel	40, ag lab	50, ag lab,	60, ag lab	70, ag lab	Colne, 1801
Harriett	33	45, born	58	69, laundress	Bures, 1802
Henry	15				1826
Charles	15				1826
Edward	10				1831
Thomas	10				1831
Eliza	5	17			Lamarsh, 1836
Sarah		14			1837
Alfred	2	12			Lamarsh, 1839
Abraham	2 months				1841
Ann			8		1853

The Abrams family lived next door to John Pilgrim's family at Lamarsh. John was another 'Trade Wind' migrant and sponsored by Askin Morrison.

It is not known what happened to Alfred. No further records could be found for him after his arrival in Tasmania.

If a reader has any information about Alfred it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George ADAMS (1837-1908?)

George was a 'Trade Wind' immigrant. Described on ship's records as aged 20 years (born about 1837), single, Church of England faith, could read and write, born Buckinghamshire and a labourer. George was sponsored by James Amos (1804-1864), farmer, of 'Gala Mill', Swan Port. George was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the evening of 30 March 1858 to Mr Amos, of Swan Port.

George was believed to be the son of William Gates Adams (1799-1869) and Elizabeth nee Quartermaine (1798-1874). He was born on 16 March 1837 at Great Brickhill, Buckinghamshire. In the 1841 and 1851 England Census the Adams family were living at Church End, Brickhill.

It is doubtful George remained in Tasmania and likely he went to Victoria. A researcher on *ancestry.com* has his death in Hobart but it is possible this is the George Adams, the Tattersall's King as he was born about 1837 – not a passenger on the 'Trade Wind' – he travelled with his family to Australia.

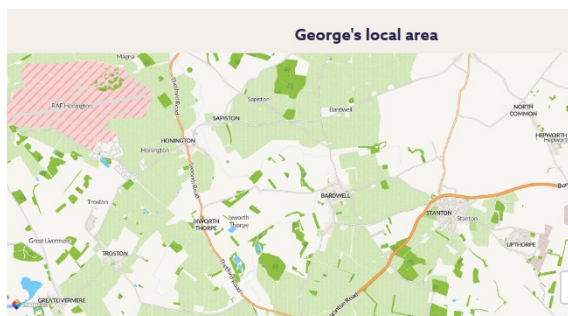
A George Adams born 8 May 1837, Newport Pagnell, Milton Keynes Borough, Buckinghamshire died 16 June 1908 in Melbourne, aged 71. He was buried in the CE Section at the Springvale Botanical Cemetery.

If a reader has more information about the 'Trade Wind' George Adams it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George ADDISON (1840-1902?)

George Addison was a 'Trade Wind' migrant who arrived in Tasmania in 1858. Ship's details record he was aged 17 years, single, Wesleyan, could read, a groom and labourer from Suffolk. George was sponsored by Henry Cook (1821-1890), Clothier of Hobart Town and land owner of Oatlands. George was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 25 March 1858 to Mr Cook of Elizabeth Street.

George was born about 1840 in Bardwell, Suffolk, England and baptised on 5 April 1840. His parents are probably David Addison (1813-1863) and Ann nee Bradstreet (1817-?)



George was in Tasmania in 1861 as *The Mercury* of 18 June 1861 (p2) reported George Addison, a groom, formerly in Mr Moore's employ a witness in an inquest to the death of a man supposed to be John Burridge who was burnt to death. No other information could be found for the 'Trade Wind' George Addison and it is likely he left

Tasmania sometime after 1861.

There was another George Addison living in Tasmania; he was born in Scotland rather than Suffolk, England so unlikely to be the same as the George who migrated on the 'Trade Wind'.

An Obituary in the *Leader* (Orange) on Friday 17 October 1902 (p2) reports on the death of Mr George Addison at the age of 66 years [born about 1836]. He was a native of Suffolk, lived in the Orange district for about 40 years and was interred in the Wesleyan cemetery. This George may be the 'Trade Wind' George Addison. He had three daughters and two sons.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' George Addison it would be appreciated if they email bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Benjamin ALLEN (1836-1919)

Benjamin migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was described as being aged 21 years, single, Church of England, could read, a collier from Staffordshire. Benjamin was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to New Town on his own account on 29 March 1858.

Benjamin William ALLEN was born about 1836 in Kingswinford, Staffordshire, England. His parents were George Allen (1795-1873) and Maria nee Whitaker (1810-1875). Benjamin was one of seven children. In the 1851 England Census the family were living in Brierley Hill, Kingswinford, a rich coal mining district. Benjamin's two older brothers, James and William were also coal miners.

Benjamin was sponsored by Mr John Leslie Stewart (1808-1871), brewer, of Hobart Town. Stewart was a Hobart Alderman but had to relinquish this position after he was declared insolvent in July 1861, four years after Benjamin arrived in Tasmania. By this time Benjamin had already left Tasmania and was a coal miner at the Lower Indigo Mine, Mount Pleasant in New South Wales. While there, he was commended for rescuing a fellow miner.

Benjamin then joined the gold rush in about 1866 to a tiny settlement, known as Emu Creek in New South Wales. The settlement was renamed Grenfell to honour the late John Grenfell, Gold Commissioner at Forbes, who had been shot and killed by bushrangers. Grenfell is situated about 211 km north of Canberra and 364 km west of Sydney.

Benjamin married Harriett Wilmott on 4 February 1872 in Grenfell. Harriett was born about 1847 in Keynsham, Somerset in England and her parents Thomas (1822-1882) and Mary Ann nee Jenkins (1827-) were living in Grenfell. Benjamin and Harriett had seven children in Grenfell between 1872 and 1881. After returning to Hobart by 1886 two more children were born. The second youngest son, Ernest Henry (1886-1917) was Killed in Action in France at the age of 31.

Benjamin was a prominent citizen in Grenfell. He was a shareholder in the Engel's Gold Mining Company in 1873, subscribed to the Grenfell Public Hospital in 1876, was one of 128 persons to petition the Colonial Secretary in Sydney for the name of Emu Creek to be renamed Grenfell. Benjamin also purchased 1 acre, 3 roods, 4 perches in the township of Grenfell.

The oldest son, George Thomas Allen of 212 Bathurst Street, Hobart wrote to the Mayor of Grenfell in April 1924 in reference to a 'Back to Grenfell' reunion. He recalled having fond memories of living in Grenfell. He said his grandfather was Thomas Daniel Wilmot, who lived at the One Mile. The Allen family lived in Main Street, between Still's Hotel and McGee's Hotel, opposite the old Oddfellow's Hall. As there was no railway at the time everything was carried by horse or bullock team. His father, Benjamin, had a dray and went to Harden with loads. He made reference to his cousins, the Wartons [? Wilmott] and Lawsons who lived in Hospital Hill, on the road to Cowra. The Lawson family were famous due to being the birthplace of Henry Lawson, one of Australia's most prolific authors who excelled at both short story and verse. Henry Lawson's parents were part of the Grenfell gold rush in 1866 and Henry was born there on 17 June 1867.

After returning to Tasmania Benjamin continued working as a miner in Jerusalem. In 1890 he became a shareholder in the Jerusalem Coal Mining Company. He was seriously injured at the mine the same year by a piece of iron falling on him, a distance of 20 feet, while working in the shaft, injuring his nose and chest (*The Mercury*, 19 August 1890, p2). In later life he was a labourer residing in 22 William Street, West Hobart. Only one daughter (Adelaide Maude Cope 1883-1969) and a son (George Thomas 1872-1946) remained living in Tasmania. Other living children resided in Victoria.

Benjamin died at his son's residence, 247 Argyle Street, Hobart on 30 October 1919, aged 85. Harriet, his wife, died on 9 April 1908 at her residence in William Street, almost eleven years earlier.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Maria ATKINS (1838-1885?)

Maria was aged 19 years, single, a housemaid from Norfolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. Maria's heritage is uncertain; she may have been the daughter of John Lane Atkins (1792-1834) and Fanny nee Wilson (1792-?).

Maria was sponsored by Samuel Horton (1795-1867), land owner, of Ross. Captain Samuel Horton, of 'Somercoates' sponsored a number of migrants from the 'Trade Wind'.

A Maria Atkins married Richard Slater (1835-1915) in Victoria in 1864. They lived at Brunswick. On the death registration for Maria Slater in Victoria, she was aged 50, died in 1885 at Brunswick. Her parents were John Atkins and Fanny Wilson.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' Maria Atkins it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

AYERS Family aka AYRES



The Ayers family were natives of Breckles, a small village, in Norfolk, England. Breckles is situated five miles south-east of the town of Watton, 19 miles south-west of the major city of Norwich, and 81 miles north-east of London.

George Ayers (1796-1873) and Jane nee Barham (aka Bottom, Bodham, Borham -1796-1854) had at least seven children, three of whom migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858: George (1830-1868); James (1833-1915); and Samuel (1835-1911). With the introduction of machinery many of the agricultural labourers moved out of the village in search of employment.

All three were sponsored by William Gibson (1820-1892), Miller, OF Hobart Town and landowner, of Perth.

An Isaac Ayres was also an emigrant on the 'Trade Wind'. Although George, James and Samuel had a brother Isaac, the Isaac on the 'Trade Wind' was not believed to be a brother. See Isaac Ayres for further information. He was the son of John Ayres (1790-1861) and Mary nee Chapman (1794-1836). Isaac was sponsored by John Lucas, Snr (-1902). of Hobart Town. John Lucas was one of the earliest natives of Kingston, being a son of Nathaniel Lucas, one of the pioneers of the district. He for years carried on dairy farming on a large scale, being very successful in that line.

George AYERS aka AYRES (1830-1868)

'Trade Wind' records George as being aged 25 years, single, Church of England, a farm labourer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania, arriving in 1858. He was sponsored by William Gibson (1820-1892), landowner of Perth. Two of his siblings, James and Samuel, also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' and were sponsored by Gibson.

An Isaac Ayres (1835-1913) was an emigrant on the 'Trade Wind'. Although George had a brother Isaac, the Isaac on the 'Trade Wind' was not believed to be a brother. See Isaac Ayres for further information.

George was born on 15 February 1830 in Norfolk, England and baptised on 14 March 1830 at Rockland All Saints, Norfolk. He was the son of George (1796-1873) and Jane nee Barham (1796-1854). There was another George Ayers (1830-1893), approximately the same age, who arrived in Tasmania but not the same as the 'Trade Wind' George. The other George married Kazia Bye before leaving England and did not travel on the 'Trade Wind'.

In the 1851 England census for Rockland All Saints, Norfolk, George was a lodger, aged 20 years, an agricultural labourer residing in the home of John Cann.

George and his two brothers were sponsored by William Gibson (1820-1892), landowner, of Perth.

George died on 18 November 1868 in the Deloraine district, aged 38 years. The death registration records the cause of death as being 'crushed by the falling of tree'. The death was reported by Charles Clarke, farmer at Quamby Brook, near Deloraine; it is likely George was working at Quamby Brook. There is no record of George marrying.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Isaac AYRES aka AYERS (1835-1913)

'Trade Wind' immigrant' aged 22 years, single, Church of England, literate, a carpenter from Norfolk. Isaac was sponsored by John Lucas Snr (1797-1883), of Brown's River. Isaac was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to Mrs Lucas from Brown's River (Kingston).



Isaac was the son of John Ayres (1790) and Mary nee Chapman (1794-1836). Isaac was born at Breckles, Norfolk and baptised on 4 January 1835. Breckles is close to Rockland All Saints and it is likely Isaac was related to George, James and Samuel who also migrated on the 'Trade Wind' and came from Rockland All Saints.

Isaac married Margaret Ranger (1838-1930) on 21 May 1863 at the Chalmers' Free Church, Hobart. Margaret was the daughter of Samuel (1801-1875) and Margaret nee O'Shea (1809-1888). Margaret O'Shea was a convict from Kerry, Ireland departing

Dublin on 27 November 1840 per 'Mary Anne'. Samuel may have been a convict, a ploughman, departing Portsmouth on 7 May 1832 per 'Lord William Bentinck'. He was sentenced to transportation for Life for stealing. Convict records show he was married prior to transportation. Samuel Ranger and Margaret O'Shea received permission to marry on 28 February 1844. The marriage registration for Isaac and Margaret records Samuel Ranger and Ellen Ranger as witnesses.

Number	When solemnized, and where	Name and Surname	Age	Rank	Signature and Domicile of Parties	Names of Clergymen, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar	When registered	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister
383	May 21 st St. John's Church, Free Church.	Isaac Ayers Margaret Ranger	35 18	Quaker Episcopite	Isaac Ayers Margaret Ranger George Ellen	Isaac Ayers Margaret Ranger	May 21	W. O. O'Shea Officiating Minister

Married in the *St. John's Church* according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the *Free Presbyterian Church* by 2300-2000 by

This Marriage was solemnized by
Isaac Ayers
Margaret Ranger

In the Presence of
Isaac Ayers
Margaret Ranger
Ellen Ranger

W. O. O'Shea
Minister

In 1866 Isaac was a resident of Kingston, and in the 1890-91 Post Office Directory a farmer from Kingston.

Isaac and Margaret had approximately 12-13 children, three died in infancy and the surviving children remained in Tasmania.

The Mercury on Thursday 19 May 1864, p2 reported Isaac Ayers pleaded guilty to cruelly ill-treating a horse at Kingston on the 9th instance. According to the newspaper report, Isaac brought wood into Hobart from Brown's River on a horse and cart. The horse appeared to be crippled in one foot and in poor condition.

Death notice *The Mercury*, Saturday 28 June 1913, p1: On 27 June 1913 at his residence Blackmans Bay, Isaac, husband of Margaret. In his 68th year. Funeral Sunday, St Clements, Kingston.

Isaac's Will No. 9174: Carpenter and farmer of Blackman's Bay. For Margaret Ayres, wife.

Contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com for further information.

James AYERS aka AYRES (1833-1915)

James migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind', aged 23 years, single, Church of England, a farm labourer from Norfolk. He was accompanied by his two brothers: George (1834-1868) and Samuel (1835-1911).

James was the son of George (1796-1873) and Jane nee Barham (1796-1854). He was born on 14 September 1833 and baptised on 22 September 1833 at Rockland All Saints, Norfolk.

No. 14	James Ayers	George Ayers	Samuel Ayers	Rockland	Labourer	Marion
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James and his two brothers were sponsored by William Gibson (1820-1892), landowner, of Perth.

An Isaac Ayres was also an emigrant on the 'Trade Wind'. Although James had a brother Isaac, the Isaac on the 'Trade Wind' was not believed to be the same. See Isaac Ayres for further information.

James married Sarah Harriett Harley (1839-1916) on 14 June 1865 at Longford, Tasmania. Sarah, aged 20 years, arrived Melbourne from Liverpool per 'Green Jacket' and thence to Launceston per 'Black Swan' arriving 30 February 1861. Sarah was a general servant from Lincolnshire and was sponsored by Hannah Lee. James and Sarah had at least seven children, all born in Tasmania. Twins born in 1879 died in infancy and another daughter died at eight months.

James' youngest son, James Charles (1882-1963) married Amy Frances Bean (1876-1910), the daughter of other 'Trade Wind' migrants, Henry BEAN (1834-1903) and Maria nee Dennis (1842-1917).

James died on 23 March 1915, aged 81, at the residence of his son, James Charles, 138 Balfour Street, Launceston. Sarah died on 15 September 1916 at 155 Patterson Street, Launceston, aged 76 years. They were both buried at Carr Villa.

Samuel AYERS aka AYRES (1835-1911)

Samuel migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with his two brothers: George (1830-1868) and James (1833-1915). Samuel was described as being aged 22 years, single, Church of England, a farm labourer from Norfolk. Samuel's age on Destination List is inaccurately recorded as aged 17 years.

1836	Samuel	George	Ayers	Rockland	Adorn	R. 1858
Nov 14	Nov 14	Nov 14	Nov 14	Nov 14	Nov 14	Nov 14
Nov 30	Nov 30	Nov 30	Nov 30	Nov 30	Nov 30	Nov 30

Samuel was the son of George (1796-1873) and Jane nee Barham (1796-1854). He was born on 14 November 1835 and baptised on 17 January 1836 at Rockland All Saints, Norfolk.

In the 1851 England Census for Union Lane, Rockland All Saints, Samuel was an errand boy, aged 15 years, residing with his parents, George and Jane.

Samuel and his two brothers were sponsored by William Gibson (1820-1892), landowner, of Perth.

An Isaac Ayres was also a migrant on the 'Trade Wind'. Although Samuel had a brother Isaac (1828), the Isaac (1835-1913) on the 'Trade Wind' was not believed to be the same although possibly related. See Isaac Ayres for further information.

Samuel married Elizabeth May Cox (1849-1918) on 4 April 1865 at Christ Church, Longford, Tasmania. They had eight children. Their eldest daughter died, aged 29 years, with pneumonia and four other children were believed to have died in infancy. The surviving children remained residing in Tasmania.

Samuel died on 19 May 1911 at Beaconsfield, Tasmania, aged 75 years. His wife, Elizabeth, died at Invermay on 21 September 1918, aged 71 years.

Alfred BAKER (1839-1929)

Alfred was aged 18 years [1839], single, Wesleyan, could not read nor write, a farm labourer from Norfolk when he migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the night coach to Launceston on 23 March 1858.

Alfred was sponsored by William Archer of Launceston.



Alfred was the son of John (1814-) and Mary Anne (1815-) of Snetterton in Norfolk, England. Snetterton is known by several names including Snetretuna, Snistertuna and Snisterton. The village is listed in the Domesday Book under the name Scerpham. An Alfred Baker was baptised on 12 July 1840 at Waltham-Abbey, Essex, England. His parents were John and Mary Baker.

In the 1851 England Census for North Moore, Banham, Guiltcross, Norfolk:

John Baker, 37, ag lab, born Snetterton, Norfolk [1814]; Mary Anne Baker, 36, born Eccles, Norfolk [1815]; Alfred, son, 11, ag lab, born Snetterton [1840]; Emma, dau, 5, scholar, born Banham [1846]; Elizabeth, dau, 2, born Banham [1849]; Alfred married Sarah Ann Thompson (1850-1928) on 12 December 1867 at St Andrew's Church, Evandale, Tasmania.

Number.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
482.	12 th Decemr 1867.	Alfred Baker	24	Farmer.	Alfred Baker	Charles R. Arthur	12 th Decemr 1867.	Charles R. Arthur
483.	12 th Decemr 1867.	Sarah Ann Thompson	18	"	Sarah Ann Thompson	Charles R. Arthur	12 th Decemr 1867.	Charles R. Arthur

Married in the Parish Church of St Andrew, Evandale, Tasmania, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Anglican Church of England, by Licence by This Marriage was solemnized between us Alfred Baker and Sarah Ann Thompson in the Presence of us Charles R. Arthur Minister.

Alfred and Sarah had at least fourteen children. Two died in infancy, another lived to 101 years. All of the surviving children remained in Tasmania.

In the 1921-22 Post Office Directory Alfred Baker worked as a gardener at Exton.



Death notice *Examiner* Thursday 25 April 1929. Died at residence of J Baker, [eldest son, Alfred John (1868-1950), [aka Jack] Ulverstone. Late of Exton. Husband of late Sarah. Buried at Deloraine Church of England Cemetery on Friday 26 April 1929. Sarah died the previous year, on 22 December 1928, at Exton, aged 78 years.

Picture of Alfred copied from *ancestry.com* (Kae Campbell). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Benjamin BAKER (1837-?)

Benjamin was a migrant on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania arriving in 1858. He was aged 20 years, single, Church of England, no education, a collier from Staffordshire. Benjamin's age on the Destination List was 29 years. Benjamin was discharged on 29 March 1858 from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, on his own account to New Town. Benjamin was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), landowner, Hobart Town and New Town.



Benjamin was born in Kingswinford, Staffordshire in England. Kingswinford is situated in the West Midlands, situated five miles west-southwest of central Dudley. Records show that by 1291 coal was being mined in the area and in the 1600's there are entries to show the mining of ironstone and coal pits being sunk. Coal mining was greatly developed during the 1700's. It was dangerous work, with frequent accidents, so much so that the Parish awarded endowments of £10 to miner's widows. Benjamin's father, George, was probably one of those who died as a result of an accident.

In the 1841 England Census Benjamin's mother, Jane Baker (nee Edge), who was aged 45 years, was a widow. Benjamin was aged 6 years. Jane's family (Edge) lived one house away. In the 1851 Census Jane and Benjamin were living at Moor Lane, Brierley Hill, Staffordshire. Jane was aged 66 years and Benjamin was aged 12 years, unmarried son and a coal miner.

Benjamin did not remain in Tasmania. He was next found, by 1861, in Ballarat, Victoria. He may have been one of the many diggers who joined the gold rush. It was in Ballarat where Benjamin married another 'Trade Wind' immigrant, Malvina ERSERSON, at Christ Church on 11 March 1861.

Benjamin and Malvina were born to Benjamin and Malvina in Ballarat: Charles (1862) and Charles (1863). Mary Jane was named after their mothers. Mary Jane died in infancy in 1863, aged one year. Charles, was born the same year (1863) as his sister's death.

Malvina, went to New Zealand with William Growcott (1816-1905), another gold miner from Ballarat, sometime between 1863 and 1865, settling on the West Coast of the South Island. Charles grew up with the name Growcott and not by his birth name of Baker. It is possible he was William Growcott's son.

Benjamin was still in Victoria in 1875 as he was recorded in the *Victoria Police Gazette* of 21 June 1875 for being released from prison from Sandhurst. He was tried at Sandhurst on 15 June 1875 for two counts of larceny and received a sentence of six months. He was a native of Staffordshire, miner, born 1834. He was described as: height 5' 4", fresh complexion, brown hair, grey eyes, sharp nose, large mouth, medium chin. Remarks: 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania 1857. Indent scar on forehead, top of head bald, scar under right eye, dialect of native place, bushy eyebrows. One previous conviction.

PRISONERS REPORTED AS DISCHARGED, ETC.—continued.																	
Qsot.	Name.	Where tried.	When.	Offence.	Sentence.	Native of	Trade.	Born.	Height.	Complexion.	Hair.	Eyes.	Nose.	Mouth.	Chin.	Remarks and previous References.	
Melbourne— continued	Dowley, James, alias Owley, 5542	Melbourne ..	6th Sept. 1875	larceny	3 months ..	Ireland ..	seaman ..	1850	ft. in. 5 4	fresh	brown ..	blue	..	..	..	Two previous convictions.
"	Williams, James, 1608	Melbourne ..	2nd Sept. 1875	larceny	3 months ..	England ..	servant ..	1853	5 4	fresh	brown ..	hazel	..	..	..	Repeatedly convicted.
"	Kelly, James ..	Melbourne ..	3th Oct. 1875	uttering base coin ..	5 months ..	Ireland ..	laborer ..	1848	5 9	fresh	brown ..	hazel	..	..	..	Nil.
"	Martin, Thomas ..	Edith ..	19th Nov. 1875	uttering base coin ..	14 days ..	Victoria ..	laborer ..	1859	5 1	fresh	brown ..	grey	..	..	..	Nil.
"	Franka, Fred. ..	Melbourne ..	6th Nov. 1875	larceny	1 month ..	England ..	cook ..	1841	5 4 1/2	yellow	dark-brown	dark-brown	..	..	..	Nil.
Sandhurst	Baker, Benjamin, 13495	Sandhurst ..	15th June 1875	larceny and larceny	3 months and 3 months cumulative	Staffordshire	miner ..	1834	5 4	fresh	brown ..	grey	sharp	..	large ..	medium	Trade Wind to Tasmania, 1857. Indented scar on forehead, top of head bald, scar under right eye, discolored native place, bushy eyebrows. One previous conviction, Police Gazette list, 21st June 1875.
"	Dinan, William J., alias Dinmon, alias Dinmon, alias Dinmon	Edith ..	24th Sept. 1875	felonious intent ..	2 months ..	Limerick ..	laborer ..	1829	5 7	sandy	brown and sandy	grey	large and damaged	..	large ..	medium	Alford, 1854. Fresh mark left shoulder, lump on nose, wart left thumb and nail of little finger.

Additional information was provided in *The Argus* on Tuesday 5 January 1875 (p5).

Sandhurst. At the City Police Court today, a man named Benjamin Baker was charged with the larceny of a blacksmith's bellows and a chain ladder belonging to the South Extended Hustler's Company. After the evidence had been taken, prisoner pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

It is not known what happened to Benjamin after this time. If a reader has any information about Benjamin it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Benjamin BALDWIN (1827-?)

Benjamin migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was described as aged 30 years (born about 1827), single. Church of England, no education, and a collier from Staffordshire. Benjamin was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), landowner, of Hobart Town and New Town. His age was shown as 24 years (born about 1834) on the Destination List. Benjamin was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to TG Gregson of Risdon on the evening of 27 March 1858.

In the 1841 and 1851 England Census for Brierley Hill, Kingswinford, Staffordshire a Benjamin Baldwin was the son of Edward, aged 45 years (1806) and Maria, 35 years (1806). In 1841 he was recorded as being aged two years, born 1839 and in 1851, aged 7 years, born about 1844.

No further records could be found for Benjamin on the public records available on-line. It is possible Benjamin returned to England. There was a Benjamin Baldwin, born 1827, aged 33 years, who married on 29 July 1860 to Ann Boudler, born 1834, aged 26 years. Benjamin's father was William Baldwin (dec). They married at St John, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Benjamin was a widower and a miner.

Benjamin also may have been a miner at Bendigo around 1873. An article in the *Bendigo Advertiser* on Friday 19 September 1873 (p2) reported:

His Honor Judge Molesworth today delivered judgment in the Sea Queen Quartz Mining Company v. Sea Quartz Mining Company on a rule nisi to require the judge of the Sandhurst Court of Mines to reserve, or state, a special case. His Honor, after reviewing the case at some length, made an order that His Honor Judge Dunne should state a special case as to the propriety of the Warden's decision in regard to the non-production of a miner's right by Benjamin Baldwin, one of the complainants.

In later reports about the case the name was shown in the press as 'Balaam' and not 'Baldwin'.

A Benjamin Baldwin, born 1827, aged 55 years, died at Wolverhampton, Staffordshire in 1882.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' Benjamin Baldwin, it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Hannah BANYARD (1839-1885)

Hannah was aged 18 years, single, could read and write and a general servant when she migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.



Hannah was born in 1839 in Hopton, Suffolk, England. Hopton is a village and civil parish in the West Suffolk district of Suffolk in eastern England. It is located just south of the Norfolk border. Hannah's parents were George (1800-1840) and Elizabeth nee Smith (1804-c1874).



Hannah's father died when she was an infant. In the 1841 England census for Hopton her mother was described as being a pauper. Apart from Hannah there were two sisters: Emmerley and Mary. In the 1851 census Hannah was living in the home of her Uncle, Robert Smith, who was a blacksmith. She was a scholar. Neither of her sisters were living in the same home.

Hannah was sponsored by George Washington Walker (1800-1859) of Hobart Town. Walker met her on the evening of 9 April 1858 when she was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay. Hannah's ship details record she was of the Church of England faith, however, Walker was a very well-known member of the Society of Friends (Quakers). Hannah's birth village in Suffolk also had a Quaker following. Walker had ten children so it is not surprising he needed a general servant, like Hannah, to help the family. The family lived at Narryna in Hampden Road, Battery Point and this is where Hannah may have worked.

A little over two years after her arrival in Tasmania, Hannah married Jacob SHEARING (1837-1909) on 16 April 1860 in St John's Church, Ouse Bridge, Hamilton. Shearing was also a passenger on the 'Trade Wind' and further details about him can be found under his name.

Two children were born in Tasmania and another five after moving to Crookston, Otago, New Zealand in around 1864-65 where Jacob purchased a property. Hannah died at Crookston at the age of 45 years on 16 January 1885, leaving a husband and seven children, the youngest being only aged four years of age.¹ Jacob died at the Highbury Hospital in Hobart, aged 71 years, on 12 April 1909.

Picture of Hannah copied from *ancestry.com* (Rochelle coates).

William BARHAM (1839-1902)

¹ The picture of Hannah Shearing was found on *ancestry.com*.

William John Barham was born on 3 February 1839 in Wymondham, Norfolk in England. His parents were John (1817-1891) and Susannah nee Smith (1820-1911). John was an agricultural labourer. In the 1841 England Census the Barham family were neighbours of the Quarry family who also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind'. In the 1851 England Census for Wymondham the Barham family were living at Silfield Street, Wymondham. John was aged 34 years, an agricultural labourer; his wife Susan, aged 31 years, was a grocer and William, a scholar, was aged 12 years. Other siblings of William were Henry (10), Harriet (6), Emma (4), Ellen (2) and Robert (1). They were all born at Wymondham.



Wymondham is a market town and civil parish in the South Norfolk district of Norfolk, about 146 km north-north-west of London². It was once known for the woollen industry, however, in the mid-19th century due to the collapse of this industry led to poverty. In 1836 there were still 600 hand looms but by 1845 only 60. In the 1850's the population was a little over 5,000. The decline in the wool industry was probably the reason

William decided to seek better prospects in Tasmania.

William was aged 20 years when departing on the 'Trade Wind' in 1857. He was sponsored by Mr Edward Nicholas (1839-1899), landowner, of Bothwell and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to him on the evening carrier on 25 March 1858.

William remained in the Bothwell district all his life. He remained working for Mr Nicholas for most of this time at both the 'Abyssinia' and 'Meadsfield' properties. In 1899 William acquired a small property at the Hunting Ground of 40 acres and 2 roods. This was part of the Horsey's Estate and ordered by the Curator to William for £127.

William married Eliza Williams (1841-1908) on 24 Oct 1861 at Bothwell. Eliza may have been the daughter of Thomas Williams (1806-1890) and Mary Ann Rogers (1814-1891) both of whom lived in the Broadmarsh district. Thomas and Mary Ann were married between January and March 1857 at Lutterworth, Leicestershire in England. William and Eliza had eleven children – all remained in Tasmania.

William died on Wednesday 11 March 1902 at Hobart after a short illness. He was aged 64 years, and buried at Broadmarsh (St Augustine Church). His wife, Eliza, died on 9 January 1908 at Upper Broadmarsh, at the age of 68 years.



William Barham



Eliza Barham nee Williams

² Map taken from getthedata.com/wymondham/where-is-wymondham

Pictures above copied from *ancestry.com* (chris_david2001). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Ann BEAN (1837-1910)

Ann was baptised on 5 August 1837 in Bardwell, Suffolk. She was aged 21 years, single, with no education when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Her occupation was a needlewoman prior to embarkation. Ann sailed on the 'Trade Wind' with her parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), Walter (1844-1896), John (1846-1906), George (1848-1928), Sabina (1849-1931), Charles (1853-1932) and Lewis (1855-1941).

William Stammers Button, Esq. (1795-1876), landowner, Launceston, sponsored the entire family.

Ann married James McKinnell (1832-1926) at Nile on 20 August 1860. At the time of the marriage Nile was known as Lymington North but because of the confusion between Lymington, situated four miles from Cygnet, the name was changed to Nile. Nile is located about 20 miles from Launceston. James was born in Wigtownshire in Scotland and arrived in Tasmania in July 1857 by the ship 'Forest Monarch'. For many years James was employed on the 'Fordou' estate in the services of both Mr Donald Cameron and Colonel Cameron.

James and Ann had at least six children. The first born was two years of age at her death. The surviving children remained in Tasmania.

Ann died on 22 November 1910 at Nile, aged 73 years. Her husband lived for another sixteen years, although bedridden for the last eight years. He passed away on 18 April 1926 at Nile, aged 94 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Charles BEAN (1850-1932)

Charles was aged seven years when he migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), Walter (1844-1896), John (1846-1906), George (1848-1928), Sabina (1849-1931) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston.

Charles was baptised on 21 January 1853 at Bardwell, Suffolk.

Charles married Cecelia Chamley (1849-1923) at Longford on 10 June 1885. Cecelia was born in February 1849 in Longford to ex-convict George Chamley and Sarah nee Howe. Cecelia spent all of her life at Longford.

Charles and Cecelia lived at George Street in Longford. Charles was a labourer. They did not have any children. On Charles death, on 10 February 1932, at Longford, he left his estate to Ivy Jean Ayers [possibly the wife of William Bye], Lewis Bean (brother), Nellie Bean (niece), Lillias Bean (niece), Nellie Boon (niece) and Arthur Blazeley. Cecelia passed away at Longford, aged 75 years, on 29 August 1923.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George BEAN (1846-1928)

George was born between October and December 1848 in Bardwell, Suffolk. George migrated on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), Walter (1844-1896), John (1846-1906), Sabina (1849-1931), Charles (1853-1932) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. George was aged 11 years when arriving in Tasmania and was uneducated.

George married Maria Knowles (1852-1917) on 12 September 1871 in the house of Robert Bean, 'Cleggon', Evandale. Maria was born on 21 May 1852 at Campbell Town to John Brown Knowles (1820-1890) and Matilda nee Porter (1835-1919).

No.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
1076	12th Sept 1871	George Bean	23 yr	Farmer	George Bean	Alfred B. Mason	12th Sept 1871	Alfred B. Mason
1076	12th Sept 1871	Maria Knowles	19 yr	—	Maria Knowles	Alfred B. Mason	12th Sept 1871	Alfred B. Mason

Married in the dwelling house of Mr. Robert Bean, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Anglican Church, by Licence by the Registrar, in the presence of William Bean, Minister.

I CERTIFY the above to be a true Copy of all the entries of Marriage made in the Register Book kept by me since the last Certificate.

Alfred B. Mason
Minister.

Maria's father was an ex-convict. John Knowles, aged 17 years, was convicted on 5 January 1832 in Leicester. He was transported for seven years per 'Hercules' (4), arriving in Sydney Cove on 16 October 1832. Prior to embarking he was a brickmaker's boy and was convicted of stealing caps. He was transported for seven years and received his certificate of freedom on 15 October 1844.

Maria and George Bean had six children. Two sons served in World War 1:

1. Leslie Charles (1885-1949) served in Egypt and France. While in France Leslie was wounded in action by being gassed. In Egypt he suffered a gun shot wound to the left shoulder.
2. Arnold Walter (1889-1927) served in Egypt and Gallipoli. Medical records reported he was 'short winded, heavy cigarette smoker'. He was aged 38 years when he passed away at the Campbell Town hospital.

George was an overseer at 'Williamwood', Ross for many years. George died on 19 April 1928 at his son's residence (Leslie Charles 1885-1949), Ross. His wife, Maria predeceased him by eleven years. Maria died on 6 November 1917 in Launceston at

the age of 66 years. Both George and Maria were buried in the Church of England Cemetery at Ross.

Henry Bean (1834-1903)



Henry was baptised on 25 October 1834 in Bardwell, Suffolk. He migrated to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: George (1848-1928), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), Walter (1844-1896), John (1846-1906), Sabina (1849-1931), Charles (1853-1932) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. Henry was aged 23 years and he stated his occupation was a groom, footman and farm labourer.

Two years after arriving in Tasmania Henry married another 'Trade Wind' migrant, Maria DENNIS (1842-1917) at Morven (Longford) on 20 September 1861. Maria sailed with her parents, James Dennis (1811-1888) and Frances nee Spinks (1808-1868) and five siblings. (See the Dennis family notes for further information.)

Henry and Maria had nine children. The eldest son, James (1862-1903), suicided at Gormanston at the age of 40 years on 2 January 1903. Tributes in the Launceston *Examiner* said that he was a very popular person, an accomplished oarsman and under the light blue flag of the South Esk Rowing Club, the well-known pair, Bean and Robinson, when seated in the 'Surprise', were never beaten. The inquest into his death found James died due to 'suicide whilst temporarily insane.' Another son, Charles Robert (1873-1901) died of sunstroke at Linda Valley at the age of 28 years. A daughter, Amy Frances (1876-1910), married James Charles Ayers, the son of a 'Trade Wind' migrant, James Ayers (1833-1915).

Henry died on 5 December 1903 at Longford at the age of 69 years, less than a year after his eldest son's death. He was a member of Court Robin Hood, AOF, Longford, and members were requested to attend the funeral of their Brother at the Wesleyan Cemetery, Longford. Maria died on 27 July 1917 at Longford, aged 74 years.

Picture of Henry Bean copied from *ancestry.com* (C17tigers). Contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com for further information.

James BEAN (1840-1882)

James was baptised at Bardwell on 8 May 1842. He migrated on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1851 with his parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), George (1848-1928), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), Walter (1844-1896), John (1846-1906), Sabina (1849-1931), Charles (1853-1932) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876) of Launceston. 'Trade Wind' records James as being aged 17 years, single, Church of England, no education and a shepherd.

James married Mary Ann (Marianne) Pocock (1848-1940) on 22 October 1867 at 'Cleggin', Evandale. Mary was born on 3 October 1848 in Mortlake, Surrey in England and was the daughter of William (1809-1883) and Catherine nee Carey (1813-1879). The Pocock family migrated to Tasmania from Liverpool on the ship 'Panama' in April 1853. William relocated to Canterbury, New Zealand after his wife's death in 1879 in Tasmania.

James and Mary had six children before James was admitted to the insane hospital in New Norfolk on 8 January 1879. He died at the New Norfolk Hospital for the Insane on 29 June 1882, aged 35 years. Cause of death was 'brain disease and cardiac syncope'. Admission Statement for James: male, 32 years, married, farm labourer, Church of England, previously residing in Evandale Municipality. This was the first attack at the age of 32 years, no previous treatment. Existing attack has been six weeks. Supposed Cause: Religion. Not suicidal and not dangerous to others. Next of Kin, wife, Mary Ann Bean residing at Mr Boyds, Strathmore, Evandale and Father, Robert Bean resides at Longford. ... he says the Lord has condemned him to Hell, for his wickedness. He is singing hymns all the night through ... he is the possessor of great wealth and proprietor of a stage coach ...

Prior to being admitted to the New Norfolk Hospital James was an inmate of the Launceston General Hospital where he was described as being a person of unsound mind. He suffered from attacks of intermittent melancholy during which he would not speak, nor take his food. He said "the Lord has condemned him to Hell, for his wickedness." He sang hymns all night and wandered about the ward naked.

Mary Ann moved to New Zealand where at least three of their children were living. She died at the age of 91 years in Christchurch, New Zealand. She did not remarry.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John BEAN (1846-1906)

John migrated to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), George (1848-1928), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), Walter (1844-1896), Sabina (1849-1931), Charles (1853-1932) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. John

was aged 13 years when he arrived in Tasmania. He did not have any education and was a shepherd. John was born at Bardwell between April and June 1846.

John married Mary Ann Saville (1851-1913) on 4 May 1876 in the home of James Dennis in Perth, Tasmania.

No.	When solemnized, and where.	Name and Surname	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
6	May 4 th 1876 Perth	John Bean Mary Ann Saville	29 26	Ironworker Carpenter's daughter	John Bean Bachelor Mary Ann Saville Spinster	William Clark	May 4 th 1876	William Clark

Married in the presence of James Dennis according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Baptists by me William Clark
This Marriage was solemnized between us John Bean Mary Ann Saville In the presence of us Elizabeth Dennis Elizabeth Dennis Minister

Two of the witnesses to the marriage had 'Trade Wind' connections. Elizabeth Dennis was most likely Mary Ann's mother who at the time was married to James Dennis a 'Trade Wind' migrant. Elizabeth was born Sharp and after transportation for seven years on the 'Emma Eugenia' married William Saville, secondly George Holloway and thirdly James Dennis. George Bean was John's brother who migrated with his parents and siblings on the 'Trade Wind'.

John and Mary had six children. All remained in Tasmania. John passed away at the Launceston General Hospital, aged 59 years on 31 May 1906. His wife also died at a relatively young age of 63 years. She died in Perth, Tasmania on 3 June 1913. Mary and John were buried at St Andrews Anglican Cemetery in Perth, Tasmania.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Lewis (Louis) BEAN (1853-1941)

Lewis (aka Louis) migrated to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), George (1848-1928), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), Walter (1844-1896), John (1847-1906), Charles (1853-1932), Sabina (1849-1931) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. Lewis was aged four years when arriving in Tasmania, born about 1854 in Bardwell.

Lewis was married twice. Firstly, to Alice Cooke (1860-1903) who was aged 34 at the time of marriage on 14 May 1896 at Longford. She died on 16 November 1903 at Longford, at the age of 41. He remarried on 26 March 1913 at Longford to Mary Eveline (Amy) Miller (1866-1949). She was born on 17 May 1866 at Longford and died on 29 June 1949, aged 83, at Longford. She was living at Cressy at the time of her death.

Louis lived at Godrick Street, Longford and was occupied as a labourer. He was a member of the Foresters' Lodge for over 50 years. No children were born from either marriage. He enjoyed gardening. Lewis died on 1 December 1941 at Longford, aged 86 years. He was buried at Christ Church, Longford.

Robert (1809-1900) and Martha (nee HOFF) BEAN (1813-1886)

Robert Bean Snr (1809-1900) and his wife, Martha (nee Huff – 1813-1886) migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. They were accompanied by their ten children: Henry (1834-1903); Anne (1837-1910); Robert (1839-1914); James (1840-1903); Walter (1842-1896); John (1844-1906); George (1846-1928); Sabrina (1849-1931); Charles (1850-1932) and Lewis (1853-1941). The family were discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston per night coach on 22 March 1858.

The children were born in Bardwell, Suffolk. The 1841 England Census shows Robert as being aged 30, an agricultural labourer, living in Bardwell Street, Bardwell. The 1851 England Census records the family living at Calico Row, Bardwell. Bardwell is a village and civil parish in the West Suffolk district of Suffolk, England. It is located about ten miles north-east of Bury St Edmunds between the villages of Ixworth, Stanton and Honington.



Robert was born on 8 April 1809 in Palgrave in Suffolk. He was a farm labourer, aged 44, married with no education at the time of migrating to Tasmania. He belonged to the Church of England faith. He married Martha Huff on 25 December 1833 in Bardwell, Suffolk. Robert was the son of Robert (1785-1859) and Lucy nee Cook (1784-1854). Martha was the daughter of Simon Huff (1775-1828) and Susan nee Calver (1780-1851). Both families resided in Bardwell.

It is probable Robert and Martha remained in the Longford district since their arrival until their deaths. Robert died at his son's residence (Henry 1834-1903) at Longford in January 1900 at the age of 90 years. Martha died 14 years earlier on 27 April 1886, aged 75 years. They were buried at Longford Church of England Christ Church, Longford.

Picture copied from *ancestry.com* (RitchieG1965). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Robert BEAN, Jnr (1839-1914)

Robert migrated, aged 19 years, to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents Robert Bean (1809-1900) and Martha (nee Huff – 1813-1886) and his nine siblings: Henry (1834-1903); Anne (1837-1910); James (1840-1903); Walter (1842-1896); John (1844-1906); George (1846-1928); Sabrina (1849-1931); Charles (1850-1932) and Lewis (1853-1941). Robert was single, no education and a labourer when embarking on the 'Trade Wind'. The family were discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston per night coach on 22 March 1858.

In the 1851 England census Robert was occupied as an errand boy.

Robert married another 'Trade Wind' migrant, Mercy (aka Mary) PINNER (1845-1919) on 24 December 1862 in Launceston. [See Mercy Pinner for further information about her.] Robert and Mercy had thirteen children.

Robert was a successful miller at Fingal for over 20 years. Robert and his sons worked long hours in conducting the mills and attending to orders – which were principally for grist work. The roller mill was for its size, one of the most compact in the colony.

Robert passed away at the age of 76 years leaving a wife, nine sons, and three daughters, all of whom were adults. Robert had been in poor health for a couple of years prior to his death.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Sabina BEAN (1849-1931)

Sabina migrated on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858 with her parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), George (1848-1928), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), Walter (1844-1896), John (1847-1906), Charles (1853-1932) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. Sabina was born between January and March 1849 in Bardwell. She was aged nine years when migrating.

Sabina married Samuel Jacobs (1849-1933) on 9 April 1884 in Launceston. Samuel was born in the Longford district of Tasmania. His father was ex-convict Charles Jacobs (1803-1896) and Mary Ann nee Thyer (1819-1893). Charles was convicted of Felony at the Middlesex Gaol Delivery on 13 September 1820 for Life. His offence was stealing from a boy some watch cases in Goswell Street; once in custody for breaking a window. He was transported from Portsmouth on 29 March 1824 per 'Phoenix' (2). He stated he had a brother in White Lyon Street Goodmans Fields. He was a Jew and last lived with his Mother. Mary Ann arrived Tasmania on 20 March 1835 per 'Charles Kerr'. They married on 23 May 1836 at Lake River. Charles died at the age of 90 years on 19 April 1896 at Lymington. He was a widower and the cause of death was senility. Mary Ann died in 1893 in Lymington, aged 74 years. The verdict at her Inquest was "Suffocation, caused by an overdose of Eucalyptus Oil."

Samuel and Sabina were living at Pretty Plains, Nile where Samuel was a farmer. They remained at Pretty Plains until retirement when they moved to Longford.

Samuel was a member of Court Robin Hood and members were requested to attend the funeral of his late wife as well as his own. Samuel died on 2 February 1933 at Evandale and Sabina on 14 October 1931 at the Toosey Memorial Hospital at Perth near Longford. She was aged 82 years. Both were buried at Christ Church, Longford.

Sabina and Samuel were parents to one son and two daughters. The daughters moved to Victoria. On both of their death registrations the mother's maiden name was recorded as Huff rather than Bean. Mary (Martha) Huff was their grandmother. The son, Louis Harold, died when he was four years of age.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Walter BEAN (1842-1896)

Walter was baptised on 10 June 1844 at Bardwell, Suffolk, England. He migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents, Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886) and siblings: Henry (1834-1903), George (1848-1928), Ann (1837-1910), Robert Jnr (1839-1914), James (1842-1882), John (1846-1906), Sabina (1849-1931), Charles (1853-1932) and Lewis (1855-1941). The Bean family were sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. Walter was aged 15 years, single, no education and a shepherd when arriving in Tasmania.

Walter married Mary Gutteridge (1858-1945) at the Church School Room, Nile, on 10 September 1890. Walter, aged 44 years, was a farm manager and Mary, 32 years, was the daughter of a storekeeper, James Gutteridge (1823-1892) and Emma nee Abott (1837-1915). Mary was born on 6 October 1857 at Aldershot, Hampshire, England and migrated to Tasmania per 'Princess Royal' from Liverpool arriving on 30 January 1863.

Walter and Mary had three children. At the time of Walter's death his wife was pregnant with their third child, Ralph (1897-1967). Their eldest child, Vere Jack (Jack - 1891-1975) served overseas in France and Egypt in World War 1. He was awarded the distinguished conduct medal, which was promulgated in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette*, No. 135, dated 11 December 1919:

From 25 Feb to 17 Sep 1918, for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on all occasions. During operations in April at Dernancourt, he showed conspicuous gallantry and determination in conducting limbers of rations and wiring material, to the line under heavy shell fire. He did exceptionally good work in clearing the battalion quartermaster's store from Henencourt during an enemy barrage on 5 April. On 7 May, he again showed coolness and courage under heavy shelling. His work has been consistently of a very high order.

Walter was aged 54 years when he passed away on 4 September 1896. He was buried at St Peter's Anglican Church and Cemetery at Nile. Mary joined her youngest son, Ralph, in Melbourne and passed away in 1945 at Mordialloc in Victoria at the age of 87 years. At the time of her death, her grandson Jack, who was with the RAAF was reported missing over Germany. Son, Ralph, was killed after being struck by a car in Victoria in November 1967. He was aged 69 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Catherine BLIZZARD (1856-1941)

Catherine migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with her parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of her siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), George (1845-1913), Eliza (1847-1875), William (1843-1895), Harriett (1850-1934), Charles (1852-1931) and James (1854-1941). Her oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. Catherine

was one year of age when arriving in Tasmania. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

Catherine married John Lawrence Elliott (1856-1936) on 1 January 1881 at St Peter's Church, Melbourne, Victoria. John was the son of Thomas (1825-1880) and Elizabeth nee Gilding (1834-1868).

Catherine and Elliott had six children all of whom were born in Victoria. Catherine died in 1941 at Preston, Victoria at the age of 84 years and her husband died in 1936 in Fitzroy at the age of 80 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Charles BLIZZARD (1852-1931)

Charles migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with his parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of his siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), George (1845-1913), Eliza (1847-1875), William (1843-1895), Harriett (1850-1934), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). His oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. Charles was aged five years when embarking on his journey. He was born about 1852 in Euston, Suffolk in England. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

As an adult Charles lived at Green Hills in Tasmania and moved to Victoria about 1891 where he resided for forty years before his death. Charles died at the residence of his youngest sister, Mrs Catherine Elliott (1856-1941) of Collingwood in Melbourne, after only three days confined to his bed. He died in March 1931 aged 78 years.

David BLIZZARD (1841-1933)

David migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with his parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of his siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), William (1843-1895), George Jnr (1845-1913), Eliza (1848-1875), Harriet (1850-1934), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). His oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. David was born on 24 March 1841 and baptised on 6 June 1841 in Euston. David was aged 17, a labourer, could read and belonged to the Church of England faith when he migrated. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

David firstly married Susannah Blake (1844-1864) at St Paul's Church, Circular Head on 29 July 1864. Susannah was the daughter of William (1815-1869) and Sarah nee Karry (1815-1870) and sister of William Blake (1837-1902) who married David's sister, Frances Blizzard (1836-1902). David's mother was also a Blake and likely to be related to William and Susannah.

One month after David and Susannah's only child was born (Henry Haddock Blizzard) Susannah passed away on 11 December 1864 with pulmonary tuberculosis (TB). Their son, Henry was born on 12 November 1864 at Forest and later moved to Victoria where he married Sophie Horn (1864-1948) at Fitzroy on 23 December 1885. They had seven children.

David remarried Charlotte Poke (1844-1934) on 9 May 1866 at Stanley, Tasmania. Charlotte was the daughter of John (1812-1848) and Ann nee Siggs (1812-1880). They had six children; one died in infancy. Another daughter, Lucy (1871-1895), died at the age of 24 years after "a long and severe illness." Death registration recorded she died with exhaustion from acute nephritis and cystitis accompanied by gastric ulceration. Her father, David of 'Highfield' was the informant of her death.

David and Charlotte celebrated their Diamond wedding anniversary in 1926. They were living at 'Montello', Burnie at the time of the celebration and had previously lived in Circular Head.

David died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs Swain of Mooreville Road, Burnie (Laura Helen – 1886-1951). In the obituary printed in *The Circular Head Chronicle* of 12 July 1933 it was reported David was a pioneer of what was then bush and a foundation member of Loyal Wellington Lodge IOOF. Charlotte was one of Burnie's oldest residents at the time of her death on 4 July 1934. She was aged 89 years. Two daughters pre-deceased her.

For further information email bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Eliza BLIZZARD (1847-1875)

Eliza migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with her parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of her siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), George (1845-1913), Harriet (1850-1934), William (1843-1895), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). Her oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. Eliza was aged 10 and was able to read when arriving in Tasmania. She was born about 1848 at Euston in Suffolk. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

Eliza married John Thorp (1844-1899), third son of Henry Thorp (1819-1873) and Harriet nee Reeve (1820-1901) from Green Hills, Tasmania, on 3 October 1867 at the residence of Henry's brother, George Thorp (1841-1921) of South Road, Forest. John and Eliza had at least five children. A son, John Henry (1870-1870), died at the age of 7 months. A daughter, Annie (1874-1875) also died at seven months.

Eliza died at Stanley on 2 October 1875 at the age of 28 years. The cause of her death was dementia. John died at Duck River on 31 March 1899, aged 54 years, of natural causes.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Frances BLIZZARD (1836-1902)

Frances migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with her parents George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897) and nine of her siblings: Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), William (1843-1895), George Jnr (1845-1913), Eliza (1848-1875), Harriet (1850-1934), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). Her oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

Frances was baptised on 4 September 1836 at Euston, Suffolk. At the time of her departure Frances was aged 21 years, a spinster, literate and occupied as a cook and dairymaid. She may have been discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, on the evening of 10 April 1858.



Frances married six months after her arrival in Tasmania to William Blake (1837-1902) on 22 October 1858 at St Paul's Church of England, Forest. William was born on 28 March 1837 at Thetford, Norfolk in England. He was the son of William Snr (1815-1889) and Sarah nee Karry (1815-1870). It is probable there is a blood connection between William Blake Snr and Frances' mother who was

Phoebe nee Blake. William Blake Jnr. was firstly a labourer at Stanley and later became a farmer at Circular Head.

William and Frances had eight children. Third born child, William, born on 26 August 1863 at Horton, died when he was aged 17 months. Tragically, Frances died on 25 August 1902 at Stanley, followed by her son David (1872-1902) on 28 August 1902 at Forest and the following day by her husband William on 29 August 1902, also at Forest. The deaths were due to an outbreak of influenza. Other members of the family were very ill but survived. They were all buried at Fords Road Cemetery, Forest.

Picture copied from *ancestry.com* (vandervenne). For further information email bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George BLIZZARD Jnr (1846-1913)



George migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with his parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of his siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), Eliza (1848-1875), Harriet (1850-1934), William (1843-1895), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). His oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. George was aged 13 years and could read when migrating to Tasmania. He was born on 8 August 1845 and baptised 28 December the

same year in Euston, Suffolk, England. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

George was a farmer at Black River, a small rural community in the Circular Head area in the North-West region of Tasmania, located about 46 kilometres north-west of the town of Wynyard. Bass Strait forms most of the northern boundary, while the stream named 'Black River' forms the western boundary.

George, firstly married Elizabeth Atkins (1849-1886) on 18 January 1870 at Horton. Elizabeth was the daughter of Samuel (1808-1884) and Jane nee Ayers (1813-1885). Elizabeth's parents and four siblings arrived at Stanley on 19 December 1841 as indentured servants per 'Emu'. George and Elizabeth had seven children. A son, Charles (1874-1929), was kicked by a horse and as a result he had broken ribs and a rupture of the aorta, or main artery near the heart, which caused his death. Although George said he was able to read, he signed with his mark on the death of his wife. Elizabeth died on 13 May 1886 at Black River at the age of 37 years. She died with phthisis, an archaic word for tuberculosis (TB).

George remarried Eliza Ann Smedley (1864-1921) on 7 June 1888 in Black River. Eliza was the daughter of William (1840-1908) and Selina Mary nee Whitbread (1848-1894). George and Eliza had 12 children making a total of 19 children being born to George.

George died on 9 October 1913 in Forest, aged 68 years. His obituary noted he had died after a long illness. He was one of the charter members of the Loyal Wellington Lodge IOOF and was an ardent worker for Oddfellowship. Eliza died on 22 February 1921 in Forest at the age of 56 years.

Picture copied from *ancestry.com* (peterjwilkinson3107). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George BLIZZARD Snr (1812-1890) and Phoebe nee BLAKE (1814-1897)

George and Phoebe migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with 10 of their 11 children: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), William (1843-1895), George Jnr (1845-1913), Eliza (1848-1875), Harriet (1850-1934), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). Their oldest son, John (1833-1900) remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. George Snr was recorded as being aged 45 years, literate, and a ploughman upon his arrival.

The Blizzard family came from Euston, a village and civil parish in the West Suffolk district of eastern England. It is part of the Thingoe Rural district and it is a parish near Bardwell where fellow passenger's originated from including the Bean family. It is likely they knew each other before embarking. The road distance between Bardwell and Euston is 4.86 miles or 7.82 kms.

George was born about 1812 at Ashill, Norfolk. His parents were both born in Suffolk: Thomas (1779-1851) at Bardwell and Mary Ann nee Fields (1788-1869) at Coney Weston. By 1833 George was living in Barningham, Suffolk. He married Phoebe Blake (1814-1897) there on 31 May 1833. Phoebe was born on 23 January 1814 at Barningham in Suffolk, the daughter of John Blake (1786-1848) and Frances nee Jackson (1766-1814). Phoebe's father was born at Barningham and her mother at Ixworth, Suffolk. Phoebe's mother died when Phoebe was only about three weeks of age.

George and family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad. They were discharged to him from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the evening of 10 April 1858.

George travelled to the Stanley district by at least 1855 where he settled in Forest on a 40-acre block. A Blake family had already settled in the district prior to George and Phoebe embarking. George was a timber cutter and farmer in the area. Most of the Blizzard children remained in the North-West Coast of Tasmania, two moved to Victoria.

George died on 17 July 1890 at Forest at the age of 78 years. He was held with high esteem in the district. His wife, Phoebe, died on 19 November 1897 at Black River, aged 83 years. Phoebe had been a nurse in the Circular Head district.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Harriet BLIZZARD (1850-1934)

Harriet migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with her parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of her siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), George (1845-1913), Eliza (1847-1875), William (1843-1895), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). Her eldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. Harriett was born about 1850 at Euston in Suffolk. She was aged eight years and was able to read when arriving in Tasmania. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

Harriett married William Mathew Burley (1841-1939) on 23 May 1870 at Horton in Tasmania. William was the son of ex-convicts William (1817-1896) and Sarah nee Mahon (1812-1864). William Snr was convicted at Lincoln City Quarter Sessions on 22 October 1836 for Felony: stealing silver coin. He had been convicted twice before. William, aged 22 years, was transported for 14 years per 'Elphinsone' (2). The Gaol Report noted his character and connexion bad; his behaviour on the hulk was good. Prior to transportation William was a groom and brickmaker. Sarah was transported for assault and robbery for seven years per 'Mary Anne' departing Dublin on 27 November 1840. She was from Kildare, Ireland, a widow, aged 28 years and a servant.

Permission was given on 30 June 1844 for their marriage which took place on 12 August 1844 at St David's Cathedral, Hobart. Sarah died with bronchitis on 5 December 1864 at Stanley.

Harriett and William Jnr lived at Ridgley and had nine children. A son, Thomas Matthew Burley (1883-1917) was Killed in Action in France on 11 April 1917. He had suffered shell shock a few months before his death. Another daughter, Louisa (1881-1924), predeceased her mother by ten years.

Harriet and William moved to Victoria to reside with their daughters about 1912. Harriet died at Christmas Hills in Victoria on 19 January 1934, aged 85 years. William died the following year, also in Victoria, aged 94 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

James BLIZZARD (1854-1932)

James migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with his parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of his siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), George (1845-1913), Eliza (1847-1875), William (1843-1895), Harriett (1850-1934), Charles (1852-1931) and Catherine (1856-1941). His oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. James was only aged three when embarking on the perilous journey to Tasmania. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

James married Lucy Jane Dobson (1862-1902) on 26 March 1879 at the home of Mr Blizzard at Black River. Lucy was aged 16 years, the daughter of a farmer and ex-convict John George Dobson (1814-1904) and Elizabeth nee Stokes (1825-1911). John, a ploughman, aged 19 years, was convicted at Northampton Assizes on 27 February 1832 for house breaking and transported per 'Surrey' from Downs on 4 December 1832 arriving VDL 124 days later. He was initially sentenced to death but sentence was commuted to transportation for 14 years. It is uncertain whether Elizabeth was also a convict.

Lucy and James had eight children. A daughter, Louisa Harriet (1882-1986), lived a very long life as she was aged 104 years at her death. A son, James Lewis (1892-1917) was Killed in Action in Belgium on 5 October 1917. He married Lucy Louisa Enniss (1896-1985) on 25 August 1914 at Stanley and they had one daughter, Rosanne Edith Zella (1916-2004), known as Zella. Lucy remarried on 3 January 1919 at Stanley to George Walter Etchell (1893-1971).

James Snr was a well-known supporter of cricket and football in the Circular Head district. After ceasing playing he was a much sought after as a cricket umpire.

James lived at Murrays Road, Stanley as well as at Forest. He died at the residence of his daughter, Mildred (1884-1965 - Mrs WD Wells of Smithton) in May 1932, aged 77

years. James had been in poor health for several years. His wife, Lucy Jane predeceased him by about thirty years. It is believed she died as a result of giving birth to their daughter, Veda Violet (1902-1963).

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Louisa BLIZZARD (1839-1907)

Louisa migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with her parents George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897) and nine of her siblings: Frances (1836-1902), David (1841-1933), William (1843-1895), George Jnr (1845-1913), Eliza (1848-1875), Harriet (1850-1934), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). Her oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. Louisa was baptised on 19 May 1839 at Euston, Suffolk, England. She was aged 19 years, single, literate and a housemaid when arriving in Tasmania. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

Louisa married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', Henry (Harry) HADDOCK (1833-1908), on 2 November 1860 at Horton, Tasmania. Henry was born on 11 November 1833 at Old Newton, Suffolk to James (1805-1875) and Mary nee Hammond (1797-1872). It is probable Henry and Louisa were engaged to be married prior to embarking on their journey to Tasmania.

Both Louisa and Henry were sponsored by John Hayes along with cousin, and fellow 'Trade Wind' migrant, William Marthick (aka Mattick – 1832-1911).

Louisa and Henry moved to Victoria by 1872. A daughter was born in Melbourne in 1872 but only lived two months. Henry continued working as a gardener. Louisa died on 17 September 1907, aged 68 years at 'Ellesmere', Waterdale Road, Ivanhoe, and Henry died a year later, on 10 September 1908 at Northcote, aged 74 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William BLIZZARD (1844-1895)

William migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with his parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), and nine of his siblings: Frances (1836-1902), Louisa (1839-1907), David (1841-1933), George Jnr (1845-1913), Eliza (1848-1875), Harriet (1850-1934), Charles (1852-1931), James (1854-1932) and Catherine (1856-1941). His oldest brother, John (1833-1900), remained in England with his wife, Elizabeth nee Smith (1831-1902) and their two children: Robert and George. William was aged 15 years, single, literate and a labourer when migrating. He was baptised on 20 August 1843 at Euston, Suffolk. The Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad.

William married Sarah Jane Alderson (1850-1893) at Horton on 23 June 1870. Sarah was the daughter of ex-convicts Joseph Alderson (1819-1852) and Anne nee Campbell

migrated to NSW per 'Bengal' on 13 March 1855. William was a station employee of James Atkinson of Grattai and Slashers Flat, Mudgee where he worked as a boundary rider. William retired after more than 30 years service in 1901 and remained living at Horatio Street, Mudgee until his death on 9 April 1902 at the age of 64 years. Pamela died on 22 June 1905, also at Mudgee. She was aged 70 years. More information about Pamela can be found under Pamela King. William and Pamela did not have any children.

Ebenezer BLOOMFIELD (1836-1918)

Ebenezer was born on 6 May 1836 in Bardwell, Suffolk in England. Several 'Trade Wind' migrants came from the Bardwell area including the Bird and Blizzard families. A Walter Bloomfield also migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. He too was born in the Bardwell district. It is likely Walter was a cousin. Edward's parents were Edward (1802-1878) and Emaly nee Bart (1807-1856).

Ebenezer was aged 21 years, single, literate and a carpenter when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by John Amos (1806-1880), farmer, of 'Glen Herriot', and was discharged to him from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 11 April 1858. John Amos settled on a property, 'Glen Herriot' at Cranbrook, near Swansea and it would have been on this property where Ebenezer firstly worked.

Ebenezer married Harriet Gephcoatt Ball (1839-1921) in Victoria in 1873. Ebenezer was aged 37 years and Harriet aged 34 years of age. Harriet may have arrived in Melbourne on board the 'Sussex' which departed Gravesend and arrived in Melbourne in January 1866. She was aged 27 years and English born. Harriet was possibly baptised on 7 October 1839 at Coventry, St Michael, Warwickshire. Her father was not named and her mother was Sarah Ball who was a Filler at the House of Industry in Warwickshire. From 1801 the monastery was employed as the Coventry Workhouse. Initially the Coventry authorities ran the 'House of Industry' in quite a benevolent manner, giving out-relief to poor outside the house as well as work, clothing and food to the poor within. However, the *Poor Law Act* of 1834 tightened up on such "inefficiencies" and a much harsher regime was to ensue.

A son was born to Harriet Ball, Alfred Leslie (1867-1957), about six years before her marriage to Ebenezer. Ebenezer adopted Alfred about 1901 as his Will left most of his estate to his wife, Harriet and the 100 acres purchased to his adopted son, Alfred Bloomfield stating "Alfred was the child taken by him about 17 years ago and living with him." Harriet possibly had a daughter as her death notice recorded she died at her daughter's residence, Hampden Street, Latrobe. It is possible she may have been Harriet's daughter-in-law.

In 1875 Ebenezer purchased 101 acres, 2 Roods at Wycombe, Devon (Reedy Marsh) and in 1885 a further 100 acres in the same district for £102/11/8. Prior to the second purchase Ebenezer sold his first property. It was advertised in 1884 as a farm at Reedy

Marsh, near Deloraine, 101 acres; about 40 acres ploughed and part laid down with grass. It was divided into six paddocks. The buildings consisted of one two-roomed hut, two-stalled stables, dray shed, chaff shed, barn and pig styes. There was also a small sheep run.

Ebenezer died at Reedy Marsh on 1 February 1918, aged 82 years. Harriet died at her daughter's residence, Hampden Street, Latrobe on 11 April 1921. Harriet was aged 83 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com. If a reader has any information about Harriet Ball it would be appreciated if they contacted the above email.

Walter BLOOMFIELD (1837-1906)

Walter was aged 20 years, single, literate, a groom from Suffolk when he arrived in Tasmania on board the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Walter was the son of journeyman, shoemaker, John (1811-1896) and Lucy nee Wilkin (1811-1862). Walter was sponsored by Robert Wardlaw (1803-1873), farmer, of Swanport and was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay per 'Tommy' on the afternoon of 16 May 1858 to Robert Wardlaw.

Walter was probably a relative, of Ebenezer (1836-1918) as they both came from the same area in Suffolk and migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. Walter and Ebenezer settled in the same district in Tasmania as well.

Walter leased a property 'Armistead' at Kimberley from Messrs Foster on what was known as the Foster's Estate. A disastrous fire happened at this property in August 1899 and Walter was not insured. Lost in the fire was a barn, stable, four horses, 1,700 bushels of oats, three stacks of straw and other produce. Walter helped in the building of the old Mersey and Deloraine tramline.

By the County of
Tasmania.

Schedule B, 28 Vic. No. 25.

554

CERTIFICATE OF MARRIAGE.

DISTRICT Launceston Registry No. 25

(1) Date June 24 1899 at St Andrew Church, Launceston

MARRIAGE BY (1) Launce who celebrated between us according to the (2)

John & James of the Baptist Church

Name (in full) Walter Bloomfield Usual Launceston

Residence, Present Launceston Usual Launceston

Age (last Birthday) 27 Miner

Profession or Occupation Miner

Condition (Bachelor or Widower) Bachelor

If Widower (Former Wife deceased in year 18) 1898

Children living 1 dead 1

Birth-place Launceston

Father's Name (in full) Edward Taylor

Occupation Miner

Mother's Name (in full) Mary (Katherine) Taylor

Name (in full) Frances Bloomfield

Residence, Present Launceston Usual Kimberley

Age (last Birthday) 25

Profession or Occupation Housewife

Condition (Spinster or Widower) Spinster

If Widower (Former Husband deceased in year 18) 1898

Children living 1 dead 1

Birth-place Launceston

Father's Name (in full) Walter William Bloomfield

Occupation Miner

Mother's Name (in full) Hannah (Hall) Bloomfield

This Marriage was celebrated between us

John & James of the Baptist Church

In presence of Walter Bloomfield

Walter Bloomfield St John St Launceston

Walter Bloomfield St John St Launceston

The above Marriage was duly celebrated by us at the time and place above named, and in the presence of the Witnesses whose Signatures are above written.

Witness my hand this 24th day of June 1899.

(Signature) Walter Bloomfield

(Signature) Walter Bloomfield

(Signature) Walter Bloomfield

Two Fees to be forwarded to Registrar-General within three days after celebration of Marriage. Penalty for violation to transmit such Certificate, fine not exceeding £20.

Walter was married to, or in a relationship with, Hannah Hall who was born in Hobart on 19 November 1831 to convict parents, Henry and Mary nee Sullivan. Henry was convicted at Middlesex Gaol Delivery on 28 October 1824 for Larceny - stealing 6lbs of tea. He was transported for seven years on the 'Medina'. Mary was also convicted at London Gaol Delivery on 14 September 1826 for Larceny - stealing a coat, watch, gown and other items from her Mistress. She was sentenced to seven years transportation and embarked on the 'Persian', departing London on 14 April 1827 and arriving Hobart Town on 5 August 1827.

Walter and Hannah were believed to have at least five children. Birth registrations could not be found, however, on the marriage registration for daughter Grace (1871-1942) the name of her parents are recorded as Walter William Bloomfield and Hannah nee Hall.

Walter died on 26 February 1906 at the Devon Hospital, Latrobe, aged 67 years, suffering from a haemorrhage on the brain. Hannah Bloomfield died at New Norfolk in 1916.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Martha Ann BOND (1839-1895)

Martha was aged 18 years, single, literate, a needlewoman when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by William Gore Elliston (1798-1872), auctioneer, of Hobart Town. Martha was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the evening of 11 May 1858 to be married. However, she did not marry until four months later, on 12 September 1858 at the Church of Holy Trinity in Hobart. Her spouse was George John Godwin (aka John George – 1833-1868). It was probable Martha knew her future husband before departing England to marry him in Tasmania, soon after her arrival.

Martha was born about 1839 in Ixworth, Suffolk to Richard (1806-1873) and Ann nee Nichols (1812-1853). Martha's mother died before she embarked on her journey to Tasmania. Ixworth is a small civil parish in the West Suffolk district of Suffolk, eastern England 6 miles (9.7 km) northeast of Bury St Edmunds in the Thingoe district.

In the 1851 England Census Martha was living at Heath Road, Ixworth, Suffolk. She was aged 13 years and a house servant for Jeremiah Balls, aged 64 years, an unmarried farmer of 25 acres, employing one man.

Martha and George moved to Victoria in about 1860. They had at least four children. The first-born child, Eva Harriet died, aged three, in 1863 in Victoria. A daughter born in 1865 was also named Eva Harriet.

George was born on 21 March 1833 in Surrey, England, to George William (1798-1840) and Harriet nee Hayward (1802-?). George died in 1868 at the age of 35 years. Martha and George had only been married ten years before George's death. An inquest found George died from the effects of a fall in a water-channel. The post-mortem showed death had been caused by the rupture of a blood vessel in the brain. Evidence given at the Inquest was on the night of 24 June George called into the Toorak Hotel in South Yarra and drank two pints of beer at the bar. He afterwards left the hotel at about 8.30pm, perfectly sober, and headed in the direction of Melbourne. On the morning of the 25th the body was found lying in the water-channel in Gardiner's Creek Road, near Toorak Road, quite cold and dead. There was a slight wound upon the scalp, such as might have resulted from a fall, but there were no marks of a struggle having occurred near the place.

Martha lived for another 27 years. She died on 10 May 1894 at 21 George Street, Fitzroy, Victoria, aged 55 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Sarah Ann BOND (1840-1934)

Sarah was aged 17 years, single, Church of England, literate, nursemaid and came from Suffolk in England when she migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Sarah was sponsored by Michael Fenton (c1790-1874), landowner, of Fenton Forest and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 15 April 1858 to James Crear of 'Clyne Park' near Cleveland.

Sarah married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', William WATKINSON (1826-1896) who was born at Suffolk. He too was discharged from Quarantine at the same time as Sarah and released to James Crear. See more details for William Watkinson under his name.

Although the shipping records showed Sarah as originating from Suffolk it was likely she was born in Liverpool, Lancashire to John Bond (1820-1894) and Sarah (1821-1862) nee Jones. Sarah Ann may have spent time in Suffolk where she met her future husband. William and Sarah married at Clynevale House, Epping Forest, in the Campbell Town district, on 11 February 1859. They had eight children all of whom lived in New South Wales (NSW).

Sarah's parents, John (1820-1894) and Sarah nee Jones (1821-1862) were living in Launceston at the time of her arrival. John was employed as a Cooper. Sarah was a widow when she married John. She was previously married to Edward Thomas who died soon after their marriage on 23 July 1837 at Liverpool, NSW.

After Sarah's death on 7 November 1862, at the age of 41 years in Launceston, John remarried Bridget McCann (1841-1921) in 1863 at Launceston. John was aged 42 years and Bridget was aged 22 years. Bridget was the same age as her step-daughter, Sarah. John and Bridget had a son, William in 1864, Sarah's half-brother.

Sarah Ann and William Watkinson moved to Sydney, NSW, between 1875 and 1881. A daughter, Edith, died in Waterloo, aged four years, in 1881.

Sarah died on 17 October 1934 in Lindfield at the age of 94 years. Her husband, William, predeceased her by 38 years. He died on 1 September 1896 in Sydney. Both were buried at the Rookwood General Cemetery.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John BONNER aka Robert John (1831-1928)

John was aged 19 years, single, a ploughman from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. John was named Robert John Bonner at birth but was known as John. He was baptised in March 1832 at Kings-Lynn, Norfolk, the son of Robert and Alice.

John was sponsored by Captain Samuel Horton (1795-1867), landowner, of Ross.

John married Jane STANDALOFT nee Found (aka Barchard - 1824-1897) at Horton College on 5 February 1859. Jane was also a passenger on the 'Trade Wind', along with her first husband, Thomas Standaloft (1829-1858), who died at sea on 21 January 1858, under suspicious circumstances. [See Thomas and Jane Standaloft for further details] Jane had one daughter, Annie Elizabeth who was born on 9 March 1853 and had accompanied her parents on the 'Trade Wind'. After her mother's marriage to John Bonner she became known as Annie Bonner. John and Jane had seven children, the first two died in infancy. The remaining children stayed in Tasmania except Harry (1871-1946), the youngest, who settled in New Zealand.

John died on 12 August 1928 at the residence of his daughter, Fannie Whittles, 15 Wellington Street, North Hobart. His death notice recalled he had been an employee of the Riggall family of Somercotes, Ross, for 70 years. Mr Thomas Riggall (1832-1917), was a nephew of Captain Horton.

Executors of John's Will were William Whittles, formerly of Westbury, station master, now of Hobart, retired and Robert John Bonner of Ross, farmer, son. He left his estate to Emma Bonner, daughter; Robert John Bonner, son; William Bonner, son; Harry Bonner, son; Fannie Whittles, daughter; Annie Elizabeth Green, step-daughter; and Alexander George Ingle, grandson. John's wife had predeceased him by 31 years. She died on 24 June 1897 at Ross.

Phillip BRANNING (1839-1921) aka BRUNING, BROWNING

Phillip was aged 18 years, single, illiterate, a ploughman from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Charles Butler (1820-1909), solicitor, of Hobart Town and discharged to him from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 15 April 1858.

'Trade Wind' records show Phillip as being recorded under the different names of Branning, Bruning and Browning. Browning was his name on the ship's Destination List.

It is likely Phillip was the son of agricultural labourer, William Brunning (1803-1872) and Ruth Maria nee Denny (1810-1882). A Phillip Brunning was born in Thetford, Norfolk in 1840. The 1851 England Census for Honington, Suffolk records: William, aged 48 years, agricultural labourer, born Honington, Suffolk; Ruth Maria, aged 41 years, born Norfolk; William (13), agricultural labourer; Phillip (11), crow boy; Robert (9); George (6); James Denny (8); and Sarah Ann (3 months). Phillip's occupation as a crow scarer was generally a casual worker employed in scaring birds by shouting, or by using rattle or shot gun.

Honington is a village in the West Suffolk district of Suffolk; and borders Norfolk. Honington in Suffolk and Thetford in Norfolk are only about 6 miles apart.

It is almost certain Phillip under the name of Browning married Ellen Seager (1848-1883) in 1870 in Bathurst, New South Wales (NSW). They had six children; the youngest

was born in 1883 at the same time as her mother's death at the age of 35 years. Phillip remarried Sarah B Nutter in the Roman Catholic Presbytery, Bathurst, NSW, on 17 July 1884.

Phillip Browning died in hospital at Redfern, NSW, on 23 October 1921, aged 81 years.

For further information or if a reader can provide any additional information please contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William Harry BRASSETT aka Henry Jnr (1852-1941)

Henry was four years of age when he migrated to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents: Henry (1829-1908) and Mary Ann nee Cook (1825-1864). Henry was born on 13 November 1852 at Stepney in London. A brother, Herbert, was born shortly after arrival in Tasmania. He was born on 25 June 1859 in Launceston. Both children accompanied their parents when they returned to England in about 1860. In the 1861 England Census for Shoreditch, St Leonard, Middlesex Henry was a scholar, aged eight years and his brother Herbert was aged one.

1875. Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the Parish of St. Mary, Whitechapel in the County of Middlesex									
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.	
33	29th 1875	William Harry Brasnett	22	Bachelor	Commercial Clerk	Pembury Grove, Kent	Henry Brasnett	Sawyer	
	1875	Jane Fuller Richman	41	Widow		Richman Place, London	Richard Colvin	Shoemaker	

Married in the Parish Church according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, by W. W. Newman Minister of the Gospel.

This Marriage was solemnized between us William Harry Brasnett in the Presence of us W. W. Newman Minister of the Gospel.

William Harry Brassett, a commercial clerk, residing at Pembury Grove, Middlesex married Jane Fuller Richman (1834-1906), a widow on 21 February 1875.

Jane was the daughter of Richard Colvin (1798-1872) and Mary Ann nee Nunn (1795-1864), born on 17 November 1834 in Poplar, London. Jane had previously been married to Joseph Christopher Richman (1822-1870). They had two children: Jane (1865-1941) and Joseph Benjamin (1867-1949) Richman. The two children were raised in the Henry Brassett household after their father had died. A daughter, Beatrice (1873-1964) was born to Henry and Jane in 1873 in Poplar, Middlesex.

Henry passed away in 1941 at Maldon, Essex, aged 88 years. Jane also died in Essex in March 1906, aged 71 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Henry BRASSETT Snr (1829-1908)

Henry (1829-1908) was aged 30 years, married, literate, a steam sawyer from Oxfordshire when he migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. He was sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay per night coach to Launceston on 23 March 1858. He was accompanied by his wife, Mary Anne nee Cook (1825-1864), and son William Harry aka Henry (1852-1941), four years of age.

1858. Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the Parish of St. Mary, Whitechapel in the County of Middlesex									
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.	
353	July 3rd 1858	Henry Brasnett	28	Bachelor	Sawyer	St. Mary's, Whitechapel	John Brasnett	Bookbinder	
	1858	Mary Anne Cook	33	Widow		St. Mary's, Whitechapel	John Cook	Bookbinder	

Married in the Parish Church according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, by W. W. Newman Minister of the Gospel.

This Marriage was solemnized between us Henry Brasnett in the Presence of us W. W. Newman Minister of the Gospel.

Henry and Mary Ann married on 25 July 1850 at St Mary,

Whitechapel, Middlesex, London. In 1851 they were living at 4 Mountford Street, St Mary, Whitechapel, Middlesex. Henry was a sawyer. Henry's brother, Richard, who was single and aged 20 years, also a sawyer from Oxfordshire, was living in the home.

Prior to his marriage Henry, in the 1841 England Census for Fringford Village, Oxfordshire was still living at home with his parents, John aged 55 years (1786-1856), a shoemaker and Frances nee Bennett (1791-1856), aged 50 years. In addition to Henry, who was then aged 11 years, were his siblings: William (20), Ann (18) and James (13).

Henry and Mary Ann spent only about two years in Tasmania. By the 1861 England Census Henry and his family had returned to England. They were living at Shoreditch St Leonard, Middlesex. Henry was still occupied as a steam sawyer. Henry Jnr (William Henry) was now aged eight years. Another son, Herbert, who had been born in Launceston on 25 June 1859, was aged one. In the same home was Henry's sister, Susannah, aged 48 years, and her husband James Perkins, aged 47 years. He was a coachman. It is possible the family returned to England because of an illness with Mary Anne. She died in March 1864 in London, at the age of 35 years. Henry remarried a few months later to Maria Drummond on 21 September 1864 in Surrey, England. Henry and Maria had seven children. Henry died, aged 79 years, in 1908 in Middlesex, England.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Mary Anne BRASSETT nee COOK (1826-1864)

Mary Anne was aged 31 years, literate, born Norfolk and a needlewoman when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was accompanied by her husband, Henry BRASSETT (1829-1908) and son, William Harry aka Henry (1852-1941). Another son, Herbert (1859-1932), was born in Launceston after their arrival in Tasmania.

Mary Ann was born on 30 January 1825 (baptised 24 April) in Thornham, Norfolk, the daughter of Mason Cook (1788-1872) and Maria nee Nayler (aka Nailer - 1788-1875). Her father was a boot and shoemaker at the time of her marriage to Henry.

Mary Ann was sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, Launceston and was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay per night coach to Launceston on 23 March 1858.

1858 Marriage solemnized at <i>St. Mary's Church</i> in the Parish of <i>St. Mary Whitechapel</i> in the County of <i>Middlesex</i>							
No.	When Married	Name and Surname	Age	Condition	Rank or Profession	Residence at the Time of Marriage	Rank or Profession of Bride
355	July 25 th 1858	Henry Brasnett	29 ^{ys}	Bachelor	Sawyer	Mountford Street, Whitechapel, Middlesex	John Brasnett, Esq. Baker
		Mary Ann Cook	33 ^{ys}	Spinster		Mountford Street, Whitechapel, Middlesex	M. H. Cook, Esq. Baker

Married in the *Church* according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, by *Rev. J. H. Rogers* Minister of the Gospel.

This Marriage was solemnized between *Henry Brasnett* and *Mary Ann Cook* in the presence of *William Stammers Button* and *Charles James Button* Witnesses.

Henry and Mary Ann married on 25 July 1850 at St Mary, Whitechapel, Middlesex, London. In 1851 they were living at 4 Mountford Street, St Mary, Whitechapel, Middlesex.

Henry was a sawyer. Henry's brother, Richard, who was single and aged 20 years, also a sawyer from Oxfordshire, was living in the home.

Henry and Mary Ann spent only about two years in Tasmania. By the 1861 England Census Henry and his family had returned to England. They were living at Shoreditch St

Leonard, Middlesex. Henry was still occupied as a steam sawyer. It is possible the family returned to England because of an illness with Mary Anne. She died in March 1864 in London, at the age of 35 years. Henry remarried and passed away in June 1908 in Middlesex.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Harriet BROWNE (1831-1920)

Harriet was aged 26 years, single, literate, a dressmaker from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was described as having a fresh face with medium light blue eyes and a mild expression. Harriet was probably born at Little Ellingham in Norfolk.

Harriet was sponsored by Mary Ann Langston (nee Brown – 1831-1902, farmer of Green Ponds), Harriet's sister. Mary Ann married William Arthur Langston (1820-1910) at St George's Church, Hobart, on 7 February 1853. Harriet and Mary Ann's mother, Mary Ann Upcroft (nee Cann, previously Brown), accompanied Harriet on the 'Trade Wind'. Mary Ann Upcroft's first husband was Bradford Brown(e), Harriet's father. They married on 23 October 1821 at Little Ellingham, Norfolk.

Harriet, aged 30, married Wilson Robertson (1829-1864), aged 34, on 7 January 1863 at St David's Cathedral, Hobart. Wilson, an engineer, signed the marriage registration with his mark X. He arrived in Hobart, aged 26 years, on 29 September 1854 per 'Caroline Middleton', with his wife, Ann (nee Wilson, aged 24 years) and daughter, Mary, aged six years. Wilson and Ann were married on 24 July 1845 at Dundee in Scotland. On 2 March 1862 Ann died at her residence, Sandy Bay. She was aged 31 years. The Brethren of the Tasmanian Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Manchester Unity were requested to attend her funeral; presumably Wilson was a member of this Order.

Harriet was about five months pregnant with their son, when Wilson died in a horrible accident on board the steamer 'Cobre'. According to press reports the steamer was near Sandy Bay Point on its way to Huon when Wilson stumbled and fell, his leg hanging over the iron floor. The revolving crank seized on the upper portion of his thigh, and with crushing force smashed the thigh bone, and almost tore his leg from his body. He was admitted to the general hospital in Hobart but died on 15 August 1864 of severe injuries.

Harriet and their son, Wilson Thomas Robertson (1865-1932), who was born on 27 January 1865 in Hobart, moved to Melbourne, Victoria. Both, mother and son, died at 191 Dow Street, Port Melbourne; Harriet on 9 April 1920 at the age of 89 years and Wilson on 31 January 1932, aged 67 years.

Contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com for further information.

George BRUCE (1839-1908?)

George Bruce was aged 18 years, single, literate, a gardener from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by James Turnbull (1794-1869), landowner, of New Norfolk and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay per 'Hammock' to Turnbull on 7 May 1858. James Turnbull owned a property 'Millbrook' near New Norfolk and it is likely George worked on this property.

It is believed George was born at Stanton in Suffolk to William (1804-1878) and Charlotte nee Hubbard (1816-1877). In the 1851 England Census for St John The Baptist, Stanton, Suffolk the family were:

William Bruce (50), pauper, shepherd, born Bardwell; Charlotte Bruce (35), born Stanton; George Bruce (11) errand boy, born Stanton; Thomas Bruce (9); James Bruce (8); Anna Bruce (6) and Alfred Bruce (4).

A George Bruce died in Hobart on 12 May 1858, aged 18 years. If it is the same George Bruce, it is possible he was only in Tasmania for five days before his death. He died at the General Hospital and a notation on the death record shows he was born in Scotland. Although the age fits it is believed he was born in the Thingoe District of Suffolk as shown above in the 1851 Census. If George travelled to New Norfolk it is unlikely he died in Hobart as he probably would have been admitted to the New Norfolk hospital.

George may also have relocated to New Zealand. A George Bruce, born about 1840 in Stanton, Suffolk died, aged 68 years on 19 February 1908 in Hokitka, New Zealand. The age matches the 'Trade Wind' George Bruce.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' George Bruce it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John BURROWS (1830-?)

John was aged 26 years, single and a fellmonger from Suffolk when he migrated on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. John was sponsored by Isaac Wright (1807-1888), wool stapler, of Hobart Town. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on his own account on 11 May 1858.

John, as a fellmonger, worked for Wright dealing mainly in hides or skins, and possibly preparing skins for tanning and/or leather making.

John was born on 22 April 1830, and baptised on 20 June 1830 in the Wesleyan Church, in the Parish of Barningham, Suffolk. His parents were John Burrows (1791-1861) and Phoebe nee Gathercole (1798-1875). John Snr was a labourer residing at Stanton. Ship's record described John Jnr as being a 'dissenter' – a person who dissents from an established church.

In the 1841 England Census the Burrows family were recorded as residing at Stanton (All Saints with St John the Baptist):

John Burrows (50), agricultural labourer; Pheba (sic) Burrows (40); John Burrows (11), born All Saints with St John the Baptist, Thingoe, Suffolk; Mary Ann (9); Anna (6); Bether (4); and Josiah (9 months).

The Ruffels and Bruce families lived next door to the Burrows family. Elizabeth RUFFELS and George BRUCE were also migrants who sailed on the 'Trade Wind'.

No.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
52	July 25 1858	John Burrows & Ann Kerridge	40	Labourer	John Burrows Ann Kerridge	John P. Threlkeld	July 25 1858	John P. Threlkeld

Married in the Rural Church according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England by Licence of the Archbishop of Canterbury in the presence of Charles P. Threlkeld, Minister.

John married Ann KERRIDGE (1827-1917?), another passenger on the 'Trade Wind', on 24 July 1858 at St John's Church, New Town. She, too, was discharged on her own account although recorded as being two days after

John. Ann was sponsored by William Rout (1790-1868), merchant, of Hobart Town. Both John and Ann came from Stanton in Suffolk.

It has not been possible to ascertain from public records as well as *ancestry.com* and *findmypast* what happened to John and Ann after their arrival in Tasmania and whether they remained in Tasmania or Australia. John may have remarried at the age of 49 years on 14 February 1876 at St David's Cathedral Hobart to Catherine Crilley, 36 years, widow. This John was a widower and an engineer by occupation, so it is unlikely the same John Burrows although his age matches the 'Trade Wind' John Burrows.

No.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
52	Feb 14 1876	John Burrows & Catherine Crilley	49	Engineer	John Burrows Catherine Crilley	John P. Threlkeld	Feb 14 1876	John P. Threlkeld

Married in the Cathedral Church of St. David according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England by Licence of the Archbishop of Canterbury in the presence of Charles P. Threlkeld, Minister.

For further information about Ann Kerridge see separate file. If a reader has any information about John and Ann it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Abraham BUSSEY aka BRASSY (1838-1873)

Abraham was aged 18 years, single, could read and a farm labourer when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858 with his parents, William (1813-1892) and Rose nee Ludkin (1810-1860), and siblings: Elizabeth (1848-1926), James (1841-1861), Maria (1843-1910) and William Jnr (1846-1917). The family were shown on ship's records by the name of Brassy. The Bussey family were sponsored by Edward [Edwin] Cummings (c1826-1892) of Launceston. The Pinner family, who also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind', were neighbours of the Bussey family in Larling, Norfolk.

Abraham was born on 31 May 1838 at Larling. He worked as a shepherd's page prior to his departure from England, looking after the healthy lambs leaving the shepherd to nurse the sick ones.



Abraham married Mary Jane Clark (1843-1888) at St Andrew's Church, Evandale on 21 March 1864. Mary was born on 19 November 1843 at Evandale to Joseph (1816-1891) and Emily Ann nee Culliford (1818-1899). Abraham and Mary had three daughters.

Abraham worked on the Main Railway Line near Evandale. He hired a dray to go to Westbury to collect his wife and family of three children. While walking beside the horse and dray he fell dead, aged 35 years. An inquest into his death found he died from congestion of the lungs and disease of the heart. Abraham's wife also was young when she died at the age of 44 years on 7 June 1888 at Longford with bronchitis.

Picture of Mary Jane copied from *ancestry.com* (Rhonda Jean Heath). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Elizabeth BUSSEY aka BRASSY (1848-1926)

Elizabeth was aged 9 years when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with her parents, William (1813-1892) and Rose nee Ludkin (1810-1860), and siblings: Abraham (1838-1873), James (1841-1861), Maria (1843-1910) and William Jnr (1846-1917). The family were shown on ship's records by the name of Brassy. The Bussey family were sponsored by Edward [Edwin] Cummings (c1826-1892), farmer, of River Don. The Pinner family, who also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind', were neighbours of the Bussey family in Larling.

Elizabeth married Thomas Brown (1852-1942), the youngest son of John Brown (1808-1872) and Margaret nee Forman (1808-1872) at Osmaston near Exton, Tasmania, on 10 May 1875. Thomas came from Berwickshire, Scotland with his parents and seven siblings per the 'Storm Cloud' when aged four years. He resided with his parents at Cluan and later at Whitemore before moving to Osmaston. After Elizabeth and Thomas' marriage they moved to Gawler, Tasmania, where they resided until their deaths except for six years in Burnie.

Elizabeth and Thomas had nine children. Two died in infancy. A son, John Clement William Brown (1886-1918) was Killed in Action in France, aged 32 years, on 31 May 1918. Another son, James Peter (1878-1909) was killed in an accident after being cut with a chaffcutter knife. Thomas also died as a result of an accident at his home on 23 October 1942, aged 90 years. He broke his hip when falling in his bedroom. Elizabeth, aged 77 years, died on 1 August 1926 at Gawler. Elizabeth, Thomas and Peter were buried at the Ulverstone Public Cemetery. Pte JCW Brown (Clem) is remembered on the headstone: "Killed Active Service, France."

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

James BUSSEY aka BRASSY (1842-1861)

James was aged 15 years when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents, William (1813-1892) and Rose nee Ludkin (1810-1860), and siblings: Abraham (1838-1873), Elizabeth (1848-1926), Maria (1843-1910) and William Jnr (1846-1917). The family were shown on ship's records by the name of Brassy. The Bussey family were sponsored by Edward [Edwin] Cummings (c1826-1892), farmer, of River Don. The Pinner family, who also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind', were neighbours of the Bussey family in Larling, Norfolk.

Although James was recorded as being aged 15 years on the 'Trade Wind' records he would have been aged 17 years. James was born in 1841, baptised 23 May 1841, at Larling. Ship's records show he was able to read and a farm labourer when arriving in Tasmania. Like his brother, Abraham, James was also occupied as a shepherd's page prior to departing England.

James died a little over three years after his arrival. He died at Longford on 8 October 1861; the cause of death was diarrhoea. Death registration recorded his age as 20 years.

For further information about the Bussey family contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Rose BUSSEY aka BRASSY nee LUDKIN (1810-1860)

Rose was aged 47 years, could read, a general servant from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania with her husband and five children on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Rose and her husband, William Bussey, were sponsored by Edward [Edwin] Cummings (c1826-1892), farmer, of River Don.

Rose was known under several names in different records including Rosalie, Rosetta, Roscattia and Rosina. Rose was born on 27 September 1810 in East Larling in Norfolk, England. Her parents were James Ludkin (1755-1827) and Sarah nee Bussey (1769-1828).

No.	Date Married	Name and Residence	Age	Condition	Rank or Profession	Residence at the Time of Marriage	Father's Name and Residence	Rank or Profession of Father
2	6 Jan 1839	William Bussey River Don	47	Single	Farmer	Larling	James Ludkin	General Servant

Married in the Parish Church according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church of England on 6 Jan 1839.

This Marriage was solemnized in the presence of the Minister of the Gospel, the Curate, and the Registrar.

Rose and William were married on 6 January 1839 in Larling, Norfolk.

Rose passed away on 17 March 1860 in Evandale, Tasmania, aged 49 years. The cause of death was 'dropsy'. William remarried after Rose's death. See more information about William on his entry.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William BUSSEY Jnr aka BRASSY (1846-1917)

William was aged 11 years and able to read when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents William (1813-1892) and Rose nee Ludkin (1810-1860)

and siblings. William was the youngest son of William and Rose and was born about 1846 in Larling, Norfolk.

William was a farmer at Quamby Brook. He married Mary Leach (c1848-1930) on 30 May 1886 at Longford Wesleyan Church. William was aged 39 years, a bachelor, and Mary, a farmer's daughter, was aged 38 years. Mary was the daughter of John Leach (1793-1870) and Ann nee MacKinnon (1815-1891). Two children were born to William and Mary. The youngest daughter, Nellie May, born in 1890, died when she was aged 11 years at Early Rises, Deloraine on 28 August 1901.

William died on 23 July 1917, aged 70 years, and Mary on 29 September 1930, aged 83 years. Both deaths occurred at Quamby Brook.

William BUSSEY Snr aka BRASSY (1813-1892)

William was aged 45 years, a ploughman from Norfolk, belonged to the Wesleyan Christian faith and was able to read when arriving in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was accompanied by his wife, Rose nee Ludkin (1810-1860) and five children: Abraham (1838-1873), Elizabeth (1848-1926), James (1841-1861), Maria (1843-1910) and William Jnr (1846-1917). The family were recorded by the name of Brassy on the 'Trade Wind' records. William and his family were sponsored by Edward [Edwin] Cummings (c1826-1892), farmer, of River Don.



William was born about 1813 in Larling to William (1784-1865) and Sarah nee Clarke (1786-1819). He was baptised on 15 February 1814. His mother died in 1819 at the age of 32 years when William was aged about five or six years. The Pinner family, who also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind', were neighbours of the Bussey family in Larling, Norfolk.

William and Rose married in Larling on 6 January 1839. After Rose's death at Evandale on 17 March 1860, aged 49 years, William remarried on 28 March 1864 in the Primitive Methodist Church, Launceston. He was aged 48 years. His bride was Mary Ann Bird, nee Preveaw (1823-1865), aged 39 years, also a widow. Mary Ann died on 18 July 1865 aged 42 years. William married a third time, this time to Mary Ann Towell, nee Baker (?-1930) on 27 May 1884. They married in the dwelling house of Mrs Bird, Cressy Road, Longford. Mrs Bird was probably Maria (1843-1910), William's daughter to his first wife, Rose. William was now aged 65 years and his bride was aged 58 years, also a widow.

William purchased land from the Crown on 16 February 1872 for £67/4/0 at Ormaston, Westmoreland (near Westbury). This became known as Quamby Brook where many generations of the Bussey family continued to farm and live.

William died at the age of 84 years on 27 December 1892 at Quamby Brook. The death registration recorded the cause of death as 'senile decay'. His third wife died at Quamby Brook on 29 September 1930, aged 83 years.

For further information email bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George BYE (1855-1935)

George was aged about three years of age when departing England on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents: James Bye (1820-1887) and Susan nee Mason (aka Dixon – 1834-1883). James and Susan did not marry until about three months before sailing on the 'Trade Wind' – 12 July 1857 at St Mary's Church, Illington, Norfolk. This suggests George may have been the son of Susan and not James Bye. After the marriage George was known by the name of Bye. A search for George Bye, Dickson, Dixon or Mason was not able to find a birth or baptism for George. Family history researchers on *ancestry.com* record George as being born on 19 May 1855 in Norfolk, England.

George married Hannah Georgiana (Anna) Manning (1858-1900) on 13 August 1879 at 'Melrose' Longford. She was the daughter of ex-convict George (1826-1864) and Caroline Ann nee Hill (1837-1894). George Manning was convicted with burglary with maleance on 25 March 1843 at Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk. He was transported for Life, firstly to Norfolk Island per 'Maitland' in 1844. Anna was aged six or seven years when her father was brutally murdered at 'Hunterston', 12 miles from Bothwell. He was an overseer on the property owned by William Race Allison, Esq. (1812-1865) and after telling some intoxicated shepherds to leave the property a disturbance broke out. Dr William Campbell testified at the inquest stating the cause of death was a fracture of a portion of the temporal bone, the brains exuded. He testified the injuries might have been caused by the iron toe of the boots which were produced as evidence.



George Bye



Hannah nee Manning



Hannah and George

Bye

(Pictures copied from *ancestry.com* – Trudi Monteath)

George and Anna had ten children; a daughter, Laura, died in infancy and another son, Percy Albert, who was a shearer, died in 1913 with typhoid fever in Winton Queensland, aged 28 years. George and Anna lived in the Cressy district. Anna died on 16 February 1900 at Cressy at the age of 42 years, a few months after her youngest daughter, Mildred (1899-1951) was born. George was left with a very young family to take care of.

George remarried Mabel Amy Gregory (1879-1969) on 1 September 1901 in Deloraine. Mabel was his children's schoolteacher, the daughter of Edward Culverhouse Gregory (1836-1901), First Superintendent of Police in Deloraine and Mary Elizabeth Beaumont nee Crowder (1837-1882). George and Mabel had at least eight children, making about 18 born to George. George and Mabel lived at 'Iveridge', a property on the Blackwood

Creek Road, three kilometres east of the Blackwood Creek hamlet where all their children were born. 'Iveridge' was owned by the Archer's at the time. A daughter, Winifred (1904-1906), died with burns, aged two years. Sons, Allan (Mick -1906-2000) and Alfred (1902-1988) became well-known as picture showmen.

George died, aged 80 years, at Blackwood Creek on 27 June 1935. Mabel died at the Launceston General Hospital on 4 April 1969, aged 89 years, just five days short of her 90th birthday. Mabel also lived in Sheffield and Campbell Town before finally living at 38 Mayne Street, Launceston.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

James BYE (1820-1887)

James was born about 1820 in Snettisham in Norfolk, a son of John Bye (1789-1873) and Jane nee Hardy (1797-1876). James was accompanied by his wife, Susan nee Mason (aka Dixon - 1833-1883) and three year old George (1855-1935) when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858.

James was aged 38 years when he arrived. Ship's records show he was able to read and write and occupied as a shepherd. James was sponsored by William Archer of Launceston. He left the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, on 11 April 1858 and travelled, with his wife and child, by steamer 'William Miskin' to Launceston.

Handwritten ship's record from the 'Trade Wind' showing passengers and cargo. The document is dated 11th April 1858 and lists the names of passengers and their destinations. It also includes details about the ship's cargo and the names of the crew members.

Name	Age	Sex	Profession	Destination
James Bye	38	M	Shepherd	Tasmania
Susan nee Mason	24	F	Wife	Tasmania
George Bye	3	M	Child	Tasmania

It is probable James was sponsored by and worked for William Archer, Snr (1788-1879), landowner, of 'Brickendon' at Longford.

Two of John's siblings also migrated to Tasmania: William (1833-1928) and Keziah (1837-1922). Both arrived in Tasmania on 28 August 1857 per 'Southern Eagle'. William was a farm labourer and sponsored by TC Dowling. Keziah (aka Kessie) migrated with her husband, George Ayres (1829-1893) and their son George William (1856-1896).

Page _____ The Year 1857

N^o _____ Banns of Marriage between
James Bye of the County of Norfolk
and Susan nee Mason
of the Parish of St. Mary's

Were published, as follows:

1st, on Sunday 22nd June - by *William Collett*
 2d, on Sunday 29th July - by *William Collett*
 3d, on Sunday 5th Aug - by *William Collett*



James married Susan nee Mason (aka Dixon) on 25 July 1857 at St Mary's Church, Illington in Norfolk. Susan's father was George Mason (aka Dixon -1807-1881) and Sarah nee Shinn (1808-1885). The marriage registration recorded Susan's last name as Mason. (See further information about Susan on her listing.)

James and Susan lived at 'Saundridge', Longford in 1862 and then by 1864 at McCrae's Hill, Cressy. 'Saundridge' was owned by

William Archer's son, Robert Joseph Archer (1832-1914), of 'Brickendon'. The property was well-known, situated in the Cressy district, about 28 miles from Launceston.

James died on 1 April 1887 at McRae's Hill, Tasmania. The cause of death was due to heart disease. Susan predeceased her husband. She died on 25 March 1883 at Cressy, aged 48 years. The cause of death was 'exhaustion.' They were buried at the Holy Trinity Anglican Cemetery at Cressy.

Picture of James Bye copied from *ancestry.com* – robertkcook.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Susan BYE nee DIXON aka MASON (1834-1883)

Susan was baptised on 27 April 1834 in Illington in Norfolk. Her parents were George Mason (aka Dixon - 1807-1881) and Sarah nee Shinn (1808-1885). Susan's father, George, was baptised at Illington on 3 July 1807, the son of Elizabeth Mason and his father was not named. Two weeks after his birth his mother married Daniel Dixon. George may have been the son of Daniel Dixon. George and Sarah had five children and all were named Mason. George later used the name of Dixon.

Susan accompanied her husband, James Bye (1820-1887) and son George (1855-1935) for the beginning of a new life, arriving in Tasmania in February 1858 on the ship 'Trade Wind'. Susan was aged 24 years, literate, and a needlewoman. James and Susan were sponsored by William Archer (1788-1879), landowner, of 'Brickenden', Longford. They left the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, on 11 April 1858 and travelled by steamer 'William Miskin' to Launceston.

Susan had a daughter, Ellen, when she was aged 16 years. Ellen was given the last name of Dixon and not Mason (Susan was calling herself Dixon at this time). Ellen's father was not named and the birth registration recorded Susan Dixon as being a single woman. Ellen was raised by her grand-parents, and she was left with them when Susan migrated to Tasmania.

In the 1851 England Census for Hall, Illington, Wayland, Norfolk:

George Dixon (43 – 1808), labourer ag., born Illington, Norfolk; Sarah, wife (43, 1808), born Mildenhall, Norfolk; Susan, unmarried, daughter (16, 1835), labourer's daughter, born Illington; Mary Ann Dixon, daughter (12, 1839), scholar, born Illington, Norfolk; and Ellen Dixon, grand-daughter (6 months, 1851) born Illington, Norfolk.

In 1871 Ellen Dixon was an unmarried, a servant cook in the home of Henry Goodchild on a farm of 390 acres. Goodchild employed 19 men, 12 boys and 7 women.

Susan also gave birth to a son, George, on 19 May 1855 just under two years before she married James Bye. It is not known George's father but he was raised as James' son and went by the name of Bye. Susan Mason married James Bye on 12 July 1857 at St Mary's Church, Illington.

In 1862 James and Susan lived at 'Saundridge', in the Cressy district. 'Saundridge' was owned by William Archer's (1788-1879) son, Robert Joseph Archer (1832-1914) of 'Brickendon'. The property was well-known, situated 28 miles from Launceston. By 1864 they lived at McCrae's Hill, near Cressy. Susan and James had ten children after arriving in Tasmania. A daughter, Jane (1860-1869) died at Cressy, aged nine years, with typhoid fever.

Susan predeceased her husband. She died on 25 March 1883 at Cressy, aged 48 years. The cause of death was 'exhaustion.' James died on 1 April 1887 at McCrae's Hill. The cause of death was due to heart disease. They were buried at the Holy Trinity Anglican Cemetery at Cressy.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John CALVER (1839-?)

John was aged 18 years from Suffolk, when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. He was a groom and was sponsored by William Hamilton (1810-1885), landowner, of O'Brien's Ridge. John was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 11 April 1858 to Hamilton.

John was likely to be the son of Edward (1796-1849) and Susan nee Warren (1802-1886). His father passed away in about 1849, sometime after John's youngest sister, Charlotte, was born in 1841 and before the 1851 England Census. In the 1851 England Census for Honington, Suffolk, Susan was a pauper, widow, aged 42 years. John was aged 13 years, a cowboy, born Honington. In the 1861 Census for Honington, Susan was a charwoman, aged 53 years.

John was illiterate when he arrived in Tasmania. It is possible his name was spelt differently such as Calvert or Carver. A record of him staying in Tasmania under the name of John Calver could not be found.

A John Carver died on 1 May 1906 at 375 Macquarie Street, Hobart (1906/268).

No further information about John was able to be found. If a reader has any information about John it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William CAPEWELL (1836-1897)

William was aged 21 years, single, could read and a collier from Staffordshire when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. William was discharged from the Quarantine Station in Impression Bay to New Town on his own account on 29 March 1858.

Among other large properties Foster owned in Tasmania and Victoria he also owned the Douglas River Coal Company. It is possible William worked for John as a collier at this mine.

In 1867 William was a Director of the Working Miners' Gold Mining Company Limited. The object of this Company was to work a part of the ground known as 'Umbrella Flat' at Mangana, which had been proved to be gold bearing, and in which it was believed there was a gutter, conveying gold from Major's and other gullies. (*The Cornwall Chronicle*, 26 Jan 1867, p6)

In approximately 1867 William relocated to Newcastle in New South Wales (NSW). His obituary on Friday 3 September 1897 in the *Newcastle Morning Herald and Miners' Advocate* reported:

New Lambton - Death. Mr William Capewell, an old and respected resident of 30 years, passed away yesterday morning, after a short illness, the cause of death being pneumonia and inflammation of the lungs. The deceased was 65 years of age, and a native of Staffordshire, England. He served three years as an alderman, being one of the first nine elected to the council after incorporation in 1889. He was also a member of the Oddfellows' Lodge and Sons of Temperance. In politics he was an out-and-out Protectionist, and a very active one at a Parliamentary election. There is much sympathy in the community with the bereaved widow and family.

Headstone for William Capewell. Death 1897, New Lambton, Lake Macquarie City, New South Wales. Buried Sandgate Cemetery, Newcastle. Burial date 3 Sep 1897. Son of James and Phyllis.

William was baptised on 16 October 1836 at Kingswinford and St Mary Chapelry, Staffordshire. His parents were James (-1842) and Phyllis nee Marsh (Border? – 1817-1891). James died in 1842 and his mother remarried Abraham Hodson (or Hudson – 1821-1868). William and his brother, Thomas, lived in this household. In the 1851 England Census for Kingswinford, Staffordshire, William was recorded as being born in Gornal, Kingswinford, Brierley Hill, born about 1837. His mother, Phillis Hudson, born about 1815, aged 61 years, migrated to NSW on 15 February 1876 per 'Earl Dalhousie'. Ship's records detail she was a widow, born Staffordshire, her parents were both dead, she belonged to the Primitive Methodist faith, could read. Her relations in the Colony were her son, W Capewell of Lampton and brother, Henry Border.

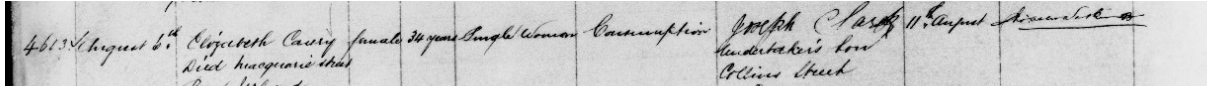
Details of William's family in Australia are not known. For additional information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Elizabeth (Eliza) CAREY (1833-1864)

Eliza was aged 24 years, single, literate, a needlewoman from Tipperary, Ireland, when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Eliza migrated with her parents, John Knight Carey (1797-1872) and Martha (1807-1866) and six of her siblings: Letitia (1831-1859), Sophia (1835-1860), John Knight Blackton (1837-1915), William (1838-1928), Henrietta Martha (1841-1936) and Louisa Sarah (1846-1911). There was also a Thomas Carey from Tipperary on the same ship but it is not known whether he was a

sibling of Eliza. Eliza was sponsored by Dr John Anthony Moore (1817-1878), surgeon, of Hobart Town and New Norfolk.

Elizabeth died at her parent's residence in Macquarie Street, Hobart, on 6 August 1864 at the age of 34 years. The cause of death was consumption (Tuberculosis - TB).



Elizabeth was firstly buried in the Campbell Street Cemetery in Hobart. After the Campbell Street Cemetery closed and was redeveloped, Elizabeth, along with her parents and sister Sophia, were exhumed and reburied in the Cornelian Bay Cemetery on 14 March 1911. This was the same day sister Louisa was buried at Cornelian Bay. All were buried in the same site at Cornelian Bay.

Henrietta Martha CAREY (1841-1936)

Henrietta was aged 16 years, single, literate, a needlewoman from Tipperary, Ireland, when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with her parents: John Knight Carey (1797-1872) and Martha (1807-1866) and six of her siblings - Letitia (1831-1859), Sophia (1835-1860), John Knight Blackton (1837-1915), William (1838-1928), Elizabeth (aka Eliza - 1833-1864) and Louisa Sarah (1846-1911). It is possible Thomas Carey who was also a migrant on the 'Trade Wind' may also have been her brother.

Henrietta was sponsored by Ralph Terry (1815-1892), miller, of New Norfolk.

Henrietta remained a spinster. She died at her residence, 4 Parliament Street, Sandy Bay on 22 April 1936, aged 95 years. Henrietta was buried with her parents and siblings at Cornelian Bay Cemetery.

John CAREY Jnr (1837-1915)

John was aged 20 years, single, literate, a miller from Tipperary when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his family.

John was sponsored by Ralph Terry (1815-1892), miller, of New Norfolk.

John Knight Blackton Carey was born about 1837 in Tipperary, Ireland. It was said in his death notice he was the third son of John (1797-1872) and Martha nee Blackton (1807-1866). Birth records for any of the Carey family were unable to be found on *ancestry.com* nor *findmypast*. Ages were given as per their said ages on the 'Trade Wind'. According to the males who came on the journey John Knight Blackton Carey was the eldest followed by William and Thomas, so perhaps the notice should have said 'the eldest son'.

John was an accountant in Hobart and resided at 4 Parliament Street, Sandy Bay. It is believed John remained a bachelor.

John was paranoid about being buried alive (Taphophobia). In his Will John directed his executors:

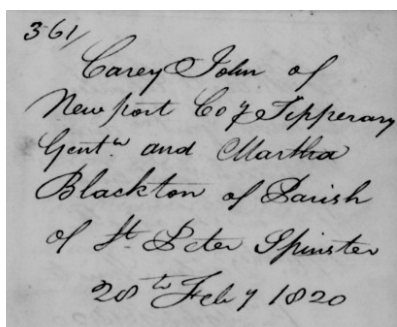
... to take all necessary steps and for this purpose to employ such doctors or other skilled persons as they in their sole discretion may think proper for the purpose of ascertaining that he was in fact dead and not in any other State having the resemblance of death in order so far as possible to avoid all risk of being buried alive.

On the day his sister, Louisa, died John had the responsibility of exhuming all the other family members from the Campbell Street Cemetery as it was closing and being redeveloped. They were all reburied together at Cornelian Bay Cemetery. Did something happen during the bodies being exhumed to make John feel it necessary to make sure he was dead before he was buried?

John passed away on 27 August 1915 at his residence, 4 Parliament Street, Sandy Bay, aged 78 years. The cause of death was senile decay and inflammation of Parotid Gland. John left his estate to his spinster sister, Henrietta Martha Carey. Henrietta was his only surviving sibling. All the other siblings, except for his brother William, did not marry nor have children. His brother William married but relocated to New Zealand.

John CAREY Snr (1797-1872)

John was aged 60 years and a farmer when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 accompanied by his wife, Martha nee Blackton (1807-1866) and six children: Letitia (1831-1859), Sophia (1835-1860), Elizabeth (Eliza -1833-1864), John Jnr (1837-1915), Henrietta Martha (1841-1936) and Louisa Sarah (1846-1911). It is possible two other 'Trade Wind' migrants Thomas (1842-?) and William (1838-1928) were sons of John Snr and Martha. They were also born in Tipperary, Ireland. John was not sponsored, paying his own fare.



361
Carey John of
Newport Co Tipperary
Gent^l and Martha
Blackton of Parish
of St Peter Spinster
20th Feb 1820

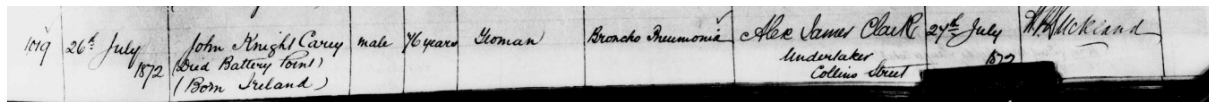
John and Martha married on 28 February 1820 in Tipperary, Ireland. On the marriage registration John was residing at Newport, Tipperary and was described as a Gentleman. Martha was from the Parish of St Peter.

Newport, is a picturesque town located on the West coast of Ireland in County Mayo, nestling on the shores of Clew Bay. John was well off as he was named a 'Gentleman' on the marriage registration. A Gentleman

usually referred to somebody who was living on their own means.

Based on the naming of his son John Knight Blackton Carey (1837-1915) it is probable his mother's maiden name was 'Knight'. No records could be found in Ireland, however. A Joseph Knight Carey, born about 1814 was a medical doctor who was the author of works about pulmonary disease and phthisis pulmonalis. His father was John Knight Carey. Martha also had a brother who was a Doctor of Medicine – William Henry Blackton (1811-1893).

John and his family all passed away in Hobart without issue. John died on 26 July 1872 aged 76 years in Battery Point, Hobart; the cause of death was Broncho Pneumonia. Death registration records his occupation as a 'Yeoman'. A yeoman generally means a farmer who owns his own piece of land rather than being a tenant farmer. It is probable John also owned land in Ireland. John worked in Tasmania after his arrival as on at least two official documents his occupation was recorded as a miller and a clerk.



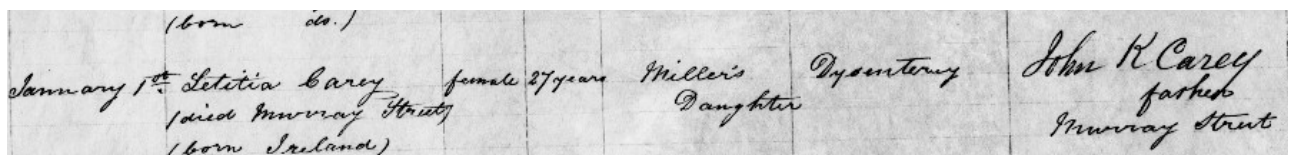
John was firstly buried in the Campbell Street Hobart Cemetery and exhumed and reburied in the Cornelian Bay Cemetery in 1911 when Campbell Street was closed due to it being a health hazard. His wife, Martha, and daughters Elizabeth and Sophia were also exhumed from Campbell Street and reburied at Cornelian Bay. Other children were buried later in the same site making eight in total including: Henrietta, John Knight Blackton, Letitia and Louisa. Their plot is in the Church of England Section, F, No. 23. Neither Thomas nor William were buried with this family.

Letitia CAREY (1831-1859)

Letitia was aged 26 years, single, literate, a needlewoman from Tipperary when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Letitia travelled with her parents John Knight Carey (1797-1872) and Martha nee Blackton (1807-1866) and siblings: Sophia (1835-1860), John Knight Blackton (1837-1915), William (1838-1928), Henrietta (1841-1936), Thomas (1842-?), Louisa (1846-1911) and Elizabeth (1833-1864).

Letitia was sponsored by Thomas Johnson, farmer, of Broadmarsh³. As there were several by the name of Thomas Johnson in Tasmania at that time it is uncertain which one he is.

Letitia died on 1 January 1859 at Murray Street, Hobart with dysentery. She was aged 27 years. Her father, John K Carey of Murray Street, a miller, was the informant of her death. Letitia was buried in the family plot with her parents and six others at Cornelian Bay in Hobart.



Louisa CAREY (1846-1911)

Louisa (Louisa Sarah) was aged 11 years and was not sponsored when arriving in Hobart Town on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her parents John Knight Carey (1797-1872) and Martha nee Blackton (1807-1866) and siblings Sophia (1835-1860), John

³ Thomas Johnson could have been either a farmer of Broadmarsh, a farm servant of O'Brien's Ridge or a merchant of Hobart Town.

Knight Blackton (1837-1915), William (1838-1928), Henrietta (1841-1936), Thomas (1842-?), Letitia (1831-1856) and Elizabeth (1833-1864).

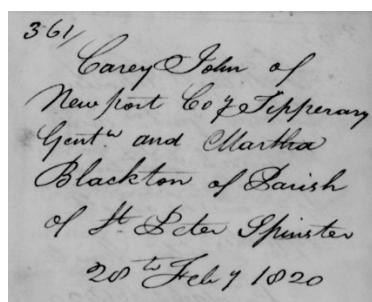
Louisa was born about 1846 in Tipperary in Ireland. She died, a spinster, intestate on 10 March 1911 at her late residence 216 Macquarie Street, Hobart, aged 65 years.

Louisa's estate was awarded to her brother, John Knight Blackton Carey, Accountant of Hobart, the sole surviving brother – her estate did not exceed the value of £274. Louisa was buried at Cornelian Bay, Hobart, with her father, John Knight Carey, and six others. Her brother, John Knight Blackton would have arranged for all the family to be buried together at Cornelian Bay. All were exhumed from the Campbell Street cemetery (at the time it was closing and being redeveloped) and reburied on the same day Louisa Sarah was buried on 14 March 1911. John Knight Blackton Carey was later buried in the same plot.

Martha CAREY nee BLACKTON (1807-1866)

Martha was aged 50 years, when she migrated to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind' with her husband John Knight Carey (1797-1872) and children: Letitia (1831-1859), Sophia (1835-1860), Elizabeth (Eliza -1833-1864), John Jnr (1837-1915), Henrietta Martha (1841-1936) and Louisa Sarah (1846-1911). It is possible two other 'Trade Wind' migrants Thomas (1842-?) and William (1838-1928) were sons of John Snr and Martha. They were also born in Tipperary, Ireland.

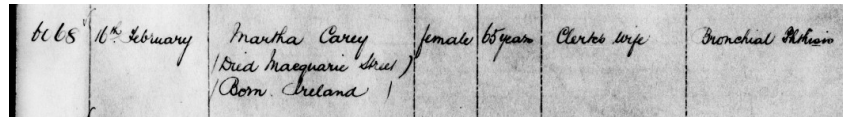
It is not known who Martha's parents were, but it is likely her father married twice. Martha had a brother or half-brother who was a Doctor of Medicine – William Henry Blackton (1811-1893). He died between April-June 1893, aged 82 years, in Loughrea, Galway, Ireland. Her father (not named) in 1834 was taxed on six acres of land at Lisnagour, Parish Ballingarry, County Tipperary near Cork.



John and Martha married on 28 February 1820 in Tipperary, Ireland. On the marriage registration John was residing at Newport, Tipperary and was described as a Gentleman. Martha was from the Parish of St Peter.

John was well off as he was named a 'Gentleman' on the marriage registration. A Gentleman usually referred to somebody who was living on their own means.

Martha died on 16 February 1866 in Hobart, Tasmania, aged 59 years. Her death registration records her age as being 65 years which means she would have been born about 1801. Martha died at Macquarie Street, a clerk's wife and was born Ireland. The cause of death was bronchitis. Martha was buried at Cornelian Bay, Hobart with her husband, John Knight and six others. Neither Thomas nor William were buried with this family.

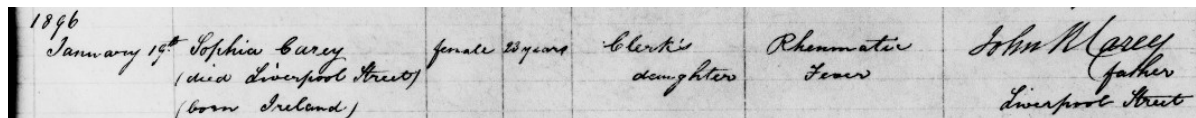


Sophia CAREY (1835-1860)

Sophia was aged 22 years, single, literate, a needlewoman from Tipperary when she migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her parents John Knight Carey (1797-1872) and Martha nee Blackton (1807-1866) and siblings Louisa (1846-1911), John Knight Blackton (1837-1915), William (1838-1928), Henrietta (1841-1936), Thomas (1842-?), Letitia (1831-1856) and Elizabeth (1833-1864).

Sophia was sponsored by Henry Hopkins, landowner, of Hobart Town.

Sophia died at her parents' residence, Liverpool Street, on 1 January 1860, aged 23 years. The death registration recorded she was a clerk's daughter, born Ireland and the cause of death was rheumatic fever. The informant of her death was her father, John Carey, of Liverpool Street.



Sophia was buried at Cornelian Bay with her parents and five others.

Thomas CAREY (1842-?)

Thomas was aged 15 years (born about 1843), literate, a draper's apprentice from Tipperary when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents John Knight Carey (1797-1872) and Martha nee Blackton (1807-1866) and siblings Letitia (1831-1859), Sophia (1835-1860), John Knight Blackton (1837-1915), William (1838-1928), Henrietta (1841-1936), Louisa (1846-1911) and Elizabeth (1833-1864). Thomas was sponsored by Anthony Maum, brewer, of New Norfolk.

It is not known what happened to Thomas. He was not buried in the family plot so it is believed he did not remain in Tasmania. The possibilities include:

- A Thomas Henry Carey died 12 Sep 1904 at Zeehan. Thomas who migrated on the 'Trade Wind' may not have been the son of John Knight but perhaps a relative travelling with him. An inquest (no. 11738) was held on 13 September 1904 at Zeehan and Dundas Hospital. He died on 12 September at the 'Spray Mine' at Zeehan by suffocation from drowning at the bottom of the mine - by accidentally falling and therefore his death was due to a misadventure and not otherwise. This Thomas was aged 21 years and named Thomas Henry Carey.
- A Thomas Carey, born 6 Aug 1842, Tipperary, Ireland, died Clinton, Iowa, USA on 9 Dec 1923, aged 81 years (born about 1842).
- A Thomas Carey, born abt 1842, aged 84 years, died New Zealand in 1926.

If a reader has any information about Thomas Carey who migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 it would be appreciated if they contacted betty.pilgrim@hotmail.com.

William CAREY (1838-1879)

William was aged 19 years, single, literate and a draper's apprentice from Tipperary, Ireland when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. William, and possibly his brother, Thomas, were sponsored by Anthony Maume (1802-1862) of Hobart.

Another Carey family was on the 'Trade Wind': John Knight (1707-1872), his wife Martha (1807-1866) and six children: Letitia (1831-1859), Elizabeth (1833-1864), Sophia (1835-1860), John Jnr (1837-1915), Henrietta (1841-1936) and Louisa (1846-1911). They all originated from Tipperary, Ireland as well. It is unlikely William and Thomas were children of John and Martha, although this cannot be ruled out. The reasons for the conclusion they are not of the John Knight Carey family are William and Thomas were not buried in the John Carey family plot at Cornelian Bay nor were they mentioned in the various death notices. They were also the only members of the Carey family sponsored by Anthony Maum (1802-1862), brewer, of New Norfolk. Birth or baptism registration was not able to be found in Irish records to confirm their relationship.

It is possible the William Boswell Carey who was born on 3 November 1837 at Newport, County Tipperary, Ireland and who died at Cooma, New South Wales on 12 April 1879, aged 39 years is the same William Carey. William from Cooma was a storekeeper. He married Mary Ann Morton in Cooma in 1869.

Further records for William, apart from his arrival in Tasmania, were not found.

If a reader has any information about William Carey from the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Henry CARTWRIGHT (1839-1927)

Henry was aged 18 years, single, illiterate, a collier from Staffordshire when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Henry was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), landowner, of Hobart Town and New Town. Among other large properties Foster owned in Tasmania and Victoria he also owned the Douglas River Coal Company. It is possible Henry worked for John as a collier at this mine.

There is no evidence of Henry remaining in Tasmania. A WH Cartwright was recorded as living at Mangana in 1866. Another 'Trade Wind' passenger, William Capewell, who was also a collier and sponsored by John Foster, was living at Mangana at this time. It is likely Henry went to Newcastle, New South Wales (NSW) with other collier colleagues who were sponsored by John Foster. There were several Henry Cartwright's in the Newcastle district who were colliers.

The person most likely to fit the 'Trade Wind' migrant was Henry Cartwright who was born in 1838 at Stowe, Staffordshire. He died on 1 August 1927 in Cardiff, NSW. Cardiff is a small town in the Lake Macquarie district, located 17 kilometres (11 miles) west-southwest of Newcastle. Henry firstly married Victoria Bournier (1838-1875) in 1867 at St Peters, NSW. The marriage was registered in Newcastle. Henry and Victoria had two children. After Victoria's death Henry remarried Mary Jane Harris (or Walsh?) and they had two children. A son, Henry (1883-1948), was given the first name at birth of 'Sir Henry' aka Henry Fred. According to a researcher on *ancestry.com* Henry Snr was the son of William Raybold Cartwright (1797-1870) and Sarah nee Tooth (1803-?). William Capewell also died in the Lake Macquarie district.

Another, although less likely, was Henry Cartwright a coalfield pioneer of the Maitland district known as the first man to prove the worth of the great coal measures that have made the name of Maitland known throughout the commercial world. An Inquest into his death his son stated his father was 68 years of age and a native of Yorkshire. This would mean this Henry would have been born in 1856 and if accurate, not in Staffordshire.

For additional information or if a reader has more information it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George CARVER (1835-1923)

George was aged 22 years, single, could read, a ploughman and groom from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. George was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to his sponsor, Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, Hobart Town and New Wharf, on 11 April 1858.

It is not known George's birth details nor what happened to him after arriving in Tasmania.

Of the possibilities of his birth:

- A George Carver born about 1837 was baptised in 1840 in Suffolk. His mother was Pleasance Calver and father unnamed.
- In the 1841 England Census for Kirton, Woodbridge, Suffolk a George Carver, born about 1837, aged 4 years, was living with his parents William (45), agricultural labourer and Matilda (35) and four siblings.
- A George Carver, baptised 29 June 1833, Yoxford, Suffolk. Parents were George and Elizabeth.
- A George Carver baptised 25 September 1836, Metfield, St John the Baptist. Father: George, farmer. Mother: Eliza.

In Tasmania after arrival in 1858:

- Application for publicans' licences to new houses granted: George Carver, Artillery Arms, Macquarie Street and Eliza Carver, Union Inn, Campbell Street. (*The Mercury*, Tues 5 Feb 1867)
- A George CALVER died 31 March 1902, Vincent Street, Launceston.

- George CALVER married Jane Willoughby, 7 April 1863, Launceston.

In Victoria after arrival in Tasmania in 1858:

- George Carver was living at Beaufort, Grampians, Victoria in 1903. He was born about 1833 and died at Beaufort, Victoria in 1923, aged 90 years. His parents were Thomas Carver and Hannah. George married Rose Spelman (1835-1903) in Victoria in 1866 and had at least six children.

If a reader has any information about George Carver who arrived Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William CAWLEY (1837-1903)

William was aged 21 years, single, literate and a bricklayer from Suffolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. He was sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf. William was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Morrison in April 1858.

Askin Morrison had a number of projects in Hobart Town requiring the services of a bricklayer. One such project might have been after he purchased a block of land measuring two acres, two roods and 28 perches at Arthur Circus on 6 November 1847. Morrison built a number of buildings and warehouses in the New Wharf in Hobart Town. It is possible William worked on bricklaying some of the cottages on Arthur's Circus and perhaps some of the buildings in the New Wharf area.

William was born on 25 February 1837 at Bardwell in Suffolk and baptised the following day. His parents were William (1806-1878) and Diana (Dinah) nee Harvey (1800-1868). William's father was also a bricklayer. In the 1841 England Census, William's brother, John, was a bricklayer's labourer. At this time William had seven siblings.

It is believed 'Trade Wind' migrant William went to New Zealand (NZ) by 1865. Several of the migrants recruited by Askin Morrison also went to NZ. William married Grace Fisher (1826-1890) on 17 August 1865 at her mother's residence in Filluel Street, Dunedin. They had at least four children, three sons and one daughter, who remained in NZ. In the 1890 NZ Electoral Roll William was a farmer of 209 acres on the Warepa Estate in Otago, NZ. William died in August 1903 at Waiwera, aged 66 years. His wife, Grace had predeceased him by thirteen years. She died on 15 February 1890 at Waiwera, aged 63 years.

There were several William Cawley's who were in Tasmania. A William Crawley born 1836 died on 2 August 1863 at Richmond Tasmania, aged 27 years. A William Cawley married in 1865 in Hobart to Elizabeth Ashley.

If a reader has any information about William, who arrived Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858, it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George CHALLIS (1839-1882)

George was aged 18 years, single, literate and a groom from Suffolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. George was sponsored by John Curwen Walker (1811-1878), landowner, of New Town. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 16 April 1858 to Dr Brock (1790-1862).

George was the son of John (1804-1866) and Harriett nee Brunning (1807-1879). George was baptised on Christmas Day 1839 at Sapiston in Suffolk. Sapiston is less than four kilometres from Bardwell. George, a gardener, married Jane Kinsman (1836-1915) in the Church of Holy Trinity in Hobart, Tasmania on 3 June 1861. Jane was baptised on 14 February 1836 at Shipton Bellinger in Hampshire. Her mother was Caroline Kinsman and her father was not named. Jane, aged 23 years, departed London on 21 May 1859 and arrived in Hobart on 9 September 1859 per 'Oriental'. Their first-born child, George Charles (1862-1945) was born in Hobart. George and Jane departed for New Zealand (NZ) in September 1862 per the 'Boomerang' schooner. Another eight children were born in NZ. According to the 1870-71 NZ Electoral Roll George was living at Block 12, Rattray Street, Dunedin.

It is probable George's sponsor, John Curwen Walker, in his role as accountant, arranged for George to come to Tasmania to work for Dr Henry Gordon Brock, RN (1790-1862).

Dr Brock owned the estates of 'Red Rock' and 'Rosemount' which were occupied by FW Steiglitz, Esq. situated on the St Paul's River, about 15 miles from Avoca. It is very likely George worked on one or both of these properties.

George Challis passed away on 29 December 1882 in Dunedin, NZ, aged 65 years. Jane died in 1915 aged 77 years.

Francis CLARK (1842-1923)

Francis aka Frank was born on 25 October 1842 at Eldon in Suffolk. His parents were James (1814-1895) and Sarah nee Winwood (1817-1852). Francis (Frank) accompanied his father on the 'Trade Wind' arriving Tasmania in 1858; both were sponsored by Francis Cotton (1801-1883), landowner, Great Swanport. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay with his father and sailed to Swanport on the 'Tommy'. Francis was aged 15 years, single, literate and a groom.

Francis Clark married Mary Reston Campbell (1841-1910) at Cressy, Tasmania, on 19 March 1861. Mary had sailed from Glasgow on 'Broomelaw' arriving Launceston in November 1859. She was the daughter of James Campbell (1810-1886) and Jessie nee Ure (1822-1890). A son, James Campbell Clark, was born in Tasmania in 1862 to Francis and Mary; he lived for two months. Frank and Mary moved to Bacchus Marsh in Victoria between 1862 and 1864 where their next child was born. After arriving in Victoria, Frank worked as a farm labourer. In about 1898 Frank and Mary moved to Melton in Victoria.

Francis petitioned for divorce in January 1903 on the basis Mary had deserted him and had developed a drinking problem since arriving in Melton. In the Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Jurisdiction between Francis Clark, Petitioner and Mary Resiton Clark, Respondent Francis declared five children were born of their marriage, namely: Sarah (36), Francis James (34), David Campbell (31), Janet (28) and Mary (22) all of whom were still living and all born at Bacchus Marsh in Victoria. After their marriage they lived at Cressy in Tasmania for about two years, at Bacchus Marsh in Victoria for about 28 years and then at Melton in Victoria for about one year when in February 1899 Mary left home. A divorce was granted.

Francis died on 4 January 1923 at Brunswick at the age of 80 years. Mary died at the Kew Asylum, aged 68 years, with chronic nephritis and heart failure on 21 July 1920.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Jacob CLARK (1837-?)

Jacob was born about 1837 in Suffolk, England. He was aged 20 years, single, illiterate and a shepherd when arriving in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Jacob was discharged on the evening of 11 May 1858 from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on his own account.

Jacob may have married Mary Ann Southernwood on 30 June 1860 at the Parish Church, Perth, Tasmania. Mary Ann was aged 16 years, a spinster minor at the time of marriage. Jacob recorded his occupation as 'servant' on the marriage registration. Mary Ann was the daughter of ex-convict James Southernwood (1811-1877) and Ann nee Murphy (1829-1895). Her father had been convicted on 10 January 1825 at the Somerset Quarter Sessions for seven years. He was aged 14 years at the time of conviction and found guilty of stealing a tea chest and two silver spoons.

Jacob's sponsor was William Robertson (1799-1874), merchant, Hobart Town, who was born in 1799 at Alvey, Inverness-shire, Scotland, where his father was a respectable sheep farmer.

Jacob was possibly the son of Francis Clark (1798-1840) and Mary nee Brunning (1800-1871) who resided at Icklingham, All Saints, Suffolk. In the 1841 England Census Mary was aged 40 years and a widow.

It is not known what happened to Jacob. It is possible he went to Victoria and then to New Zealand (NZ). There is a record of Jacob Clark, in December 1867, departing Victoria for Hokitika and Greymouth in NZ per 'Alhambra'.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' Jacob Clark it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

James CLARK (1814-1895)

James was aged 43 years, a farm bailiff from Suffolk, when he migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. James was accompanied on the voyage by his son, Francis (Frank – 1842-1923) and his daughter, Susan (1838-1898).

James was born about 1814 at Elden, Elvedon in Suffolk, the son of Sarah Clark (1779-1861). His father was not named on the birth registration. Although James said he was 'single' on the ship's records he was a widower. He married Sarah nee Winwood (1817-1852) on 27 January 1839 in the Thingoe Registration District, Suffolk. Sarah died on 15 June 1852 at Elvedon, aged 34 years. James and Sarah had at least four children: Susannah (1839-1898), Mary Ann (1841-?), Francis (1842-1923) and Hannah (1848-1849). Sarah had a daughter, Jane, prior to marrying James. Jane was born about 1837 in Lackford, Suffolk and passed away as Jane Clark in 1852 in Mildenhall, Suffolk, England. It is not known what happened to Mary Ann and it is possible she was deceased before her father and siblings embarked on the 'Trade Wind'.

James and his son, Francis, were sponsored by Francis Cotton (1801-1883), landowner, of Swanport and they were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to him on 15 May 1858 per 'Tommy'. Francis Cotton was a grazier (sheep), and owned several properties and he and his family settled down at 'Kelvedon' at Swanport. James, as a farm bailiff, would have been engaged as a manager or head worker under the direct supervision of Cotton. He was most likely engaged in supervision and allocation of farm labourers' duties and possibly responsible for collecting rents from tenant farmers.

It is uncertain what happened to James; he may have died on 5 October 1883 at Bacchus Marsh in Victoria at the age of 72 years.

If anybody has any information about the 'Trade Wind' James Clark it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Susan CLARK (1838-1898?)

Susan was aged 19 years, single, literate and a cook from Suffolk when she migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by Dr John Anthony Moore (1817-1878), surgeon, of New Norfolk and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay per 'Monarch' on 7 May 1858 to Dr Moore.

Susan (aka Susannah) was the daughter of James (1811-1883) and Sarah nee Winwood (1817-1852) born about 1838 in Eldon, Suffolk. She accompanied her father and brother (Francis 1842-1923) on the 'Trade Wind' but did not join them at Swanport and went to New Norfolk instead to work for Dr Moore.

It is difficult to trace Susan through the public records. Researchers on *ancestry.com* record she married Arthur Leach and they moved to New Zealand (NZ). The marriage registration for Arthur Leach and Susan Clarke show they were married on 3 May 1860

at 17 Barrack Street, Hobart, in the residence of Mr Worster using the rites and ceremonies of the Free Church of Scotland. Arthur was aged 21 years upwards, a Private with the 12th Regiment, a bachelor. Susan was aged 21 years upwards, and a spinster. Arthur signed with his mark. The 12th Regiment arrived Melbourne on 18 October 1854 from Cork, departing 8 July, and arriving Hobart in January 1856. After leaving Hobart the Regiment went on to Sydney arriving in April 1858 and after approximately five years in Sydney departed on 22 September 1863 per 'Curacoa' for NZ. As Arthur married in Hobart in 1860 it is possible he did not remain with the Regiment although he may have remained in NZ after his Regiment went there in 1863.

According to the researcher (Stuart Goodship) on *ancestry.com* Susan died in 1898 at Onga Onga, Hawkes Bay, NZ and Arthur passed away on 14 March 1922 also at Onga Onga, aged 86 years.

Eliza CLAXTON (1844-1922)

Eliza was aged 15 years when migrating in 1858 to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' with her parents William (1814-1897) and Hannah (1811-1876) and four siblings: George (1846-1922), Emma (1849-1858), William Jnr (1852-1940) and Henry (1854-1924). Her sister, Emma (1849, 1858), died on the voyage. In the 1851 England Census the family lived at Redhouse farm, Covehithe, Suffolk. Her father was a horse driver and farm labourer. Eliza was baptised on 15 March 1846 at Covehithe, Suffolk.

Eliza's occupation was a housemaid and as for the entire family she was sponsored by Thomas Button (1795-1865), tanner and currier, of Launceston. The Destination List for the 'Trade Wind' incorrectly records her name as 'Master Claxton'.

When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
3 Aug 1861	John Johnson	21	Private	John Johnson	John Johnson	3 Aug 1861	John Johnson
	Eliza Claxton	15	Spinster	Eliza Claxton	John Johnson		John Johnson

Witnessed in the presence of *John Johnson* Minister.

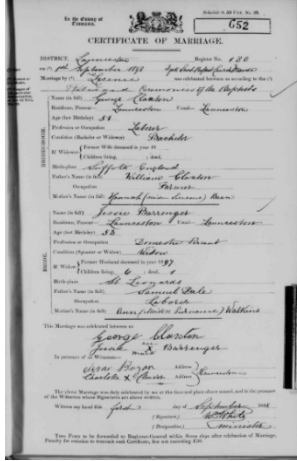
Eliza firstly married John Johnson on 3 August 1861 in Launceston. They had one daughter, Emma (1863-1949). It is likely John was a farmer

from White Hills.

After her husband's death Eliza remarried John Bryan (1846-1905) at the York Street Baptist Church in Launceston on 29 August 1889. John Bryan was the son of Silas Bryan (1815-1881) and Emma nee Hawkins (1818-1904). He was born on 9 April 1846 in the Fingal District of Tasmania. John was a witness to a murder at his father's property in 1861. Ex-convict, John Hailey, was convicted to murder and hanged. John Bryan and Eliza had at least four children.⁴

Eliza died on 29 April 1922, aged 79 years, at her residence Cataract Hill off York Street in Launceston. Husband, John Bryan, predeceased her by seventeen years. He died at 349 York Street, Cataract Hill, aged 60 years. Both were buried at the Charles Street Cemetery, Launceston.

⁴ Betty Pilgrim has written a book about this murder in Cullenswood called the 'Break O'Day Murders'.



Emma CLAXTON (1849-1858)

Emma was eight years of age , from Norfolk, when migrating with her family to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. The Claxton family were sponsored by Thomas Button (1795-1865), tanner and currier, of Launceston.

Emma's parents were: William Claxton (1814-1897) and Hannah nee Bean (1811-1875). Four siblings on the 'Trade Wind' were: Eliza (1844-1922), George (1846-1922), William (1852-1940) and Henry (1854-1924).

Emma lost her life while still at sea on the 'Trade Wind' on 17 January 1858.

George CLAXTON (1844-1922)

George was aged 13 years, and a labourer when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents William (1814-1897) and Hannah (1811-1876) and four siblings. He was baptised on 15 March 1846 in Covehithe in Suffolk.

George was a farmer at Breadalbane in 1879; a labourer at Evandale between 1881-1888 and an overseer at West Tamar in 1892.

George married Jessie Dale (previously Bane and Barrenger – 1843-1916) on 1 September 1898 at the York Street Baptist Church Manse. George was aged 51 years and Jessie was aged 53 years. They had been in a de facto relationship for a number of years and had seven children together before they married. George and Jessie married after Jessie's second husband, John Barrenger (1813-1897) had died at the age of 84 years. Jessie was aged 17 years when she married John Barrenger, a blacksmith, who was aged 42 years. John and Jessie had lived at White Hills and John conveyed mail between White Hills and St Leonards. They had six children. Jessie had been married before her marriage to John Barrenger; the first was to William Bane (c1836-1883) in 1860 and they had one son.

Jessie was the daughter of ex-convict Samuel (1818-1900) and Ann nee Watkins (1822-1855). Samuel was transported for seven years for stealing pigeons. Jessie was born at Patterson's Plains, near St Leonard in 1843 and died on 7 October 1916 at 'Darleymore', St Leonards.

A little over five year's after his wife's death, George was found floating in the North-Esk River, near St Leonards on 30 January 1922. Evidence at the Coroner's Court found George had been in the water for about a week. Death was due to asphyxiation caused by drowning. A son, George Charles Claxton, of 9 Thompson Street, Inveresk told the court his father had been living in a room at Laura Street. After New Year he had stayed with a daughter and her husband, William James Morrison, butcher of St Leonards. Morrison believed his father-in-law had some inward trouble and in low spirits over the loss of his pension which had been taken from him some months before. Trooper William Gunton found some clothes and articles strapped to a tree

about 50 yards from the body and he believed they were placed to attract attention. An inquest found the death was “suicide whilst temporarily insane.”

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Hannah (Ann) CLAXTON nee BEAN (1811-1876)

Hannah was aged 42 years, literate and a general servant when she migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her husband, William Claxton (1814-1897) and children: Eliza (1844-1922), George (1846-1922), Emma (1849-1858), William Jnr (1852-1940) and Henry (1854-1924). A daughter Mary, born about 1848, did not accompany the family and it is believed she was deceased before their departure although online records could not be found. A tragedy struck the family when their daughter, nine-year old Emma, died on the 'Trade Wind' on 17 January 1858 a month before the ship berthed at the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, Tasmania.

Hannah was born on 19 February 1811 in Palgrave, Suffolk. She was the daughter of Robert Bean (1785-1859) and Lucy nee Cook (1784-1854). Hannah's brother, Robert Bean, (1809-1900) also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind'.

Hannah and William married between January and March 1839 at Thingoe, Suffolk. Their six children were all born in Suffolk.

Hannah, William and family were all sponsored by Thomas Button (1795-1865), tanner and currier, of Launceston. Thomas Button conducted a large tannery and flour mill in Margaret Street. Several other 'Trade Wind' families were sponsored by Thomas Button, including the Hampstead and Stagoll families.

Hannah passed away at her son-in-law's residence, John Bryan (1846-1905), at Kings Meadows on 25 March 1876. The cause of death was inflammation of the lungs. The death notice in the Launceston *Examiner* on 28 March 1876 asked for New Zealand (NZ) papers to copy. This was presumably as William Jnr was living in NZ. He died there, aged 88 years, in 1940. William Snr, a farmer, survived Hannah by another 21 years. He died on 27 June 1897 in York Street, Launceston, aged 82 years.

Henry CLAXTON (1854-1924)

Henry was the youngest son of William (1814-1897) and Hannah nee Bean (1811-1876). He accompanied his parents and four siblings on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. It is believed Henry was born about 1854 as 'Trade Wind' records show he was aged three years at the time of arriving in Tasmania. A birth or baptism record was not found for him online.

Henry married Julia Dunn (1854-1890) in New Zealand (NZ) in 1875. It is likely Henry accompanied William to NZ. Their first daughter, Hannah Mabel (1876-1943) was born in Oamaru, NZ in July 1876. However, Henry and his wife were in Launceston, Tasmania when their second child, Henry Jnr (1879-1950), was born in on 22 September 1879. Henry and Julia had eight children in total; a twin daughter, Joleen (1886-1887 – twin of

Eileen) only lived for seven months. Henry remained in the Launceston district working as a labourer.

Julia died at her residence in Margaret Street, Launceston on 6 July 1890, aged 36 years. The cause of death was due to diabetes. Members of the Cornwall Lodge No. 1 IOOF were requested to attend her funeral. Julia and Henry's youngest child was thirteen months old at the time of Julia's death. It is not known how Henry managed the children after her death. Henry was recorded in the Electoral Rolls between 1919 and 1922 as a pensioner living with his eldest son, Henry Jnr (1879-1950) and wife, Amelia nee Watling (1881-1946) at Cormiston, West Tamar.

Henry Snr died on 20 February 1924 at the Public Hospital Launceston, he was aged 69 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

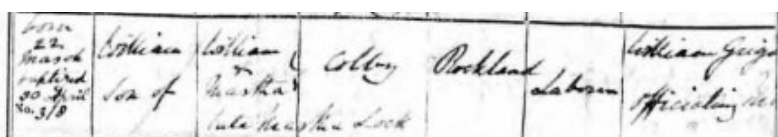
William CLAXTON Jnr (1852-1940)

William was aged five years when he migrated with his parents, William (1814-1897) and Hannah (1811-1876) and four siblings to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

William married Elizabeth Forsyth (1854-1901) in New Zealand (NZ) in 1875. In 1878 they were living at Upper Albert Street, Thames. They had at least five children. William died in NZ at the age of 88 years on 2 August 1940. Elizabeth died on 7 October 1901, aged 47 years. They were both buried in Wellington, NZ.

William COALBY aka COLBEY, COLBY (1837-?)

William was sponsored by Abraham Morey (1810-1884), farmer, of Launceston when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was aged 20 years, single and a ploughman from Norfolk and belonged to the Methodist Christian faith. Abraham Morey, Snr was living at 'Cleggan' in the Evandale district in 1858.



William was the son of William Colbey (c1796-1875) born at Sparham, Norfolk, Rockland All Saints and

Martha nee Lock (c1797-1873) who was born at Coston, Norfolk, Rockland All Saints. William Snr was an agricultural labourer. In the 1851 England Census William Jnr was aged 14 years and a farm servant at the Childerhouse farm of 30 acres at Rockland All Saints.

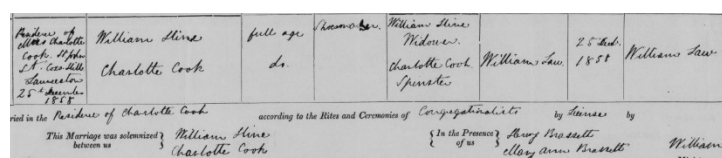
Records for William Jnr after arriving in Tasmania could not be found. It is possible he moved to New Zealand as there was a William Colby, a labourer, residing at Balaclava Street, Wyndham in 1911. It is also possible William returned to England. A William Colby married at All Saints, South Lynn, Norfolk to Ann Burton on 17 July 1861.

Charlotte was recorded as being aged 45 years, single, literate, and a cook from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Ship's records described her as being an elderly looking person, sallow complexion and very plain.

Charlotte was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, to Launceston by night coach on 23 March 1858. Charlotte's sponsor, William Pritchard Weston (1804-1888), landowner, of Longford. Weston was the Premier of Tasmania at the time of Charlotte's arrival. Weston was also well known through his connections with the Anti-Transportation League, of which, with the Rev. John West, was the co-ordinator.

Charlotte may have been born in 1800 and baptised on 23 November 1800, Hockham, Norfolk. Her father was probably Thomas Cook and her mother Ann nee Scott.

Charlotte married William Hine (c1802-1866) on 25 December 1858 at her residence in St John Street, Launceston. William Hine was a widower, shoemaker. Charlotte was a spinster. The witnesses to the marriage were two 'Trade Wind' migrants, Henry and Mary Ann Brassett. William was married previously to Mary Middleton on 28 April 1840 in Hobart. He was aged 38 years, a shoemaker, bachelor. Mary was aged 42 years and a widow.



William died in Launceston on 11 October 1866, aged 64 years, because of disease of the heart. Charlotte, a widow, aged 76

years, died on 21 July 1876 in Launceston. The cause of death was senility. There are some inconsistencies about Charlotte's age as if she died in 1876 aged 76 years she would have been born in approximately 1800. Ship's passenger details record her age as 45 years in 1858 which means she would have been born about 1812. She was described on 'Trade Wind' records as being 'an elderly looking person' so perhaps she was aged 58 rather than 45.

CORNELL, James (1839-?)

James was aged 18 years, single, could read, a Baptist, carpenter and wheelwright from Suffolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. He was sponsored by John Lucas Snr (1797-1883) of Brown's River and was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 10 April 1858 to him.

John Lucas Snr also sponsored Isaac Ayres (Norfolk) and Elizabeth Ruffels (Suffolk). John Lucas, Esq. passed away on 9 April 1886 at Bangalore House, Drummond Street, Carlton, Victoria – formerly of Hobart.

In the 1851 England Census – Stanton Street, Stanton All Saints, Suffolk – James Connel, aged 14 years, was an errand boy. He was born at Blo Norton, Suffolk.

It is not known what happened to James as no further records could be found. Other last name possibilities include: Carmel, Cornel, Connell, Cordwell, Cordell.

A James Cornell died 6 September 1906 at Boigbeat, Victoria. He was a farmer and his father was Thomas Cornell; mother's maiden name was Saville.

If a reader has any information about James Cornell it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Anne COX (1842-1923)

Anne was aged 15 years, single, literate and a housemaid from Norfolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. She was sponsored by Henry Hinsby (1816-1888), chemist/druggist, of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to him on the evening of 11 April 1858.

Anne was accompanied on the voyage by her brother John (1841-1920). A Harriett Cox, aged 20 years, was also on the voyage. However, Harriett did not continue her journey as ship's records show she had 'returned home'.

Anne was born on 23 November 1843 at Felthorpe in Norfolk. Her parents were Charles Cox (1801-1872) and Mary Ann nee Betts (1805-1882).



A year after her arrival in Tasmania, Anne married ex-convict John Denham (aka Dunham – 1816-1877) on 2 March 1859 in the Brighton District. John was convicted at Lincoln, Lincolnshire on 4 March 1837 for horse stealing. He arrived in Van Diemen's Land on 6 May 1837 per 'Elphinstone'. John left a wife in England. Anne and John had ten children. John passed away on 5 May 1877 in the Deloraine district. He was aged 56 years.

After John's death Anne remarried widower Alfred Redman (1829-1909) on 18 March 1879 in the Westbury district. Sophia Susannah (Sophy) Redman (1880-1930) was born to Anne and Alfred on 11 April 1880 in the Deloraine district. Anne passed away on 12 May 1923 at Copper Creek near Smithton, Tasmania at the age of 79 years.

Picture of Ann was copied from *ancestry.com* (jmbutler1971).

John (Jack) COX (1840-1920)

John was aged 17 years, literate and a labourer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'.

John was sponsored by Dr John Anthony Moore (1817-1878), surgeon, New Norfolk and was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay per 'Shamrock' to Moore on 11 April 1858.

John was born in 1841 in Felthorpe, Norfolk, the son of Charles (1801-1872) and Mary Ann nee Betts (1805-1882). John's sister, Anne (1843-1923), also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind'. Harriet Cox was recorded on the ship's passenger list with a note saying she had returned home. It is not known if Harriet was a relative of John and Anne.

John relocated to Victoria where he died at Linton at the age of 82 years on 2 June 1920. He was well known in mining circles, having erected many mining plants in Pitfield and other mining districts.

Charles CRICK (1827-?)

Charles was aged 29 years, single, literate and a groom and labourer from Suffolk when arriving in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Joseph Cahill (c1791-1870), farmer, of New Norfolk and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay in April 1858. Joseph Cahill had at least 640 acres in the Cumberland district in central Tasmania.

Charles Beart Crick was born on 21 October 1827 at Hepworth, Suffolk. Hepworth is a village and civil parish in the West Suffolk district of the English county of Suffolk, 3.06 miles or 4.92 km from Bardwell where a number of 'Trade Wind' residents originated from. His parents were William Crick (1792-1862), born Sapiston, Suffolk; and Mary Simonds nee Beart (1793-1859), born Rickenhall, Suffolk. William was a cattle dealer.

It is not known what happened to Charles Crick as no other public records could be found for him in Australia or New Zealand.

If a reader has any information about Charles Crick it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Daniel CRIMMINS (1823-?)

Daniel was born about 1823, aged 34 years, a dealer, when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind'. Daniel was not sponsored paying his own fare. Daniel was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on his own account on 23 March 1858 and admitted, on the same day, to Immigration Quarters in Hobart. It is thought Daniel did not remain in Tasmania and may have travelled to the United States of America.

Alfred DENNIS (1845-1927)

Alfred was aged 12 years, a stockkeeper's lad, from Eriswell, Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. He accompanied his parents: James (1812-1888) and Frances nee Spinks (1811-1868) and four siblings: Charles (1836-1910), Thomas (c1840-1920), Maria (1842-1917) and Benjamin (1848-1927). They came from Eriswell in West Suffolk, England. Eriswell is a small village set in the heart of a farming community, located 14 miles from Bury St Edmunds. Eriswell has a rich history; about forty scattered archaeological finds have been made there, including Bronze Age battle axes, palstaves, and rapiers. In the 1841 and 1851 England Census the Dennis family were living at Rake Heath Farm Cottages in Eriswell.

The Dennis family were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to their sponsor, Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston, on 7 May 1858.

It was difficult to find out what happened to Alfred on public records nor on *ancestry.com* or *findmypast*. One researcher has shown Alfred may have married Eliza Davison and lived in Victoria. This Alfred was a coachman when his son George was born in 1869. There were several records in Victoria of this Alfred deserting and assaulting his wife. An Alfred Dennis died on 1 August 1923 in Launceston.

If a reader has any information about Alfred it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Benjamin DENNIS (c1848-1927)

Benjamin was aged 9 years, the youngest child of the Dennis family migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. He was born about 1848 in Eriswell. Benjamin accompanied his parents: James (1812-1888) and Frances nee Spinks (1811-1868) and four siblings: Charles (1836-1910), Thomas (1840-1920), Maria (1842-1917) and Alfred (1845-1877). They came from Eriswell in West Suffolk, England. Eriswell is a small village set in the heart of a farming community, located 14 miles from Bury St Edmunds. Eriswell has a rich history; about forty scattered archaeological finds have been made there, including Bronze Age battle axes, palstaves, and rapiers. In the 1841 and 1851 England Census the Dennis family were living at Rake Heath Farm Cottages in Eriswell.

The Dennis family were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to their sponsor, Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston, on 7 May 1858.

Ten years after arriving in Tasmania, on 5 December 1869, Benjamin fell from the roof of the Perth Hotel and sustained serious injuries.

Benjamin was in a relationship with Elizabeth Emma Waddington (1844-1884) and they had six children, all born in Victoria. Emma was the daughter of James Waddington (1811-1889) and Jane nee Cathcart (1822-1894). She was born on 28 March 1844 at Longford, Tasmania. A marriage registration was not able to be found for Benjamin and Emma and it is uncertain whether they married. Emma may have married Michael Reardon at Longford on 14 June 1860 when she was a minor and Michael was aged 19 years. Emma died on 21 June 1884, aged 40 years, and was buried at the Melbourne General Cemetery.

After Emma's death Benjamin remarried Mary Barnes (1863-1934) in 1885 in Victoria. Mary was fifteen years his junior, the daughter of William Barnes (1831-1908) and Martha Ellen nee Dando (1845-1907); born about 1863 in Shepton Mallet in Somerset, England. Benjamin had a further three children to Mary.

Mary and Benjamin both died at their residence, 17 Kangaroo Road, Oakleigh: Benjamin, aged 78 years on 16 November 1927 and Mary, 71 years, on 16 July 1934. Benjamin was recorded on his death registration as being previously occupied as an engineer.

Charles DENNIS (1836-1910)



Charles was aged 21 years, single and a ploughman from Eriswell, Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He accompanied his parents: James (1812-1888) and Frances nee Spinks (1811-1868) and four siblings: Thomas (1840-1920), Maria (1842-1917), Alfred (1845-1927) and Benjamin (1848-1927). They came from Eriswell in West Suffolk, England. Eriswell is a small village set in the heart of a farming community, located 14 miles from Bury St Edmunds. Eriswell has a rich history; about forty scattered archaeological finds have been made there, including Bronze Age battle axes, palstaves, and rapiers.

The Dennis family were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to their sponsor, Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston, on 7 May 1858.

Charles married another passenger who migrated on the 'Trade Wind', Elizabeth TYLER or TAYLER (1836-1881). Elizabeth was born in Suffolk, a cook and dairymaid, who was sponsored by John Frederick Sharland (1796-1870), surgeon, of Hamilton. After being released from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 7 May 1858 she travelled to Launceston with the Dennis family.

Charles and Elizabeth Tyler were married at the Perth Parish Church on 12 October 1859. Witnesses to the marriage were William and Maria Dennis. Charles and Elizabeth had ten children, two died in infancy. Elizabeth died, aged 44 years, on 22 February 1881. Charles remarried Margaret Buchannan (1844-1934) on 4 November 1894 at Longford. Margaret was born about 1844 in Glasgow, Scotland.

Charles died at Perth on 8 January 1910, aged 73 years. Margaret died at her late residence, Scone Street, Perth in November 1934, aged 90 years. Charles, Elizabeth and Margaret were all buried at the Perth St Andrews Anglican Cemetery.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Maria DENNIS (1842-1917)



Maria was aged 14 years, a nursemaid from Eriswell, Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. She accompanied her parents: James (1812-1888) and Frances nee Spinks (1811-1868) and four siblings: Charles (1836-1910), Thomas (1840-1920), Alfred (1845-1927) and Benjamin (1848-1927). They came from Eriswell in West Suffolk, England. Eriswell is a small village set in the heart of a farming community, located 14 miles from Bury St Edmunds. Eriswell has a rich history; about forty scattered archaeological finds have been made there, including Bronze Age battle axes, palstaves, and rapiers.

In the 1841 and 1851 England Census the Dennis family were living at Rake Heath Farm Cottages in Eriswell.

The Dennis family were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to their sponsor, Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston, on 7 May 1858.

Maria was born on 22 January 1842 in Eriswell, Suffolk. She was incorrectly transcribed on some 'Trade Wind' records, as 'Moses'.

Maria married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', Henry BEAN, on 20 September 1861 in the Lymington school room in the Evandale district. Maria and Henry had nine children, four of whom predeceased Maria. A son, Archibald Louis (Archie) served in WW1 in France and was wounded in action with a gun shot wound to the right thigh. He moved to Victoria after his return.

Maria and Henry lived in the Longford district since their marriage and remained there until their deaths. Maria died on 27 July 1917, aged 74 years; and Henry died on 5 December 1903, aged 69 years.

A funeral report in the Launceston *Examiner* on Tuesday 31 July 1917 gives an account of the funeral of the late Mrs Henry Bean of Longford which took place at the Methodist Cemetery on Monday 30 July. Chief mourners were Albert Bean (son), Mr Dennis of Victoria (brother) [either Benjamin or Alfred] and Messrs Arthur Boon and Charles Ayers (sons-in-law). The deceased lady was the daughter of the late James Dennis of Perth. Over 50 years ago [mid 1860s] she and her husband and infant son came to reside in Longford and she remained there until her death. For many months she suffered intensely. Her husband, two sons (J and C Bean) and one daughter (Mrs Charles Ayers of Launceston) predeceased her some years ago. Remaining are three daughters: Mesdames A Boon and Robert Ayton of Victoria and Miss Bean; two sons: Private Archie Bean who is serving with the AIF in France and was recently wounded; and Albert Bean.

Picture of Maria copied from *ancestry.com* (C17tigers). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Thomas DENNIS (1840-1920)

Thomas was aged 16 years, a ploughman from Eriswell, Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. He accompanied his parents: James (1812-1888) and Frances nee Spinks (1811-1868) and four siblings: Charles (1836-1910), Maria (1842-1917), Alfred (1845-1927) and Benjamin (1848-1927). They came from Eriswell in West Suffolk, England. Eriswell is a small village set in the heart of a farming community, located 14 miles from Bury St Edmunds. Eriswell has a rich history; about forty scattered archaeological finds have been made there, including Bronze Age battle axes, palstaves, and rapiers. James was an agricultural labourer.

In the 1841 and 1851 England Census the Dennis family were living at Rake Heath Farm Cottages in Eriswell.

The Dennis family were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to their sponsor, Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston, on 7 May 1858.

Thomas was baptised on 9 August 1840 in Eriswell. It is not certain what happened to Thomas after his arrival in Tasmania. Some contributors on *ancestry.com* record Thomas died at the Tumut Hospital in New South Wales in 1920, aged 79 years. Another Thomas Dennis died at Inveresk on 10 May 1886. His wife was Sarah. A Thomas Dennis was living at Forest, Tasmania, in 1907. Another Thomas Dennis was a farmer in the 1890-91 Cornwall County PO Directory.

If a reader has any information about Thomas it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Charlotte DOCKING (1837-1870)

Charlotte was born in August 1845 at Kings Lynn, Norfolk. She was aged 12 years, single and a housemaid when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her widow mother, Mary Ann nee Barton (1812-1868) and her siblings: Elizabeth (1840-1903), John William (1844-1916), Mary Ann Jnr (1836-1868) and William (1837-1911). Her cousin, Robert Thomas Docking (1831-1906) and his wife Elizabeth nee Thirkettle (1836-1892) also migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. The Docking family were sponsored by William Gibson (1820-1892), landowner, of Perth.

Charlotte married John Backcoller on 21 January 1868 at St Peters Church, Melbourne. John was residing in Wellington Street, Collingwood, aged 23 years, a carpenter, bachelor, born at Hammersmith, Middlesex. His parents were John Joseph Backcoller, a carpenter, and Mary Anne nee Walker. Charlotte was also residing at Wellington Street, Collingwood, aged 21 years in August 1867, a spinster. Her parents were Samuel Docking (1814-1850), carpenter and Mary nee Martin (sic) (1812-1868). They lived at 111 Napier Street, Fitzroy, Victoria .

Charlotte and John had one child, Mary Ann, who was born in 1868 and died the same year.

Charlotte died at the age of 23 years on 30 January 1870 at Fitzroy, Victoria. Her death registration recorded her parents' names as Samuel Docking and mother nee Martin (sic).

Elizabeth DOCKING (1840-1904)

Elizabeth was aged 16 years, single and a nurse girl when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She accompanied her widow mother, Mary Ann Docking nee Barton (1812-1868) and five siblings. Elizabeth was sponsored by James Stewart (1828-1871), landowner, of Perth.

Elizabeth was baptised on 2 January 1842 at South Lynn, St Margaret's, Norfolk. Her parents were Samuel Docking (1814-1850) and Mary Ann nee Barton (1812-1868).

Trade	When married, and where	Name and Residence	Age	Rank	Signature and Description of Person	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Licensed Layman	When registered	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister
	18 June 1864	Thomas Cassidy	23	Banker	Thomas Cassidy	James O'Brien	18 June 1864	By Cassidy
	18 June 1864	Elizabeth Docking	22	Spinster	Elizabeth Docking	James O'Brien	18 June 1864	By Cassidy

Married in the presence of the undersigned, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Evangelical Ministry, by J. O'Brien, Minister.

This Marriage was solemnized in the presence of the undersigned, J. O'Brien, Minister.

Elizabeth married Thomas Cassidy (1841-1867) at the Baptist Chapel, York Street, Launceston on 16 June 1864.

Elizabeth and Thomas had two children: Samuel (1865-1937) and William Thomas (1867-1951). Thomas died a little over three years after marriage on 5 November 1867 at his residence, 22 Bathurst Street, Hobart, aged 26 years. Death registration records he was a baker, born England and the cause of death was the malignant disease of the spleen. The funeral notice requested the brethren of the Rising Star Tent and the Victoria, United Brothers and Pioneer Tents to attend the funeral on 8 November.

A daughter, Mary Elizabeth, was born in 1874 in North Melbourne, Victoria to Elizabeth and the father was not named. This birth was approximately seven years after Thomas Cassidy's death. On Mary Elizabeth's marriage registration to James William O'Brien (c1870-1938) on 8 March 1901 in Launceston Mary stated her parents were Thomas Cassidy and Elizabeth nee Docking.

Elizabeth died on 18 August 1904 at her son-in-law's residence, 89 Elizabeth Street, Launceston, aged 61 years. She was buried at Charles Street Cemetery. Memoriam notices were inserted in the *Daily Telegraph*, Launceston by her loving son and daughter, Samuel Cassidy and Mary O'Brien.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John William DOCKING aka William (1843-1916)

John William Docking was aged 22 years, single, literate and a sawyer from Norfolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his mother and siblings. The 'Trade Wind' destination list records his age as 14 years. This is more likely to be correct. John William Docking was baptised on 11 February 1844 at South Lynn All Saints, Norfolk which supports his age as being 14 years when migrating to Tasmania, rather than 22 years.

John was sponsored by Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Howe on the mail coach on 7 May 1858.

From public records available online it is not known for certain what happened to John. There is a record of a John William Docking, aged 30 years [born about 1841], being found guilty of being idle and disorderly in 1871 in Penquite. He was described as "a silly looking man about 28 years [born about 1843] of age, who had been deprived of what intelligence he ever had by being 'hoccussed' in some low public house." He was

imprisoned to three months hard labour and was discharged from the Launceston prison during the week ending 26 July 1871. He was charged again in 1873 with being idle and disorderly and was once again imprisoned.

A William Docking, born 1843, died on 22 January 1916 and was buried at Cornelian Bay, Hobart, aged 73 years. His last residence was at New Town. According to a record at Libraries Tasmania William Docking, aged 72 years, was admitted with paralysis to the New Town Charitable Institute between 6 February 1915 until his death on 21 January 1916. His ship to the colony was 'Trade Wind'. He was from the New Norfolk District, born Norfolk, England, a groom and general labourer, Church of England. He had no relations. He was buried on 22 January 1916 in Hobart. This person was probably John William Docking.

If a reader has any information about John it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Mary Ann DOCKING Jnr (1836-1868)

Mary Ann was aged 21 years, single, a housemaid from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. She was accompanied on the voyage by her widowed mother, Mary Ann (1812-1868) and five siblings. Mary Ann was sponsored by James Stewart (1828-1871), landowner, of Perth, Tasmania.

Mary was married on 23 July 1863 in the home of the Rev Mr John Sharpe, Charles Street, Launceston to Martin Thompson (1835-1926). Martin was a mariner, aged 28 years. Mary was aged 25 years and occupied as a servant. Witnesses to the marriage were Robert Docking and Elizabeth Cooper.

1863 MARRIAGES in the District of Launceston							
Number.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.
5	July 23 1863	Martin Thompson	28	Mariner	Robert Docking	John Sharpe	July 23 1863
		Mary Ann Docking	25	Servant	Elizabeth Cooper	John Sharpe	July 23 1863

The marriage announcement in the Launceston *Examiner* on Saturday 25 July 1863 advised Mary Ann was the "eldest daughter of Samuel

and Mary Docking – Hobart Town and New Zealand papers please copy." It did not say "the **late** Samuel" so it is possible Samuel was alive at this time.

Mary died at Launceston on 26 January 1868, aged 29 years [31] with consumption (Tuberculosis - TB). She was living at Esplanade, Launceston, at the time of her death.

26 Jan'y	Mary Ann Docking	29 yrs	Mariner's wife	Consumption	William Hills Undertaker	29 Jan'y	Rt Honr
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Martin may have remarried on 7 August 1869 to Ann Costello.

Mary Ann DOCKING Snr nee BARTON (1812-1868?)

Mary was born on 3 March 1812 in Isle of Ely, Bures Fen, Norfolk, England and baptised on 8 March 1812 at Rougham, Norfolk. She was the daughter of William Barton (1792-?)

Docking, born 1812, died 19 December 1895 and buried at St Martin's Churchyard, Fincham, Kings Lynn and West Norfolk Borough, Norfolk. Other researchers show her death in April 1898 in Hanover, Jamaica; April 1898 in Sumner, Kansas, USA and in January 1898 in London. A death was recorded in Launceston of a Mary Ann Brown on 4 September 1859, aged 40 years. She was a labourer's wife and the cause of death was 'found dead'.

If a reader has more information about Mary Ann it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Robert DOCKING (1831-1906) and Elizabeth nee THIRKETTLE (1836-1892)

Robert was born on 28 July 1831 at Syderstone, Norfolk. His parents were Thomas (1812-1889) and Ann nee Simpson (1809-1890). Robert's father was the brother of Samuel Docking, Mary Ann's late husband. Mary Ann migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' with her five children on the same voyage as Robert and Elizabeth.

Robert was aged 26 years, a Wesleyan, literate and a sawyer from Norfolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by William Stammers Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. Robert's wife, Elizabeth nee Thirkettle (1836-1892) also accompanied him. They were married on 19 May 1856 at St Leonard's Parish Church in Shoreditch, London. Elizabeth was pregnant with her first child on the voyage. George Arthur Felix was born at sea on 9 November 1857. His birth was registered in Launceston.

Elizabeth was the daughter of James Thirkettle (1812-1881) and Martha nee Harris (1814-1863). She was baptised on 14 Feb 1836 at Freethorpe, Norfolk. Elizabeth's father was a wheelwright. Elizabeth was aged 21 years and a general servant when migrating. She was also sponsored by William Stammers Button, landowner, of Launceston.

Robert purchased 9 acres 3 roods 30 perches of land in Launceston in 1863 for the sum of £44. He purchased more land in 1867 of 1 roods, 24 perches in Launceston for £13. One of these properties may have been the property he owned and lived in at 34 Stone Street, Launceston.

Robert and Elizabeth had nine children. A son was in his 100th year when deceased. All of the family remained in Tasmania with the exception of the youngest daughter, Elizabeth, (1876-1928) who moved to Victoria.

Robert died on 21 June 1906 at the home of his daughter, Elizabeth Currie in Bayswater, Victoria. The death notice in the *Daily Telegraph* recorded he was from Stone Street, Launceston and aged 74 years. His Will recorded he was a bootmaker, late of Launceston and provided for John and Frank Docking and Lydia Ann Docking. In the 1911 assessment roll, 38 Stone Street is owned by his estate with Lydia Ann Docking living in the residence. Robert Thomas owned and lived in 34 Stone Street.

Elizabeth died at her residence, Stone Street, Hillside Crescent, Launceston, on 23 July 1892 at the age of 57 years. Her funeral service was held at the Primitive Methodist Church in Frederick Street with members of the Olive Branch and Star Tents requested to attend the funeral for the late wife of Brother Robert Docking.

William DOCKING (1837-1911)

William was born about 1837 in South Lynn, Norfolk. He was aged 22 years, single and a sawyer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by William Stammers⁵ Button (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston.

William Louis Docking married Elizabeth Powell (1836-1914) on Christmas Day 1862 in Launceston at the residence of Mr J Purkis in Margaret Street. Elizabeth was baptised on 24 January 1836 in Eriswell, Suffolk to William (1805-1853) and Mary nee Howe (1804-1887). She arrived in Launceston on 31 March 1855 per 'Whirlwind', a domestic servant, Wesleyan, and could read and write. Elizabeth was accompanied by her mother, Mary (49), and sisters Sarah (15) and Caroline (10). They were all domestic servants. Sister Sarah married John Purkis(s) on 30 March 1858 in Launceston, another 'Whirlwind' passenger. They were married at the home of Mr George Potter in Launceston, Sarah's step-father. Mary Powell remarried George Potter, on 18 September 1855. George was also on the 'Whirlwind' along with his wife Sarah. Sarah died a few months after arriving in Launceston on 17 May 1855.

William and Elizabeth lived at 49 and 51 Canning Street, Launceston. They had at least nine children. Eldest son, William Thomas married the daughter of another 'Trade Wind' migrant, Emily Violet Bartlett (1865-1951) the daughter of Martha SKIFFINS (1831-1895) who married William Thomas Bartlett (1840-1923) on 27 January 1863 at Longford. A daughter, Minnie (1867-1877) died at the age of nine with typhoid fever.

William Snr died on 19 July 1911 at 82 Wellington Street, Launceston, aged 78 years. Elizabeth died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs Harper, 4 Cumberland Street, Launceston aged 78 years on 14 June 1914.

⁵ Shown as CS Button on ship's records but most likely a transcription error and should have been WS Button.

Mary Ann DRAPER Jnr (1847-1948)

Mary Ann was aged 10 years, born about 1847 in Norfolk, literate and was on the same ticket as her Mother, Mary, when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. A record of her birth was not able to be found on *ancestry.com* nor *findmypast*. It is believed she was born about 1847 in Norfolk, England.

Mary Ann and her mother were sponsored by James Grant (1786-1870), landowner, of Fingal. They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay, per morning coach on 12 April 1858 to Grant.

Nineteen years after arriving in Tasmania Mary Ann married her step-brother, William Whittaker (1849-1930), on 3 August 1877 in the home of William Rosier (1851-1893) at Georges Bay according to the rites of the Wesleyan Church. This marriage made her both the step-daughter and daughter-in-law of David Whittaker (1825-1896), William's father.

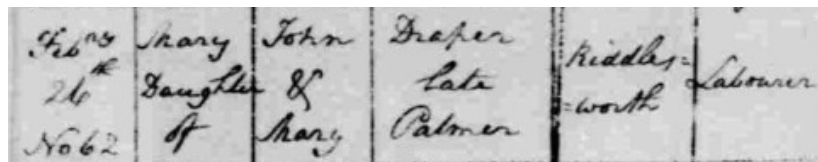
Mary Ann and William had one son, David William (1879-1956). He was born in the Scottsdale district and died at Pyengana.

According to her obituary in the *North-Eastern Advertiser* of 10 August 1948 Mary Ann died at St Helens on 4 Aug 1948. She had lived the greater part of her life in the North-East and 50 years at Pyengana. The late Mrs Whittaker was to celebrate her 95th birthday the week after her death. Her husband died 20 years [actually 18 years] before on 19 August 1930 at Pyengana.

Mary DRAPER Snr (1823-1911)

Mary was aged 34 years, married, a Baptist, literate, cook and a laundress from Norfolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. She was sponsored by James Grant (1786-1870), landowner, of Fingal and discharged to him from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay per morning coach on 12 April 1858. Grant owned the large estate of 'Tullochgorum' near Fingal. Mary's daughter, Mary Ann, aged 10 years was also sponsored by James Grant and was on her mother's ticket on the 'Trade Wind'.

Although 'Trade Wind' records show Mary was married this was unlikely although she may have recorded she was married as she was travelling with her daughter.



Mary was believed to be the daughter of John Draper (1794-1851) and Mary nee Palmer (1793-

1854).

Mary married David Whittaker (1825-1896), another 'Trade Wind' passenger, on 9 April 1858, this was four days before discharge from the Quarantine Station. Marriage details, however, show they were married at St David's Cathedral in Hobart. David was aged 33 years, a widower and Mary, 35 years was now recorded as a spinster. David

David and Mary had six children. Their first-born son died when three days old. Youngest son, Walter (1865-1945), when about five years old strayed away into the bush in January 1870. David was a stock-keeper at Diana's Basin on the East Coast at the time. He was not found for about two days and nights exposed to the heavy rains. When found he was sitting under a bush picking wild currants, and not much the worse for his experience. David was in the service of Francis Groom, Esq. (1817-1890) of Cullenswood.

Some family researchers on *ancestry.com* record Mary as having died in Hobart on 11 October 1871. This Mary Whittaker was previously a convict who arrived on the 'John Calvin'. At the age of 47 years she was murdered by her husband, Charles. Mary Whittaker, nee Draper, died on 19 November 1911 at St Helens, aged 88 years. Her husband David, died on 24 September 1895, also in the St Helens district, aged 71 years.

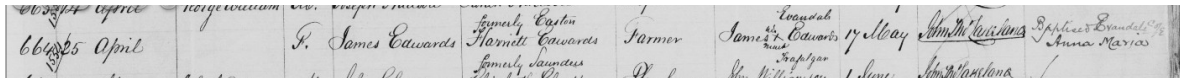
Feb ^y 24	Anna Maria born	D ^r of Christoph Harris. (Decks)	Edwards	D ^r	D ^r	J. Spurgin Vicar.
No. 782.	Sept ^r 14 th					

1855. When embarking on the 'Trade Wind', with her parents, Christopher (1823-1899) and Harriet Elizabeth nee Deeks (1820-1893) and brother George (1851-1932), she was aged three. Anna was one of the many deaths on board. She died at sea on 11 February 1858, just prior to the ship's arrival at the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay.

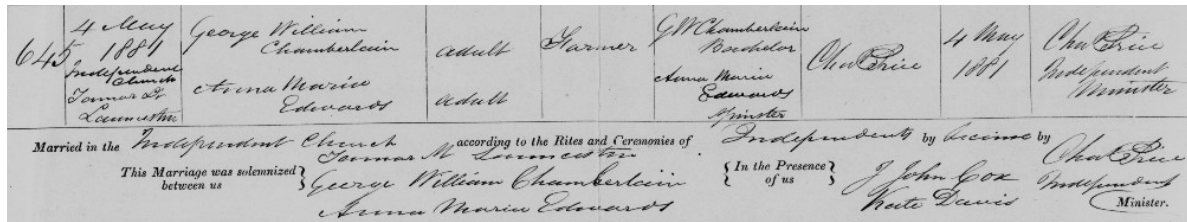
'Trade Wind' records show she died at sea on 11 February 1858.

508 ✓	Edwards Christy	Waltch	Stapfel	Even Adams	W. Spent	Lo. S. Ld	44-0-0 7
"	" Harris	33	"	"	"	Lo. S. Ld	
"	" George	6				Lo. S. Ld	
"	" Anne	(-3)				Lo. S. Ld	

An unnamed female child was born on 25 April 1859. The parents were James Edwards (farmer of Trafalgar) and Harriett nee Saunders. A note on the birth record records her baptism (Church of England) at Evandale and named Anna Maria.



A marriage record on 4 May 1881 in the Independent Church, Tamar Street, Launceston of George William Chamberlain, adult, farmer, bachelor and Anna Maria Edwards, adult, spinster.



MARRIAGES.
CHAMBERLAIN—EDWARDS—On May 4th, at the Independent Church, Tamar-street, Launceston, by the Rev. C. Price, George William, the only son of Jesse Chamberlain, Evandale, to Anna Maria, only daughter of Christopher Edwards, farmer, Trafalgar, late of Norfolk, England. (English papers please copy.)

According to the marriage announcement in the Launceston *Examiner* on Monday, 9 May 1881, p2. Anna was the only daughter of Christopher Edwards, farmer, Trafalgar.

This raises the question of whether the 'Trade Wind' records were accurate and did Anna Maria die at sea as indicated.

A request for information on a Tasmanian Family History site has solved the mystery by Meryl Yost who advised Harriet was pregnant while on the 'Trade Wind'. A daughter was born soon after arrival in Tasmania. Anna Maria was baptised on 30 January 1859 in the registers for St Peter's Church of England, St Leonards. Her date of birth was recorded as 13 June 1858. The female child was given the same name as her recently deceased three-year old sister, Anna Maria. Anna Maria, the second, who married George William Chamberlain (1851-1923) is Meryl's great-great grandmother. George William was the son of convict parents Jesse Chamberlain (1811-1860) and Mary previously Burnside (1809-1884). Anna Maria, the daughter of James Edwards and Harriet nee Saunders, born 25 April 1859, was married as Hannah Maria Edwards to Augustus Wells on 7 April 1877 in the Evandale district.

Christopher EDWARDS (1825-1899) and Harriet Elizabeth nee DEEKS (1824-1893)

Christopher was aged 32 years, a farm labourer and Harriet was aged 33 years, a farm servant when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'.

Christopher and Harriet were sponsored by Thomas Drew (c1801-1857), landowner, of Don River.

Christopher was baptised on 18 January 1824 at Hockham, Norfolk. His parents were Robert (1795-1876) and Ann nee Crome (1797-?). Harriet was the daughter of George Spawls, a carpenter, and unknown Deeks. Harriet was born 'out of wedlock'.

1852. Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the parish of Hockham in the County of Norfolk

No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
104	December 30	Christopher Edwards	28	Bachelor	Solomoner	Hockham	Robert Edwards	Solomoner
		Harriet Deeks	20	Spinster		Hockham	George Spawls	Carpenter from out of wedlock

Married in the Parish Church according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England by me, Arthur Murphy

This Marriage was solemnized between us, Christopher Edwards his mark Harriet Deeks in the Presence of us, Henry Edwards his mark Sarah Drake her mark

Their daughter, Anna Maria (born 1854 in Norfolk) died on the 'Trade Wind' shortly before it arrived in Tasmania, on 11 February 1858.

Christopher and Harriet settled at Trafalgar in the Evandale district. Christopher's brother, James (1828-1907), also migrated to Tasmania. He married Harriet Saunders (1828-1893) and they were assisted immigrants aboard the 'Whirlwind'.

News of Evandale in *The Mercury*, Mon 13 Feb 1882 (p2). reported Mr C Edwards' wheat stack and barn had been burned to the ground, on a farm about two miles from Evandale.

The Tasmanian, Sat 24 June 1882, p678. Agricultural Notes. ... a sow owned by Mr C Edwards, farmer, near Evandale, gave birth to 18 pigs on 18 June. This makes 47 in three litters since she had 20 in January 1881.

1899 DEATHS in the DISTRICT of Evandale									
No.	Date	Name and Surname	Sex	Age	Rank or Profession	State of Health	Medical Attendant	Where registered	Signature of Registrar
216	December 25 th 1899	William Waited	Male	79	Farmer	Infirmary	J.B. Brown	27 th Road	R. Coleman
		Born—							
217	December 22 nd 1899	Marigatha Edwards	Female	76	Housewife	Chronic	J.B. Brown	27 th Road	R. Coleman
		Born—							

Christopher died on 22 December 1899 at Evandale, aged 75 years with chronic cystitis and heart

disease. Harriet predeceased her husband. She died on 22 September 1893 at Evandale, aged 71 years. Her cause of death was heart disease and dropsy. They were buried at St Andrews Church, Evandale.

A report in the *Daily Telegraph*, Mon 9 October 1893, p3 recorded: It is with regret I have to report the death of Mrs C Edwards and Mrs James Edwards, the wives of two brothers, and who were removed from our midst in one week. ...

George Deeks EDWARDS (1851-1932)

George was aged six years when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. He accompanied his parents Christopher (1823-1899) and Harriet Elizabeth nee Deeks (1820-1893) and a sister Anna Maria (1854-1858) who died at sea on the 'Trade Wind', aged three. George was baptised on 31 May 1851 at Hockham, Norfolk.

George married Jane Thomas (1856-1933), daughter of David Thomas (1823-1904) and Mary Ann nee Cummins (1824-1900) of Perth, on 10 July at St Andrews Church,

George settled in the Evandale district and farmed on the 'Trafalgar' Estate for 40 years. He later leased 'Clairville', Western Junction from Robert Cameron and farmed there for a number of years. After he retired George moved to Mowbray. George was a member of the Breadalbane Road Trust for several years and a member of (Evandale Branch) for 63 years. George had 10 children. Most remained in Tasmania, one settled in Victoria and another in South Australia.

Robert FAKES (1834-?)

There were two by the name of Robert Fakes on the 'Trade Wind'. One was aged 23 years and the other aged 24 years. Both were from Suffolk. One was a groom and coachman and sponsored by Sir Robert Officer and the other was a farm labourer sponsored by Dr John A Moore. One could read and the other could neither read nor write. Both belonged to the Church of England religious faith. Sir Robert and Dr Moore were both from New Norfolk. One was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 4 April 1858 to Rober Officer and the other on 11 April 1858 to Dr Moore per 'Shammock'.t

[illegible]

Griff - In Siding	18	X (Good)		
✓ Geo Adams	20			
✓ Matt Fakes	23			

✓ 979	Fishes Robert	24	Stall Street	London	England	1874	Post Office
-------	---------------	----	--------------	--------	---------	------	-------------

Robert who was sponsored by Robert Officer and was described as having a full stout figure.



Robert who was sponsored by James A Moore was described as having a medium light oval face with reddish whiskers.

No further trace could be found of the second Robert Fakes.

If anybody has any information about either Robert Fakes it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Robert FAKES (1835-1914)

Robert migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was described as aged 24 years, single, no education, belonged to the Church of England religion, a groom and coachman from Suffolk. He was sponsored by Robert Officer of New Norfolk and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 4 April 1858 to Dr Officer. There was another Robert Fakes who arrived on the 'Trade Wind'. He was aged 23 years, single, could read and a farm labourer from Suffolk. He was sponsored by John A Moore, surgeon, of Hobart Town and New Norfolk. No further trace could be found for Robert Fakes, aged 23 years.

Robert was baptised at Bardwell, Suffolk on 1 February 1835. It is probable his parents were Henry and Harriet Fakes. A researcher (nickleaton) on *ancestry.com* shows Robert's parents as William Feakes (1801-1878) and Mary Ann nee Blizard (1802-1886). Another researcher (glenyshunt1) on the same site has Robert's parents as James Fakes (1808-1884) and Mary Jefferey (1815-1880).

The 1841 England Census for Bardwell records the names of Feakes. Henry was aged 35 years, an agricultural labourer and Harriot was aged 40 years. Robert was aged six and born at Bardwell. The 1851 England Census for the same family, although now spelt Fakes, records Robert as being aged 16 years, farm labourer, born Bardwell in 1835.

Number	When married, and where	Name and Surname	Age	Rank	Signature and Description of Parties	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar	When registered	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister
277	25 Dec 1858	Robert Fakes	23	Labourer	Robert Fakes	Robert Fakes	25 Dec 1858	Robert Fakes
		Emma Willis	23		Emma Willis	Emma Willis		Emma Willis

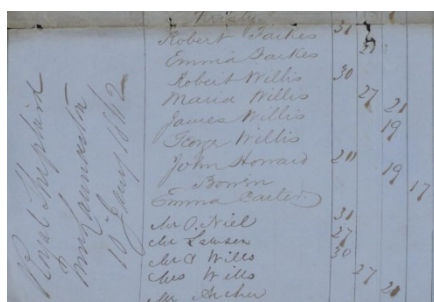
Married in the Independent Chapel according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England by Licence by Robert Fakes Minister.

Soon after Robert's arrival in Tasmania he married, on 23 December 1858, another 'Trade Wind' passenger, Emma WILLIS

(1837-1917), at the Tamar Street Independent Chapel in Launceston. Emma had travelled with her parents, George (1813-1895) and Mary (1809-1860) WILLIS and siblings on the 'Trade Wind'. They too were from Bardwell; it is more likely both Robert and Emma were acquainted before setting sail for Tasmania. Witnesses to their

marriage were two other 'Trade Wind' passengers Robert (1831-1906) and Elizabeth DOCKING (1836-1892).

A letter addressed to Robert Fakes at the Cressy Stores, Cressy in 1859 was withheld from delivery at the Launceston Post Office due to being insufficiently stamped. A daughter, Alice, was born at 'Meadfield', Bothwell in 1859 and a son, John, was born at 'Pleasant Banks', Evandale in 1860. Another son, William was born about 1863 in Bardwell, Suffolk. It is likely the family returned to England about 1862. There was no record for them in the 1861 England Census nor in shipping records departing Victoria for England.



Robert Fakes, aged 31 years (born about 1831), married, arrived in Melbourne, Victoria in January 1862 per 'Royal Shepherd' from Launceston. He was accompanied by his wife, Emma nee Willis, aged 27 (born about 1835). There was no record of their two children, Alice and John on the shipping list. This was probably due to the children not requiring a ticket

because of their ages. The shipping list provided Emma's siblings as also being on the 'Royal Shepherd': Robert Willis (30); Maria Willis (27); James Willis (?) (21); and George Willis (19). Maria, James and George remained in Victoria. A record for James could not be found.

The 1871 England Census for Little Livermore, Ixworth, Suffolk recorded Robert Fakes, aged 40 years, game keeper, born Bardwell; Emma, 33 years, born East Harling; Alice, 11 years, born Meadfield Estate, Bothwell, Australia; John, born Pleasant Banks, Australia, aged 10 years and William, aged eight years, born Bardwell, Suffolk. They continued living at this location. The 1911 England Census recorded 53 Great Livermere and Little Livermere, Suffolk (near Bury St Edmunds) of Robert Fakes, 80 years, retired gamekeeper, born Bardwell, Suffolk and Emma, 78 years, born East Harling, Norfolk. They had three children born alive and three children were living.

Robert Fakes of Great Livermere, Suffolk, retired game-keeper died on 1 February 1914. Probate was granted at Bury St Edmunds on 21 May 1914 to Emma Fakes, widow, and John Gepp Scotcher, gunsmith. Effects were valued at £1080/11/5. Emma died at Barton Mills, Suffolk on 31 July 1917. John Fakes, son, gamekeeper administered her estate of £316 15s 1d.

Charles (1835-1911) and Harriet (1829-1880) FIRMAN nee CHALLIS

Charles migrated on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in Tasmania in 1858. Charles was aged 22 years, married, Church of England, literate, a groom and coachman from Suffolk. He was accompanied by his wife, Harriet. Charles and Harriet were sponsored by FR Tasmania of Hobart Town. Fr Tasmania was the pseudonym of Francis Russell Nixon, DD, Lord Bishop of Tasmania. Harriet was aged 28 years, literate and a cook from

Suffolk. They were discharged to Mr W Rout (Rant), merchant, of Hobart Town, from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the evening of 4 April 1858.

Charles was likely to be the son of Francis Firman (1810-1888) and Maria nee Brooks (1811-1898). He had at least seven siblings. In the 1851 England Census, Charles was aged 15 years, born at Easton, Suffolk and an agricultural labourer. He was living with his family at Grange Farm, Easton, Thetford, Suffolk.

Charles was still in Tasmania in September 1862 as his name was listed in a subscription. The subscription list was printed in *The Mercury* on Saturday 13 September 1862 (p7).

If anybody has any additional information about this family it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William was aged 21 years, single, literate, a salesman and a shopman from Cambridgeshire when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Duncan Ballantine (1786-1867), farmer, of Macquarie Plains. Duncan Ballantine Snr owned a property at 'Kenmore', Macquarie Plains.

William was the son of William (1809-1859) and Eliza nee Thimbleby (1809-1891). In the 1851 England Census William Fordham, aged 15 years, born Chatteris, Cambridgeshire was an apprentice pawnbroker's assistant residing in the home of his maternal grandfather, Joseph Thimbleby. In the house next door lived John Thimbleby, a draper clothier, employing five men, one woman and one boy. Ann Fordham, niece, aged 19 years, a draper's assistant, was also living in the same home.

Lane, Doddington, Cambridgeshire. Eliza's sister, Susannah, a laundress, was also residing in the home. An Eliza Fordham, aged 62 years, and a spinster daughter, aged 27 years, [probably Eliza] departed Gravesend arriving in Melbourne on 22 October 1870 per 'Anglesey'. On 18 April 1872 on board the ship 'Suffolk' on Eliza's return voyage to England, when off St Helens, she died with dropsy.

William may have worked for his sponsor when first arriving in Tasmania although no records could be found to substantiate this. In 1770 William was an assistant in the shop of Robert Andrew Mather (1815-1884). It is possible he worked for Mather soon after his arrival. Later he worked for Mr Joseph Bidencope (1836-1915).



William married Thomastine Callanan Russell (1835-1887) on 6 December 1860 at her parents' residence at 73 Lansdowne Crescent, Hobart. Thomastine was the daughter of William (1796-1884) and Hester nee Callanan (1802-1891). Thomastine and William had five children, two of whom remained in Tasmania and three relocated to the Auckland area in New Zealand (NZ). Thomastine passed away on 24 April 1887 at 5 Elphinstone Road, Hobart, at the age of 51 years with typhoid fever.

William remarried Hannah Elizabeth Glazebrook (1852-1930) (previously Pratt) on 19 May 1890 at William's residence, 157 Murray Street, Hobart. William was aged 54 years, a draper; Hannah was aged 38 years, a dressmaker and a widow. Hannah (aka Anna) was the daughter of Henry George Glazebrook (1814-1886) and Elizabeth (aka Eliza) nee McDonald (1824-1898). Hannah was born on 26 May 1852 at Brookmount House, Ballytore, County Kildare in Ireland and migrated to NZ with her parents and siblings. Hannah had previously been married to Alfred Courtney Pratt (1846-1884). They had married in NZ in



1873 and had three children. Alfred died on 12 March 1884, aged 36 years, with consumption, at his residence, James Street (off Montpelier Street), Battery Point, Tasmania. William and Hannah had a son, William MacDonald Fordham born on 21 May 1891 in Hobart.

No.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
663	May 15 th 1890 157 Murray St Hobart	William Fordham Hannah Pratt	37 38	Crafter Broommaker	William Fordham widower Hannah Pratt widow	Rev. W. J. J. J. Rev. W. J. J. J.	May 15 th 1890	Rev. W. J. J. J. Minister.

Married in the presence of the Registrar 157 Murray St. According to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Wesleyan Methodist Church by *William J. J. J.* Minister.

This Marriage was solemnized between *William Fordham* & *Hannah Pratt* in the presence of *Geo. W. J. J.* & *Mr. Blake* & *Rev. W. J. J. J.* Minister.

William Snr died on 26 December 1913 at his residence 'Homelands', Elphinstone Road, Hobart, aged 77 years. After a private funeral he was buried at the Cornelian Bay Wesleyan Section Cemetery. Hannah died in June 1930 at the Homoeopathic Hospital in Hobart, aged 78 years.

Picture of Hannah copied from *ancestry.com* (Alison Coates).

John FROST (1834-?)

John was aged 23 years, single, literate, a dairyman from Suffolk and a Wesleyan. He was sponsored by Ebenezer Shoobridge (1820-1901) of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to Mrs Shoobridge, New Norfolk on the evening of 26 March 1858.

In the 1841 and 1851 England Census John Frost, born about 1834 at Coney Weston, Suffolk, was residing at Days Lane, Barningham, Thetford, Suffolk. His parents were James (1805-1874), an agricultural labourer and Sarah nee Smith (1804-1881) at Old Buckenham, Norfolk. John was not with this family in the 1861 England census; it is likely he belonged to this family.

It has not been possible from public records or *ancestry.com* nor *findmypast* to find out what happened to John. A possibility was a John Frost being a resident of Hamilton Road, New Norfolk in 1866 and occupied as a 'carrier'. Further research showed this John died on 24 October 1877, aged 57 years, therefore he would have been born about 1820 and not 1834 as per the 'Trade Wind' John Frost. There were a number of people by the name of John Frost living in Tasmania after 1858.

If a reader has any information about John Frost who arrived on the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Thomas FROST (1836-?)

Thomas was born about 1836 in Staffordshire and was a collier sponsored by James Barnard (1809-1897), printer, of Hobart Town. Thomas, was aged 21 years, no education and single and was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, on his own account to New Town on 29 March 1858.

Although James Barnard sponsored Thomas he was not associated with collieries as far is known.

Little more could be found about Thomas Frost either in Staffordshire nor after his arrival in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' Thomas Frost it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John FULLER (1789-1868) and daughter Susannah FULLER (1846-1870)

John paid his own fare on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in Tasmania in 1858. He was aged 68 years, born about 1790, and a farmer. John was accompanied by his daughter Susannah, who was aged 11 years. Martha Ann Bond (1839-1895) and Sarah Ann Bond (1840-1934), who were also passengers on the 'Trade Wind', were his step-daughters. See separate entries for Martha and Sarah.

In the 1851 England Census for Ixworth, Suffolk John was aged 61 years, born about 1790 at Ixworth, Suffolk, a cattle dealer; Sarah, John's wife, aged 33 years, born Shropham, Norfolk in about 1818 (previously Bond); Martha Ann Bond, step-daughter, aged 11 years, a scholar born Stanton, Suffolk; and, Susannah, John's daughter, aged three years, born Thorpe by Ixworth, Suffolk. They were living at Upper Farm, Thorpe by Ixworth, Suffolk. John and Sarah married in Quarter 4 1845 in Thingoe, Suffolk. It is probable John's wife, Sarah, died late in 1853 in Thingoe, Suffolk.

John Fuller	Head	Mar	61		Cattle dealer	To Thorpe by Ixworth
Sarah F.	Wife	Mar	33			Norfolk, Shropham
Martha A. Bond	Step-daughter		11		Scholar	Suffolk, Stanton
Susannah Fuller	Daughter		3			To Thorpe by Ixworth

John and daughter Susannah were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Messrs Crear from Clyne Park on 15 April 1858. Step-daughter, Sarah Ann Bond, was sponsored by Michael Fenton (c1790-1874), landowner, of Fenton Forest and also discharged from the Quarantine Station on the same day to Messrs Crear from Clyne Park, probably James Crear, RN (1820-1867) from Clynevale near Cleveland.

Susannah was aged 11 years when migrating. She was literate and a nursemaid. Although she was sponsored by William Hamilton, landowner, of O'Brien's Bridge she was discharged from the Quarantine Station with her father to Messrs Crear. At an inquest into the death on 13 July 1863 of Edward Hall, Susannah Fuller was sworn in at 'Clynevale', the residence of Mr Crear, as a witness. She said she was in the service of Mrs Crear and the deceased had been her fellow servant for the last 13 months; he was a groom.

Susannah married Charles Wise on 20 August 1865 at Longford, Tasmania. They had one daughter, Sarah Jane Wise born 1867 in South Yarra, Victoria. She died on 18

September 1937 in Dunedin, New Zealand. Susannah died in Victoria, aged 23 years, in 1870. Her parents names on the death registration were shown as John Fuller and Martha (Martha was her step-sister). Her husband, Charles, who was born in 1844 in England, died in 1930 in Victoria.

John Fuller passed away in Victoria in 1869, aged 80 years.

William GARBETT(S) (1831- 1891?)

William was aged 26 years, single, not able to read nor write, a collier from Staffordshire. William was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), landowner, of Hobart Town and New Town. [William was recorded as being aged 25 years on the Destination List.] William was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on his own account to New Town on 29 March 1858.

It is likely William was the son of John and Mary Garbett. In the 1841 England Census for Gorsty Bank, Kingswinford, Stourbridge, Staffordshire John Garbett was aged 50 years and a coal miner. His wife, Mary, was aged 45 years. William was aged 11 years. Other siblings were Joseph (1826), Elizabeth (1821), John (1826 – twin of Emma), Emma (1826 – twin of John), Isabella (1828), Margaret (1833), Eliza (1838) and Charles (1840).

A William Garbett was a resident in Mangana in 1866. Mangana is situated in the coal mining district of the Fingal Valley. This William Garbett married Anne Moore on 17 December 1866 in the Fingal district.

No further information could be found for William in Tasmania. It is likely after his marriage he moved to Newcastle, New South Wales, another coal mining district. There are numerous reports of a William Garbett, a miner, being charged with assaulting and beating his wife, Annie. However, in most instances the cases were withdrawn by his wife. He was also charged with wife desertion. On the warrant for his arrest he was described as being aged about 53 years (this would fit – about 1830), 5 feet 5 inches high, stout build, fair complexion, blue eyes, scar over one, clean shaved except for beard, bald on top of head. He was supposed to be working on the railway extension near Sydney or in the mines at Newcastle. William was arrested in 1884 for deserting his wife at Glen Innes.

The *Newcastle Morning Herald and Miners' Advocate* on Monday 19 January 1885 (p2) reported on a William Garbett, a Wallsend miner, being admitted to hospital suffering from broken ribs and injuries to his leg. He wandered on to the Great Northern Railway line, near Wickham, and in the darkness fell through a skeleton bridge behind the Bellevue Hotel, a depth of over twenty feet, on to a pile of large stones.

A William Garbett died in 1891 in Newtown, New South Wales. Mother's name was recorded as Minnie. Perhaps the same William?

If a reader has any information about William Garbett from the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Harriet GLADDING (1836-1897) and daughter Ahie M GLADDING (1857-1858)

Harriet was aged 21 years, single, could read and was from Hertfordshire, occupied as a cook. She was sponsored by Henry Hopkins (1787-1870) of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to him on the evening of 9 April 1858.



Westella

Harriet may have worked for Henry Hopkins as a cook in either of his two chief residences. His main residence, 'Westella', in Elizabeth Street, Hobart, was built in 1835 on the instruction it was to be the grandest home in all of Hobart. He purchased a country residence, 'Summerhome', in Hopkins Street, Moonah in around 1840. This home was a



Summerhome

former boarding school for boys.

Harriet had a daughter, Ahie M Gladding on the voyage to Tasmania. She was born in December 1857 but only lived for 12 days. She died, at sea, on 3 January 1858.

Harriet was born about 1836 in Bengoe, Hertfordshire to George (1806-1847) and Elizabeth nee Way (1808-1886). George was an agricultural labourer. Harriet had an older brother, William, who was born about 1831. Her father died in 1847 and in the 1851 England census her mother was shown as a pauper widow. Harriett was then aged 14 years.

No further record has been found of Harriet and it is possible she may have returned to England. A Harriet Gladding, aged 63 years, born about 1837, died in March 1900 at Hertford, Hertfordshire. Another Harriet Gladding, born in Bengoe, Hertfordshire, married on 15 October 1866 in the Parish Chapel, St Pancras in England to James Moir Cousins (1839-1872). She died in April 1897 in Bengoe, Hertfordshire.

David GOOD (1838-1913)

David was a wheelwright, aged 19 years, single, literate and was from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Edward Nicholas (1806-1881), landowner, of Bothwell and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to him on 11 April 1858. Edward owned two large properties in the Bothwell district: 'Meadsfield' and 'Abyssinia' Estates. It is not known if David actually worked for Nicholas and if so, on which properties.

David was the son of David Good Snr (1807-1889), a wheelwright and Mary nee Hurrell (1808-1856). He was born at Thingoe in Suffolk in Quarter 4, 1838.

In the 1841 England Census the family lived at Street, Stanton, Thingoe, Suffolk. David Jnr was aged two years. In the 1851 Census the family were at Dog Street Lane, Stanton St John, Thingoe, Suffolk. The family comprised of:

David (44 - 1807), Wheelwright, born Weston, Market, Suffolk; Mary (43 - 1808) born Bardwell, Suffolk; Emma (13 - 1838), born Stanton, Suffolk; David (12 - 1839) born Stanton, Suffolk; George (8 - 1843), born Stanton, Suffolk - a note next to George 'Blind'.

George Harrell a cousin, aged 21 years, 1830, born Bardwell was a wheelwright apprentice in the same home.

David's mother, Mary, died almost two years before David's departure for Tasmania. She was buried on 31 March 1856 at the St John Anglican Church in Stanton. His father may have remarried Ann Manning in 1867. Ann (1819-1893) was a dressmaker and born in 1819 at Hunston, Suffolk. In 1881 they were living at Dog Street Lane, Stanton All Saints and St John the Baptist, Thingoe, Suffolk. David Snr was also buried at the St John Anglican Church in Stanton. He was aged 82 years and buried on 15 March 1889.

Number	When married, and where	Name and Surname	Age	Rank	Signature and Description of Person	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar	When registered	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister
118	8th June 1860 St John's Congregational Church, Launceston	David Good Anne Potter	full age do	Widow	David Good Bachelor Anne Potter Spinster	William Law	8th June 1860	William Law

Married in the St John's Congregational Church, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of Congregationalists by Minister by
 This Marriage was solemnized between David Good & Anne Potter
 In the Presence of Wm. Callanell, Sarah Callanell, Minister.

David Jnr married Ann Potter (1836-1915), possibly the daughter of Samuel (1785-?) and Elizabeth nee Osborne (1787-?), on 8 June 1860, at the Congregational Church in

Launceston.

Ann was born in Eccles, Norfolk and sailed on the 'Southern Eagle' for Launceston arriving on 1 July 1857, six months earlier than her future husband who arrived on the 'Trade Wind'. Ann was a domestic servant and was sponsored by Mr W Archer.

David and Ann's first two children were twins born at Carrick on 28 June 1861. In total they had eight children, four males and four females. All of the children remained in Tasmania. By 1863 David had moved to Penguin where he became a farmer and stayed in the Penguin district for the remainder of his life. He died at Penguin, aged 74 years, on 27 August 1913. His wife lived for another 18 months and she too passed away at Penguin on 3 January 1915.

Henry HADDOCK (1833-1908)

Born at Old Newton, Suffolk on 11 Nov 1833, Henry was aged 24 years, single, literate and a gardener when he migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Henry was the son of James (1806-1875) and Mary nee Francis (1797-1863). Henry was baptised on 17 November 1833 at Old Newton, St Mary in Suffolk. His father was a labourer.

In the 1841 England Census the family were residing at Dagworth, Newton Old with Dagworth, Stow, Suffolk. The family, all born in Suffolk, comprised of the following:

James (35 - 1806), Stowmarket, Suffolk; Mary (40 - 1801); Robert (22 - 1830); George (9 - 1832); Henry (7 - 1834); Eldred (2 - 1839); and Frances Francis (85 - 1756).

In the 1851 England Census Henry was living with his parents and siblings (Robert, George, Eldred) at Boards Farm, Old Newton, Stowupland, Suffolk where his father, and brothers Robert and George were agricultural labourers. Henry was a servant at a different location to where his father worked.

Henry was sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, Bagdad, along with his cousin, William Marthick (1832-1911 - Mattick) and his future wife, Louisa Blizzard (1839-1907). They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Mr Hayes of Bagdad on 8 May 1858 per coach.

Henry married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', Louisa BLIZZARD. They married at the Parish Church, Forest on 2 November 1860. Louisa's parents, George (1811-1890) and Phoebe nee Blake (1814-1897), who were also passengers on the 'Trade Wind', resided in the Forest area. Witnesses to the marriage were Eliza Spinks (1840-1930) and David Blizzard (1841-1933). See more details about Louisa under Louisa Blizzard.

A daughter was born in Melbourne in 1872 (died the same year) so it is supposed they had moved to Victoria by 1872. In 1903 Henry and Louisa were living at Darebin Creek Road, Ivanhoe in Heidelberg, Victoria. Henry was occupied as a gardener.

Henry passed away at Union Street, Northcote, Victoria aged 74 years on 10 September 1908. His late address was at Waterdale Road, Ivanhoe. Louisa was aged 68 years when she died on 17 September 1907 at 'Ellesmere', Waterdale Road, Ivanhoe.

Alicia aka Alice, Eutica, Utica, Nellie HAM(P)STEAD (1845-1927)

Alicia was also known by the names of Alice, Utica, Eutica and Nellie although 'Trade Wind' records show her name as Alica. As the family record her name as Utica this name will be used. Utica was aged 11 years and could read at the time of migrating on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was born between January and March 1847 in Stow, Suffolk, England. Her parents were Robert (1820-1904) and Susannah nee Clarke (1822-1871). Her mother passed away in Ipswich, Suffolk in January 1871.

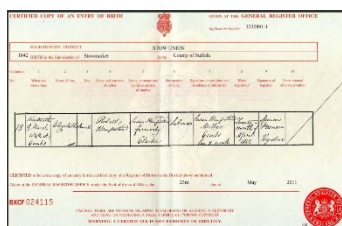
The Hamstead family were sponsored by William Stammers Button, Esq. (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on the morning coach to Mr Button on 23 March 1858. William Button sponsored 24 people from the 'Trade Wind' including the Bean family.

The Hamstead family moved to Victoria in about 1860. Utica married Henry Norris Robottom (1846-1903) in Victoria in 1868. They had at least four children; one child died at the age of eight months in 1874.



Utica died at the age of 82 years in July 1927 at North Fitzroy, Victoria. Her husband died several years before in 1903, aged 57 years, in South Fitzroy.

Elizabeth HAMPSTED (1842-1930)



Elizabeth was aged 16 years, single, could read and a housemaid when arriving in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Elizabeth accompanied her parents, Robert (1820-1904) and Susannah nee Clarke (1822-1871) and three of her siblings. Elizabeth was born on 19 March 1842 at Combs, Stowmarket in Suffolk. Her father, Robert, was a labourer at the time of her birth and the family lived at Combs.

Elizabeth was sponsored by William Stammers Button, landowner, of Launceston.

No further records could be found for Elizabeth in online public records. A researcher on *ancestry.com* has shown she married Charles Edgar Baker (1840-1877) in England and she died in December 1930 at Stowmarket in Suffolk at the age of 88 years. It is believed she returned to England with her family when her mother was ill. See Robert and Susannah for further details. Elizabeth and Charles Baker had at least four children.

If a reader has any information about Elizabeth it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Louisa HAMPSTEAD (1850-1925)

Louisa was aged seven years when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. She was born between April and June 1851 in Combs Ford, Stow, Suffolk in England.

Louisa migrated with her parents Robert (1820-1904) and Susannah nee Clarke (1822-1871) and four siblings. The Hamstead family were sponsored by William Stammers Button, Esq. (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on the morning coach to Mr Button on 23 March 1858. William Button sponsored 24 people from the 'Trade Wind' including the Bean family.

The Hamstead family moved to Victoria in about 1860. Louisa returned to England with other members of her family when her mother became ill, passing away in Suffolk in January 1871. In the 1871 England Census for Combs, Suffolk, Louisa was aged 20 years, born about 1851 in Combs, Suffolk and was a visitor in the home of James and Mary Rogers. Louisa remained in England after her mother's death marrying Frederick William Mulley (1853-1908) who was also born at Combs in Suffolk. He was a leather dresser (currier). They had six children. One son, Macdonald, was killed in action in France on 3 June 1917, aged 41 years. He was a gunner with the 39th Heavy Bty, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Louisa died between July and September 1925 in Stow, Suffolk, aged 74 years. Her husband, Frederick passed away in April 1908, aged 55 years, also in Stow, Suffolk.

Robert HAMSTEAD Jnr (1848-1915)

Robert was aged nine years and could read when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was baptised on 1 April 1849 in Combs, Suffolk. Robert's parents were Robert Snr (1820-1904) and Susannah nee Clarke (1822-1871). His mother passed away in Ipswich, Suffolk in January 1871.

The Hamstead family were sponsored by William Stammers Button, Esq. (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on the morning coach to Mr Button on 23 March 1858. William Button sponsored 24 people from the 'Trade Wind' including the Bean family.

The Hamstead family moved to Victoria in about 1860. Robert was a labourer in Victoria and it is believed he did not marry. In his father's death notice in April 1904 it was noted Robert Jnr was from Waranga Basin, near Rushworth. Robert died on 10 August 1915, aged 65 years, at the Melbourne Benevolent Asylum. He was buried at the Cheltenham Pioneer Cemetery in Bayside City, Victoria.

If a reader has any further information about Robert it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Robert HAMSTEAD Snr (1820-1904) and Susannah HAMSTEAD nee CLARKE (1822-1871)

'Trade Wind' shipping records show the name as Hampsted, however, in records in Australia after arrival, the name is spelt consistently as Hamstead. Records in England mostly record the name as Hamstead although there are some variations.

Robert was aged 37 years when departing England, married, could read, a hop grower and labourer. Robert was the son of Henry [Harvey] Hamstead (1779-1848), born at Combsford, near Stowmarket, Suffolk and Susan (1776-1871).

The Hamstead family [a researcher on *ancestry.com* has changed the name to Hempstead] in the 1851 England Census for Ford, Combs, Stow, Suffolk records the family as follows:

Robert Hamstead (32 – 1819), born Onehouse, Suffolk, England, farm labourer; Susannah (29 - c1822), born Hatfield, Hertfordshire; Elizabeth (9 - c1842) born Combs, Suffolk; Susanah (7 - c1844), born Combs, Suffolk; Alicia (4 - c1847), born Combs, Suffolk [Utica]; Robert (2 - c1849), born Combs, Suffolk; and Mary Burrows, (65 -c1786), Lodger, born Combs, Suffolk.

Robert married Susannah Clarke on 25 January 1842 in Suffolk. Susannah was born about 1822 in Hatfield, Hertfordshire. Her mother was Elizabeth and her father was not named on the birth registration.

NAME	AGE	SEX	RELATION	DATE OF DEPARTURE	DATE OF ARRIVAL	REMARKS
Robert Hamstead	37	M	Head	1858	1858	
Susannah	29	F	Wife	1858	1858	
Elizabeth	9	F	Daughter	1858	1858	
Susanah	7	F	Daughter	1858	1858	
Alicia	4	F	Daughter	1858	1858	
Robert	2	M	Son	1858	1858	
Mary Burrows	65	F	Lodger	1858	1858	

Robert and Susannah migrated on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 along with five children who were all born in

Combs, Suffolk: Elizabeth (10), Alicia [Utica] (11), Robert (9), Louisa (7) and Samuel (4). Two more children were born after their arrival with both passing away in infancy: Henry John (1859-1860); and William (1861-1864). Daughter, Susanna, who was born in 1844, passed away in 1852 before the family departed for Tasmania.

The family were sponsored by William Stammers Button, Esq. (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on the morning coach to Mr Button on 23 March 1858. William Button sponsored 24 people from the 'Trade Wind' including the Bean family.

The Hamstead family moved to Victoria in about 1860. No public records could be found for Susannah after their arrival in Victoria. Researchers of this family on *ancestry.com* show she died in January 1871 in Ipswich, Suffolk in England. *Findmypast* records Susanna Hamstead, born 1822, aged 49 years, died 1871 and buried 15 Jan 1871 at Whitton, St Mary Anglican Church, Ipswich District, Suffolk.

It is surmised Susanna was ill and some of the family returned to England with her including her husband, daughters Elizabeth and Louisa and son Samuel. A record of Utica and Robert Jnr was not found in England after migrating to Tasmania although it is possible they returned to England as well. From records on *ancestry.com* Elizabeth and Louisa remained in England after their mother's death. In the 1871 England Census for Stowmarket, Suffolk, Samuel, aged 16 years, was a visitor in the home of Henry and Emily Bird. A Samuel Hamstead, aged 15 years, arrived Victoria in June 1872 per 'Queen of Nations'. There is a record of a Robert Hamstead, aged 53 years, arriving in Victoria in August 1871 on the 'Newcastle' from England.

Robert died on 26 April 1904, aged 91 years, at North Fitzroy. The death notice in *The Age* on Wednesday 27 April 1904 announced he was the father of Robert Hamstead of Waranga Basin, Mrs Robottom [Utica] of Fitzroy and Samuel Hamstead (1854-1932) of Holden Street, North Fitzroy. Robert was buried in the Melbourne General Cemetery.

Samuel HAMSTEAD (1853-1932)

Samuel was aged four years when migrating with his family to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Samuel migrated with his parents and four siblings. He was born at Stowe in Suffolk between April and June 1854. His parents were Robert (1820-1904) and Susannah nee Clarke (1822-1871).

The Hamstead family were sponsored by William Stammers Button, Esq. (1795-1876), landowner, of Launceston. They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on the morning coach to Mr Button on 23 March 1858. William Button sponsored 24 people from the 'Trade Wind' including the Bean family.

The Hamstead family moved to Victoria in about 1860. Samuel returned to England with members of his family when his mother was ill, passing away in January 1871. In the 1871 England Census Samuel, aged 16 years, born about 1855 in Combs, Suffolk,

was a visitor in the home of Henry and Emily Bird in Combs, Stowmarket. A Samuel Hamstead, born about 1857, arrived Victoria in June 1872 per 'Queen of Nations'.

Samuel was a poultry dealer in Victoria and lived in Spring Street as well as 106 Holden Street, North Fitzroy.

Samuel married Margaret Julia Fielding Ward (1858-1916) in 1875 in Victoria. Margaret was the daughter of James Ward and Elizabeth nee Dove. She was born in 1858 in Dublin, Ireland. Samuel and Margaret had 11 children; four died in infancy.

Samuel passed away suddenly at his residence, 106 Holden Street, North Fitzroy, at the age of 78 years on 7 July 1932. He was buried at the Coburg Cemetery. His wife, Margaret, predeceased him by 16 years. She died on 14 December 1916, aged 57 years.

Robert HARRINGTON (1838-1909?)

Robert was aged 19 years, single, could read and a farm labourer from Essex when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf. Robert was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Morrison on the evening of 27 March 1858.

Askin Morrison sponsored ten immigrants on the 'Trade Wind', seven of whom were from Essex; mainly from the Lamarsh area. They may have been related, for example, John Pilgrim, Charles and William Weavers as well as Robert Harrington were possibly cousins.



Robert was the son of Ishmael Harrington (1804-1878) and Sarah nee Butcher (1807-1842). Robert was born on 29 March 1838 at Lamarsh in Essex and was baptised on 6 May 1838 at Holy Innocents Church at Lamarsh. His mother passed away when he was aged four. His father remarried Sarah, previously Weavers nee Salmon (1810-1901) and he was raised by his father and stepmother. His stepmother's parents were Thomas Salmon (1776-1838) and Sarah nee Pilgrim (1781-1827). In the 1841 England Census the Harrington family were living at Lamarsh Hill

in Lamarsh.

[Picture taken by Betty Pilgrim of the Holy Innocents Church at Lamarsh, Essex.]

It is not known what happened to Robert as he did not appear in public records in Tasmania after arriving on the 'Trade Wind'. There were others by the same name in Tasmania but the birth dates do not match. It is likely the Robert Harrington who sailed to New Zealand (NZ) in 1868 was the same as the 'Trade Wind' migrant to Tasmania. He married Jane Miller (1842-1919) in 1875 in NZ and was residing in Christchurch in 1876. This Robert Harrington, born 1838, died 16 March 1909, aged 71 years in New Zealand.

Jane died on 26 July 1919. Both Robert and Jane were buried at the Waikari Cemetery, Canterbury, NZ.

If a reader has any further information about the 'Trade Wind' Robert Harrington it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Catherine HART aka JONES (1829-c1892)

Catherine was aged 28 years, single a Roman Catholic, could read and a general servant from London when she migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Catherine was sponsored by William Stelling (1814-1875), pastry cook, of Hobart Town. William Stelling was an ex-convict who was transported for uttering base coin. He was convicted at Lancaster on 18 March 1833 and transported from Plymouth on 28 July 1833, arriving in Tasmania per 'Isabella' on 14 November 1833.

It is not known the connection, if there was one, between Catherine and William Stelling. Catherine married Thomas Jones in Hobart in 1860. They had three children: a male, born 14 July 1860, Hobart; Margaret Dorothy born 9 November 1865, Spring Bay; Mary born 20 May 1869, Spring Bay. It is not known what happened to Thomas nor their children.

Catherine was continually in trouble with the law being charged repeatedly with offences such as being drunk and incapable, drunkenness, stealing, disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace, assaulting a neighbour with a poker, illegally pawning goods and using obscene and abusive language. She received prison sentences with hard labour on several occasions. Police records state her native place was England, 5 foot 5 inches tall with dark brown hair.

RETURN of Paupers discharged from the INVALID DEPOT, TASMANIA.

No. of Paupers.	Name.	City.	From what District admitted.	Date admission.	Date discharged.	Remarks—Was discharged, and if also re-admitted.
1	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
2	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
3	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
4	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
5	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
6	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
7	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
8	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
9	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
10	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
11	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
12	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
13	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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15	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
16	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
17	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
18	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
19	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
20	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
21	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
22	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
23	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
24	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
25	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
26	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
27	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
28	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
29	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
30	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
31	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
32	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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35	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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46	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
47	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
48	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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56	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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61	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
62	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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64	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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66	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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70	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
71	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
72	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
73	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
74	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
75	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
76	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
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78	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
79	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
80	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
81	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
82	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
83	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
84	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
85	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
86	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
87	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
88	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
89	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
90	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
91	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
92	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
93	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
94	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
95	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
96	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
97	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
98	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
99	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.
100	John Jones.	London.	London.	20 April 1858.	20 May 1858.	Discharged.

Office of Inspector of Police, Hobart, 20th July, 1888.

BERNARD SHAW, Inspector of Police.

Catherine Jones, pauper, was admitted to the New Town Charitable Institute twelve times between 1882 and 1889. Her records clearly state the ship to the colony was on the 'Trade Wind'. Catherine absconded from the Institute six times and on two occasions was arrested by the police.

There is a record of a Catherine Jones, who matches the age of the Catherine Hart on the 'Trade Wind' attempting to commit suicide by drowning on two occasions in about 1900. On both occasions she was rescued and was bound over to be of good behaviour for six months. Another Catherine Jones, a pauper, Roman Catholic, was buried on 30 July 1892 in Hobart. Her last residence was at the New Town Charitable Institute and it was recorded she was born in Ireland.

If a reader has any additional information about the 'Trade Wind' Catherine it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Thomas HILL (1832-1895)

Thomas was aged 27 years, single, a collier from Staffordshire with no education when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by John Foster

Thomas married Isabella Johnston in the Wesleyan Centenary Church, Hobart Town on 15 April 1868. Thomas was aged 35 years (born about 1832), a bachelor, and Isabella was aged 34 years (1834), a widow. Isabella was born on 10 October 1846 in Calcutta, India, the daughter of Andrew Paul (1810-1889) and Helen (1812-1864). Thomas and Isabella moved to Victoria where at least six children were born.

Isabella may have previously been married to William Johnston who died on 1 November 1863 at Battery Point. He was aged 48 years, born about 1815 in Denmark. He was the Superintendent of the Iron Pot Light House and the cause of death was pneumonia.

Ellen HUMPHREY (1853-1858)

Susannah HUMPHREY (1835-1916)

V 1835	for	William			
Jan 70	Susanna	Elizabeth	Humphreys	Bridgman	Latimer
1830	for	William			
	Susanna	Elizabeth	Humphreys	Bridgman	Latimer

From public records it is not certain who Susannah married. Six of her seven children record the parent's names at birth as Richard Bennett and Susannah formerly Humphry. The last born child, Sarah Ellen, records the parent's names as John Bennett and Susannah formerly Humphry.

When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
12 July 1858 Launceston	Richard Bennett	full age	Boothman	Rich. Bennett	Rev. J. Bennett	12 July 1858	[Signature]
	Sarah Humphrey	full age	Spinster	Sarah Humphrey	[Signature]		[Signature]

ried in the presence of [Signatures] according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England by Banns by [Signature] Minister.

The marriage registration for Richard Bennett on 12 July 1858 in Launceston records his wife's name as Sarah Humphrey. It is possible the clergyman abbreviated the

name Susannah and it appears as Sarah. To support this theory, in two instances, the name Richard was abbreviated to Rich. It is probable Richard was known to Susannah before she arrived in Tasmania in February 1858 and perhaps already engaged to Richard. They married approximately five months after Susannah's arrival, on 12 July 1858 in Launceston. This may have been the purpose of the family migrating to Tasmania.

The birth of the last-born child, Sarah Ellen Bennett (1875-1972) records the father's name as John Bennett. This is puzzling as Richard was believed to be still alive at the time of her birth. Perhaps Richard's full name was John Richard Bennett or John may have been a brother of Richard.

A Susan Bennett was buried on 23 October 1916 (82) at Carr Villa; the same site as son William who was born about 1834. There was also a Susan Bennett, late of York Street, Launceston, who passed away, aged 82 in October 1916.

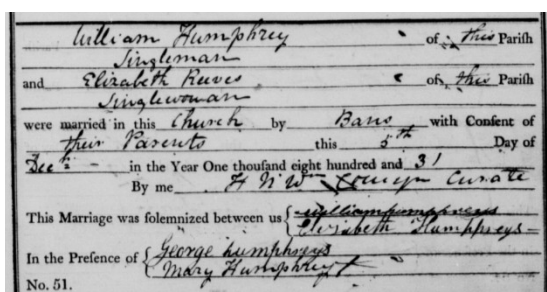
If a reader has further information about this family it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William HUMPHREY (c1808-1886?) and Eliza HUMPHREY nee REEVES (c1809-?)

William was aged 45 years, married, a Methodist and a farm labourer when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was recruited from Suffolk although his native place was Bridgham, Norfolk. He was the son of Henry (1775-1865) and Elizabeth nee Leftley (1809-?). William was accompanied on the 'Trade Wind' by his wife, Eliza (Elizabeth), aged 45 years, daughter Susannah, aged 22 years and a child Ellen, aged four years. Ellen was probably Susannah's daughter.

V	Horn	Kunstberg					"	"	Horn
V	Sch.	"	68				"	"	Sch.
V	Jensen	"		70			"	"	Martin
V	Peter	"			11		"	"	Christ

William and Elizabeth were sponsored by Abraham Morey Snr (1819-1884), farmer, of Launceston. Morey's property was 'Ravensdale' at Little Swanport on the East Coast.



William married Elizabeth Reeves on 5 December 1831 at Bridgham, Norfolk.

There were at least three Elizabeth Reeves born in London about 1809. It is likely Elizabeth was the daughter of Edward and Susanna Reeves as William and Elizabeth's first daughter was named Susanna which

would follow the English naming convention of the first born female being named after the grandmother. This Elizabeth Reeves was born on 31 October 1809 and baptised on 19 April 1810 at St George, Hanover Square, London, Westminster.

In the 1841 England Census William and Elizabeth were living in the home of William's parents in Bridgham, Norfolk, along with daughters Susannah, aged six years and Sarah aged six months. It is likely Sarah did not survive infancy as she did not accompany her family on the 'Trade Wind' nor was she recorded as part of the family in the 1851 England Census. William was a rail labourer in 1851.

It is not certain what happened to William and Eliza. It is possible the death recorded on 12 November 1886 in Launceston was the same William. He was aged 77 years and died in Balfour Street, a labourer, with heart disease.

If a reader has any information about William and Eliza Humphrey it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Christopher INGAMELLS (1837-1924)

Christopher was aged 20 years, single and a ploughman when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Although being shown as coming from Norfolk Christopher was a native of Lincolnshire. He was baptised on 18 June 1837 at Stickney, Lincolnshire, the son of Paul (1802-1874) and Sarah nee Harness (1816-1843). His

mother died when he was about nine years of age. In the 1851 England Census for Turnpike, Stickney, Spilsby, Lincolnshire Christopher, aged 14 years, an agricultural labourer, was the only sibling residing with his father who was also an agricultural labourer.

Christopher was one of eight from the 'Trade Wind' sponsored by Samuel Horton (1796-1867), landowner, of 'Somercotes' near Ross.

1860 MARRIAGES in the District of *Camptford*

Number.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parson.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
30	18 Jan. 1860 Somercotes Leas	Christopher Goss and Fanny Crawford	21 yrs. 15 years	Servant Servant	Robert Standaloft Bachel.	Robert Standaloft	18 Jan. 1860	Robert Standaloft

Married in the house of Fanny Crawford according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Wesleyan Church, by

This Marriage was solemnized by Christopher Goss in the presence of Robert Standaloft

Minister.

Christopher married Fanny Crawford (1845-1872) at the house of Captain Horton, 'Somercotes', according to the Rites and Ceremonies

of the Wesleyan Church on 18 January 1860. Christopher was a servant and Fanny was aged 15 years and also a servant. One of the witnesses to the marriage was Robert Standaloft. Robert came from North Somercotes in Lincolnshire and had arrived in Launceston on 30 December 1856 per 'Alice Walton'. He was sponsored as a farm labourer by Samuel Horton. Robert was the brother of Thomas Standaloft who lost his life on the 'Trade Wind' under suspicious circumstances. Thomas' widow, Jane, remarried another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', John Bonner, who was sponsored by Horton.

Christopher and Fanny had five children, one of whom died when aged two years.



After Fanny passed away Christopher remarried Susannah Goss (1853-1909), the daughter of Thomas Goss (1807-1872) and Martha nee Johnson (1816-1883), on 3 December 1872 in Launceston. Christopher was aged 35 years and a draper and Susannah was aged 19 years, a farmer's daughter. Christopher had a further eleven children to Susannah. At least four of the children died in infancy.

Christopher, and all but one of his children, settled in Tasmania.

Christopher passed away on 12 July 1924 at aged 87 years and Susannah on 7 August 1909, aged 56 years.

The picture of Christopher was copied from *ancestry.com* (SG_22).

Walter KEMP (1839-1884?)

Walter was aged 18 years, single, belonged to the Church of England faith, was illiterate and a ploughman from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Walter was sponsored by Charles Butler (1820-1909), solicitor, of Hobart Town and he was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 15 April 1858 to Mr Butler.

A Walter Kemp was born about September 1839 at Bridgham, Norfolk rather than Suffolk as per the 'Trade Wind' records. His parents were Samuel Kemp (1796-? – game keeper) and Ann nee Jennings (1797-1862). Another family, William and Eliza Humphrey, were recorded as coming from Suffolk on the 'Trade Wind' records but their native place was Bridgham, Norfolk. The agent recruiting the labourers often selected people from the same area to migrate and it is possible the Humphrey family and Walter Kemp were known to each other. William and Eliza Humphrey nor William Kemp, according to public records, remained in Tasmania. It is possible they all returned to England. A Walter Kemp, born about 1839, died in 1884 at Bridgham.

Ann KERRIDGE (1827-?)

It is probable Ann was the daughter of William Kerridge (1787-1855) a woodman born at Thelnetham, Suffolk and Jemima nee Hurrell (1793-1873), born Wattisfield Suffolk. In the 1851 England census for Stanton All Saints, Suffolk, Ann was aged 22 years, born Stanton. It is likely Ellen, who was under one month old and recorded as a "bastard" was Ann's daughter. Ellen Pettit Kerridge was born March 1851 at Stanton. The father was not named on the birth registration. In the 1861 England Census for Stanton, Thingoe, Suffolk, Jemima was a widow, aged 74 years, and a pauper. Ellen Kerridge, her granddaughter was also living with her; she was aged 10 years and a scholar.

Ann married John
BURROWS (1830-?),
another passenger
on the 'Trade Wind' at
St John's Church,
Newtown on 28 July

A further record for neither Ann nor John was able to be found in public records.

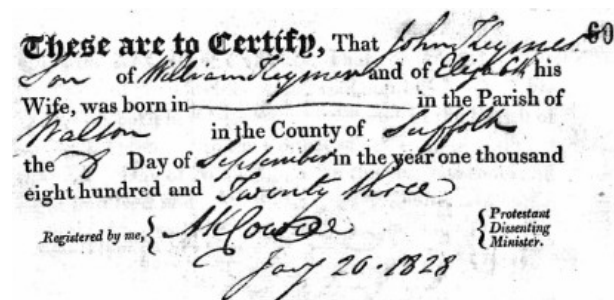
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William KEYMER (1823-1919) and Sarah KEYMER nee MAPLE (1819-1899)

William and Sarah embarked on the 'Trade Wind' arriving Tasmania in 1858. William was aged 34 years, literate, a farm labourer and Sarah was aged 38 years, a dressmaker. Both were from Suffolk and sponsored by Phillis Seal (1807-1877) land and ship owner, of Hobart Town. They were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on the afternoon of 16 May 1858 per 'Tommy'.

William and Sarah were married between January and March 1847 at Ipswich, Suffolk. William's name on the marriage registration was transcribed as Reymer rather than Keymer. In the 1851 England Census for Ipswich St Peter, Suffolk William and Sarah were living at Bell Lane. William was aged 27 years [born about 1824], a coal porter born Walton, Suffolk and Sarah, aged 31 years, born Somersham [born about 1820], Suffolk. In the 1841 England Census, Sarah Maple, aged 20 years, estimated to be born in 1821 at Ipswich, St Clement, Suffolk was living at St Clement, Suffolk.

A registration of Births in the Walton Baptist records William's name as John, son of William Keymer and of Elizabeth his wife, born in the Parish of Walton in the County of Suffolk on 8 September 1823.



These are to Certify, That *John Keymer* son of *William Keymer* and of *Elizabeth* his Wife, was born in *Walton* in the Parish of *Walton* in the County of *Suffolk* the *8* Day of *September* in the year one thousand eight hundred and *Twenty three*
Registered by me, *M. Fowler* {Protestant Dissenting Minister.} *July 20. 1828*

William was the son of William Snr (1792-1852) and Elizabeth nee Kerridge (1799-1867). William Jnr may have been the cousin of Ann Kerridge who also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind'. Sarah may have been the daughter of William and Mary Maple.

She was baptised on 5 July 1818 at Somersham, Huntingdonshire, England.

Phillis Seal, the Keymer's sponsor, was the widow of Charles Seal (1801-1852) who died in Hobart at the age of 41. Phillis continued his merchant business after her husband's death. Phillis placed an advertisement in *The Mercury* on 4 September 1861 requesting William and Sarah Keymer, ex 'Trade Wind', to call on her at New Town. This would suggest although they were sponsored by Mrs Seal, they did not commence working for her.

Sarah passed away on 6 June 1899, aged 80 years, at her residence, 20 Racecourse Crescent, Launceston. Members of the Loyal Cornwall Lodge 4276 IOOF MU were requested to attend her funeral.

William remarried Alice Jackson on 30 November 1899 in Launceston. The marriage registration recorded William as being aged 76 years, a widowed gardener, no children, born Suffolk. Parents were William, labourer, and Elizabeth. Alice resided in Launceston, aged 44 years, a spinster. She was born at Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Her father was Thomas Joseph Jackson and Mary. Witnesses to the marriage were Francis and Elizabeth Jackson, probably Alice's brother and sister-in-law.

An article in *The Weekly Courier* on Thursday 11 September 1913 reported on Mr Keymer's life headed 'Ninety Not Out':

Mr William Keymer of Racecourse Crescent, Launceston celebrated his 90th birthday on Monday. He was born in 1823 at Ipswich in the county of Suffolk and left England with his wife in 1857 in the ship Trade Wind, arriving in Impression Bay early in February 1858. The ship was quarantined for 10 weeks owing to an outbreak of low fever on board. Mr Keymer held the position of head gardener at the late Mr W Gibson's estate on the Tamar. Returning to Launceston in the sixties, he built the house in which he still resides and up till a few years ago was actively engaged in gardening pursuits. His hearing and sight are still unimpaired and despite his years he is a regular attendant at church. Mr Keymer is probably the oldest member of the Oldfellows in Tasmania, having joined over 68 years ago and is also the oldest member of the Tamar-street Congregational Church. Two of his shipmates were Mr Bidence of Hobart and Mr W Quarry of Launceston.

It is interesting Mr Keymer was a regular church attendant as on the shipping records for both himself and wife they were shown as being dissenters. Perhaps this meant they were dissenters from the Church of England faith. English Dissenters or English Separatists were Protestant Christians who separated from the Church of England in the 17th and 18th centuries. The English dissenters opposed state interference in religious matters and founded their own churches, educational establishments and communities.

William passed away on 27 September 1919 at his residence 23 Racecourse Crescent, Launceston, aged 96 years. Alice remarried William Lee at 79 Cameron Street, Launceston, on 7 June 1922. Sarah died at the Launceston General Hospital on 22 December 1936 with injuries received from an accident where she was knocked down by a car in Charles Street, Launceston. She was 82 years of age.

Pamela KING (1836-1905)

Pamela was aged 21 years, single, could read and was a housemaid from Norfolk when she arrived in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by Dr John Anthony Moore (1817-1878) of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station to him on 9 April 1858.

Pamela was baptised on 26 March 1837, the daughter of Thomas King (1789-?) and Francis nee Bluxton (1791-?), at Whitwell, Norfolk. In both the 1841 and 1851 England Census the family was living at Whitwell. By 1851 Thomas, an agricultural labourer, was a widower.

Pamela married a fellow passenger from the 'Trade Wind', William BLOGG (1838-1902) on 10 May 1858, at Swansea – one month after their arrival. William was from Cawston



in Norfolk and was sponsored by James Amos (1804-1864) from 'Gala Mill' at Swan Port.

James Amos passed away on 18 July 1864 of paralysis, aged 59 years. His death may have been the reason

William and Pamela moved to Mudgee, New South Wales (NSW), by 1871, to join his oldest brother, Robert (1829-1902), who had migrated to NSW per 'Bengal' on 13 March 1855. William was a station employee of James Atkinson of Grattai and Slashers Flat, Mudgee where he worked as a boundary rider. William retired after more than 30 years' service in 1901 and remained living at Horatio Street, Mudgee until his death on 9 April 1902 at the age of 64 years. Pamela passed away on 22 June 1905 at Mudgee, NSW, aged 70 years.

The Mudgee Guardian and North Western Representative, Thursday 22 June 1905 reported: Mrs Blogg, widow of the late William Blogg, and a very old resident of Mudgee was found dead in bed at her cottage near Laing's foundry on 22 June. Witnesses at a colonial inquiry alleged Pamela was 'addicted to drink and was in the habit of taking chlorodyne'. The inquest into her death brought in a verdict of death from strychnine self-administered.

William and Pamela did not have any children.

Charles LAMBERT (1854-1858)

Charles was aged four years when migrating to Tasmania with his family on the 'Trade Wind'. He died on 23 March 1858 in the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay. His age at death was stated to be aged three years.

Brothers, William and Charles, were baptised on the same day on 2 April 1854 at Garboldisham. It is possible they were twins. William died on 12 December 1954 in Garboldisham, aged 8 months.

George LAMBERT (1850-1858)

1858 DEATHS in the DISTRICT of <i>Port Arthur Tasmanian Peninsula</i>									
Order	When died	Name and Surname	Sex	Age	Rank or Profession	Cause of Death	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant	When Registered	Signature of Deputy Registrar
319	9 th April 1858	Farrrell Martin	Male	50 Years	Servant	Paralysis	William Secombe	9 th April 1858	A. H. Engel
320	23 rd April	Lambert George	Male	4 Years	Child	Pneumonia, after continued fever	W. H. Tibbits Medical Officer Quarantine Station Impression Bay	13 th April	A. H. Engel

George was not included on the Lambert family passenger's list on the 'Trade Wind' but his name was recorded on the Destination List. George was aged seven years when he died on 10 April 1858 at the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay. Dr Tibbits was the attending medical officer and the cause of death was pneumonia after continued fever. His brother John also lost his life on 14 January 1858 while still at sea. A record of George's birth could not be found on *ancestry.com* nor on *findmypast*. It is possible George was actually John, however, 'Trade Wind' records show John died at sea on 14 January 1858 whereas George did not die until 10 April 1858 at the Quarantine Station. It is unlikely John and George were twins as only John was baptised on 20 November 1851 and not George.

Henry LAMBERT (1849-1860)

John LAMBERT (1851-1858)

Noah LAMBERT (1822-1918) and Eliza nee BRET (1830-1918)

[illegible]

Noah Lambert was the son of William (1795-1855) and Sophia nee Reeve (1795-1849).

Garboldisham. According to the 1841 and 1851 England Census the family were living at Garboldisham. William and his father were agricultural labourers in the 1851 Census.

18th Sep. Marriage solemnized at St. Church in the Parish of Speshallthorpe, in the County of Northfolk

No.	When Married.	Name and Residence.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Partner's Name and Residence.	Rank or Profession or Office.
52	April 1 st	Joah Lambert Village Rectory	full	Single	Labourer	Speshallthorpe	Maria Lambert Village Rectory	Labourer
			19	Spinster	—	Speshallthorpe	John Lamb Village Rectory	Labourer

Married in the Church of St. Peter according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England by us, John Lamb

This Marriage was solemnized between us, Joah Lambert and Maria Lambert in the Presence of us, Henry Lloyd and John Lamb

It is not known what happened to Noah as there are no records

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Eliza nee Brett (1829-1918) was the daughter of John Brett (1805-1884) and Sarah nee Hinnels (1806-1884). Eliza was baptised on 25 March 1830 at Garboldisham in Norfolk.

Eliza and Noah had six children in Garboldisham, Norfolk, England and another son was born in 1859 in Tasmania. The fifth born son, William, died in 1854 in Garboldisham, aged eight months. The second eldest, died on the 'Trade Wind', aged 7 years. Another two died while in quarantine at Impression Bay.

Presumably Noah was deceased by 1870 as Eliza remarried at the Church of the Holy Trinity in Launceston on 6 May 1870 to Henry Warren. Eliza Warren married for a third time at St Andrews Church, Evandale, on 29 December 1899. The groom, George Williams (1852-1927), resided at Evandale, was stated to be aged 47 years, a labourer and a widower; his former wife was deceased in 1895 and he had four children living and two dead. He was born at Seymour in Tasmania, his parents being George and Jane Williams. Eliza stated she was aged 60 years, although she would have been aged 70 years, a housekeeper, widow. Her former husband, Henry Warren, was deceased in 1896. Eliza reported she

had four children living and four deceased. Eliza also recorded she was born at Garboldisham in Norfolk and her parents were John, a brewer, and Maria Brett (sic).

Eliza had a daughter, Eliza Warren, to Henry Warren on 9 December 1863 in the Longford District. Eliza was probably in a relationship with Henry then as they did not marry until May 1870.

December 3	Author	Female	John	Henry	Eliza	Warren	Labourer	Eliza Warren
December 9	Eliza	Female	Henry	Warren	formerly	Brett	Labourer	Eliza Warren

This helps to explain the four children living and four deceased at the time she married George Williams in 1899 although it was probably five deceased and three living. Those deceased were:

1. Henry, died 1860, as a result of an accident at Evandale, aged 10 years.
2. George, died 1858, with pneumonia after continued fever at the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay.
3. John, died 1858 at sea on the 'Trade Wind'.
4. Charles died 1858 at the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay.
5. William (the first) died 1854 in infancy at Garboldisham, Norfolk.

Those living were:

1. William Henry, died 1908 in Clifton Hill, Victoria, aged 52 years.
2. James, died 1903, in Delemere, West Tamar, aged 44.

3. Eliza Warren, daughter of Henry and Eliza, she may have died in 1898, aged 34 years – possibly a year before her mother remarried George Williams.

There were two other births in the Longford district to unnamed Warren and an Eliza Warren, possibly belonging to the same Eliza:

- Thomas Charles Warren, born 25 July 1893.
- Nell Rose Warren, born 17 June 1895.

There were a number of inconsistencies in the marriage registration when Eliza married George Williams:

- Eliza was aged 70 years when she married George Williams and not 60 years as stated.
- If George Williams was aged 47 years then he would have been 23 years younger than Eliza.
- Based on the age of 47 years in 1899 then George would have been born in 1852. A George Williams was born on 9 August 1852 at Spring Bay. His parents were William Williams and Elizabeth nee Riley.
- Eliza recorded her former husband as being deceased in 1896, however, Henry Warren's death registration was on 18 November 1897 at Longford. He was born in England, aged 76 years (born about 1821), a labourer. The cause of his death was senile decay.

Eliza died at the General Hospital, Launceston, on 12 May 1918, aged 89 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William LAMBERT (1856-1908)

William was aged two years, baptised on 11 May 1856 in Garboldisham, when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents and siblings in 1858.

William married Mary Ann Powell, the daughter of John (1807-1884) and Sarah nee Burden (1824-1906) on 16 May 1879 at the residence of John Powell, Lyttleton Street, Launceston. William and Mary moved to Victoria by 1880 and lived in Collingwood and Clifton Hill. William was a salesman and an iron worker. William and Mary had at least four children, all born in Victoria. William died at Clifton Hill, Victoria, in February 1908, aged 52 years and Mary in Melbourne on 3 January 1936, aged 76 years.

Caroline LING (1842-?)

Caroline was recorded as being aged 19 years on the 'Trade Wind' when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 but she may have been aged 16 years. She was described as being single, and a housemaid. According to the England Census for 1851 Caroline was aged nine years, born about 1842 in Garboldisham and a scholar.

Unlike the rest of the Ling family Caroline was sponsored by Richard Green (1808-1878), merchant, of Launceston.

It is uncertain as to what happened to Caroline after her arrival in Tasmania as no movements could be found on public records. It is possible Caroline returned to England. In the 1871 England Census a Caroline Ling, unmarried, aged 29 years, born about 1842 in Norfolk, was a domestic servant in the home of David Hulett, who was a gas engineer and landowner of Woodland (Holly Hill House) in Kent.

If anybody has any further information about Caroline who arrived in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

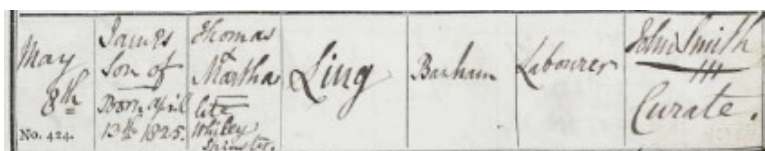
Emma LING (1848-1923)

Emma was baptised on 22 May 1848 in Garboldisham. She was aged 11 years when embarking on the 'Trade Wind' with her family in 1858. Emma was sponsored by Thomas Drew, landowner, of the Don River.

Emma married Charles Henry Benn (1846-1888) at the Baptist Chapel in York Street, Launceston on 20 February 1866. Three children were born in Launceston and by 1875 the family moved to Sandhurst in Victoria, probably to the goldfields. They later moved to Hawthorn in Victoria where Charles was a baker. In total they had ten children, two of whom died in infancy. Charles died in Hawthorn Victoria in 1888. After Charles' death, in 1900, Emma moved to Western Australia where at least two of her daughters were living.

Emma passed away on 27 August 1923 in Leederville, Western Australia at the age of 75 years. An obituary for Emma was published in *The Daily News*, Perth, on Tuesday, 4 September 1923 noting Emma was the relict of the late Mr Charles Benn of Hawthorn. She was born in Norfolk and was a colonist for 63 years, 23 of which were spent in WA where she was well known and highly esteemed. The cortege moved from the residence of her son-in-law Mr A Coulton, 19 Hollywood Street, Leederville and proceeded to the Church of England Section of the Karrakatta Cemetery. The chief mourners were Mesdames J Davie, W Loughton, A Coulton, W Watson, H Turner and G Greenhalgh (daughters) and Messrs Henry and Charles Benn, sons.

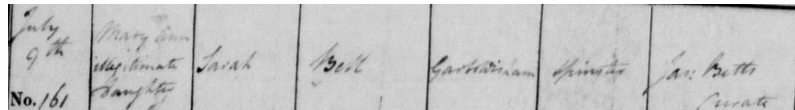
James LING (1825-1891) and Mary Ann nee BELL (1820-1886)



James was aged 30 years, married, a farm labourer from Norfolk when he migrated to Tasmania on the

'Trade Wind' in 1858. James was the son of Thomas Ling (1801-1872) and Martha nee WHILEY (1803-1847). He was born at Banham in Norfolk on 13 April 1825. In the 1841 England census James, aged 18 years, was living with his parents at Garboldisham.

Mary Ann, James' wife, was baptised at Garboldisham on 9 July 1820. According to her baptism record she was the illegitimate daughter of Sarah Bell of Garboldisham.



1847. Marriage solemnized in the Church of Quidenham in the County of Norfolk							
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Qualification.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Residence.
6	February 25 th	James Ling	37	Single	Labourer	Garboldisham	Thomas Ling
		Mary Ann	37	Single	General Servant	Quidenham	William Whigsby

Married in the Church according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church by Rev. J. S. Phipps.

This Marriage was solemnized between us, James Ling his X mark Mary Ann her X mark In the Presence of, Wm. Ling, J. S. Phipps.

Mary Ann was aged 37 years and a general servant when embarking on the 'Trade Wind'. James and Mary Ann were married on 25 February 1847 at

Quidenham in Norfolk.

On the marriage registration to James Ling, Mary Ann named her father as William Whigsby.

Six of James and Mary's eight children were born in Norfolk. Two died in infancy before their journey to Tasmania. Three of the children who accompanied them died at sea on the 'Trade Wind'. Only one daughter, Emma, survived the journey. Two more children were born after the family arrived in Tasmania. The youngest born, Ellen Jane (1861-1862), died when she was 13 months old.

Thomas Drew (c1801-1857), landowner, of Don River, sponsored the family, with the exception of Caroline who was possibly James' sister. (See Caroline Ling for further information.) Drew also sponsored the Edward and Lambert families.

The Immigration Agent wrote a scathing report about the Ling family on the 'Trade Wind':

Some of the passengers also represented to me that a most offensive smell proceeded from the Cabin occupied by the Lings from which cabin four children died of Typhus fever on board and one died in Quarantine occasioned by the dirty habits of some persons there berthed and which had been brought to the notice of Mr Drake without effect. The surgeon also states that a family of such habits occupied that cabin. The conclusion I have myself arrived at is that cleanliness was not sufficiently observed and in a ship so crowded and otherwise much neglected I see no reason to suppose that it was. I also believe that the ventilation was not such as to cause a proper circulation of air among the berths ...

James, a farmer at Bishopsbourne, died on 19 February 1891 at Longford at the age of 67 years. The cause of death was heart disease. Mary Ann died on 17 May 1886 at Bishopsbourne, aged 65 years.

Maria LING (1849-1857)

Maria was aged eight years, born in October 1849 in Garboldisham, Norfolk. She died at sea on the 'Trade Wind' on 19 December 1857.

Martha LING (1851-1858)

Martha was born about 1851 in Norfolk. She died on 16 January 1858 at sea on the 'Trade Wind'. She was aged seven years.

Sarah Ann LING (1855-1858)

Born on 15 April 1855 in Garboldisham. She died at sea on the 'Trade Wind' on 11 January 1858, aged two years of age.

William MATTICK aka MARTHICK (1833-1911)

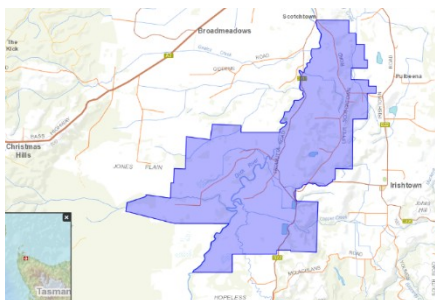
William was aged 25 years, single could read and a ploughman when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. William, along with his cousin, Harry Haddock (1833-1908), and the Blizzard family were sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad. William was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to John Hayes on the evening of 10 April 1858.

William, known as Billy, was the son of William Mattick (1801-886) and Martha nee Codd (1803-1843). He was born at Laverham, Old Newtown in Suffolk. In the 1841 England Census, the Mattock family comprising of William (1801 – agricultural labourer), Martha (1803), Elizabeth (1827), Martha (1830), William (1833), Thomas (1835), Mary Ann (1840) and William Codd (1771 – agricultural labourer), were living in Old Newton in Suffolk. In the 1851 England Census William was no longer living with his parents. He was now residing and employed as an agricultural labourer with John Turner, a farmer of 220 acres, also at Old Newton.

The last name of Mattick has been spelt many different ways in various documents including Mattock, Martix, Masthick, Martick and finally once coming to Tasmania the name remains as MARTHICK.

It is believed William firstly worked in the Midlands after arriving and later with the Van Diemen's Land Company at Stanley. He then joined the gold rush in Bendigo, Victoria, before going to New Zealand and returning to Tasmania in the early 1860s.

William married Eliza Sophia Spinks (1840-1930) in St Pauls Church of England in Stanley on Boxing Day 1863. Eliza was the daughter of John William Spinks (1810-1885) and Sophia Francis (1811-1882). Eliza's father was a shepherd employed by the Van Diemen's Land Company at Stanley. The Spinks family travelled to Tasmania per 'Emu', arriving on 19 December 1841. Among fellow passengers were the Blakes, Ollingtons and Stearnes, all well-known and highly respected families who became the first settlers in Circular Head district.



William and his family were pioneer settlers at Scotchtown, living in the Duck River Valley. The Duck River Valley was known as Tasmania's timber capital and as the timber cutters cleared the land, the farmers moved in. Beef and dairy farming became a mainstay of the economy. The township of Smithton,

on the mouth of the Duck River on the Bass Strait, was only settled in 1856, two years before William arrived in Tasmania.



William and Eliza had eleven children. The first two children born died in infancy. All the children were born at the Duck River property.

William died on Wednesday, 31 January 1912, at the age of 76 years. Apart from owning farms in the Duck River district William also owned a cottage and land at Smithton. Eliza died, almost eighteen years later, on 7 October 1930, at her daughter's residence in Stanley, at the age of 90 years.

The picture of William was copied from *ancestry.com* (Bruce Hull).

Mary McGARRY (1824-1896)

Mary was from Clare in Ireland, single, and a general servant when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Her age was stated to be 33 years although she was probably much older. Mary was described as being of low size, short figure, light hair with a long nose. She was discharged on 11 April 1858 to Maria McGarry (1837-1901), landowner, of Green Ponds.

33 McGarry Mary. To Maria McGarry of Green Ponds - 11th April 58



Maria was Mary's daughter and an unnamed father. Maria married Andrew James Dishington (1872-1914) in the Oatlands district on 15 May 1866. They had at least five children, the youngest died at four months of age at the Carrington Estate, Richmond. Andrew later became the licensee at the Junction Hotel at Lottah near St Helens. Maria and Andrew both died at Lottah; Maria on 8 October 1901 and Andrew in July 1914.

Mary died on 8 July 1896 also at Lottah. She was recorded as being aged 80 years [born about 1816] and a widow.

The cause of death was natural due to a decay of nature. Both Mary and Maria were buried in the St Helen's General Cemetery.

Malvina McPHERSON (1840-1912)

Malvina was aged 18 years, single, dissenter with no education and a housemaid when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by Henry Cook (1821-1890), clothier, Hobart Town and landowner of Oatlands and discharged to Mr Cook, on the evening of 8 April 1858.

Malvina was born on 9 May 1840 at Ipswich in Suffolk. Her parents were Donald (1803-1852, born Inverness Shire, Scotland, an auctioneer) and Mary nee Campbell (1806-

1880, born Ipswich, Suffolk). Malvina's mother travelled to Victoria after her husband's death and died in Horsham, Victoria on 30 October 1880.

Malvina married another passenger, Benjamin BAKER, from the 'Trade Wind' on 10 March 1861 in Ballarat, Victoria. Benjamin was a collier from Staffordshire and had joined the gold rush in Victoria. Benjamin and Malvina had two children in Ballarat, the first born died in infancy. It is not known what happened to Benjamin after his second child, Charles, was born in 1862. It is possible he was deceased although no records could be found to verify.

Malvina met another gold miner at Ballarat, William Growcott, and went to New Zealand (NZ) with him sometime between 1865 and 1867, settling just outside of Ross on the West Coast of the South Island. Like Benjamin Baker, William also came from Staffordshire. William and Malvina did not marry as William had a legal wife living in England, who regarded herself as a widow in the 1881 England census. William had married in 1839 to Ann Maria Colbourne; they had five children. In 1854 William and his oldest son, Charles, sailed aboard the 'Arabian' to Australia, arriving in November the same year, to make their fortunes in the goldfields. In 1856 Charles was a miner at Sailor's Gully, North Grant, East Ballarat. Charles married Mary Ann Reakes in Ballarat on 18 June 1865 and died in Ballarat at the age of 68 years in 1908.

William Growcott and Malvina had a further nine children, two were born in Victoria, Australia and the remaining seven in NZ. All the children remained in NZ with the exception of George William (1873-1933) who was a miner at the Golden Horseshoe Mine at Kalgoorlie in Western Australia. Malvina and Benjamin's son (Charles 1862-1935) also lived in NZ and was known as Growcott rather than his birth name of Baker.



Malvina died on 23 September 1912 at Hokitka, Westland, NZ aged 72 years. At the time of her death she was blind in one eye. William predeceased her by seven years. He died on 14 July 1905 at Rimu in NZ at the age of 89 years.

MILLES aka MILES, MILLER, MYLES Family

William (1776-1845) [\(1811-1897\)](#) was aged 44 years, married, literate and a gardener from Essex when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was accompanied by his wife, Sophia nee Bennet (aged 40 years, needlewoman - [1812-1880](#)), daughter Sarah (18 - 1838-?), needlewoman) and sons George (16, gardener - (1841-?) and John (9 - 1848-?). The family were sponsored by Robert Officer (1800-1879) of New Norfolk and discharged to Dr Officer of New Norfolk on 7 May 1858 per 'Shamrock'. The family name was MILLES on the 'Trade Wind' records.

Miles William	44	Tall light complexion. Long thin face. No eye. No ear.	6 Essex.
" Sophia	44	Black hair. Dark complexion. Long thin face. No eye. No ear.	"
" Sarah	44	Black hair. Dark complexion. Long thin face. No eye. No ear.	"
" George	44	Black hair. Dark complexion. Long thin face. No eye. No ear.	"
" John	44	Black hair. Dark complexion. Long thin face. No eye. No ear.	"

William was born about 1809 in Little Warley, Essex. Sophia was baptised at St Mary The Virgin, Great Warley Essex on 21 June 1812. William's parents were possibly William Miles (1776-?) and Sarah nee Parry (1776-?). Sophia's parents were John (1791-?) and Sarah

The 1841 England Census for Glass House, Great Warley, Romford, Essex recorded William and Sophia living in the home of Martha's father:

John Bennett (50 – 1791), born Great Warley; Eliza (18 – 1823), born Great Warley; Mahala (12 – 1829); Joseph (9 – 1832); William (6 – 1835); Thomas (80 – 1761); William Miles (30 – 1811), Great Warley; Sophia Miles (25 – 1816), Great Warley; and William (1841).

According to the 1851 England Census for Great Warley, Essex the William Miles' family comprised of:

William Miles (42 - c1809), Little Warley, Essex, gardener; Sophia (38 - c1813), Great Warley, Essex [Sophia Martha]; Sarah (12 – 1839), Little Warley, Essex, scholar [Sarah Ann born 25 Aug 1838, baptised 23 Sep 1838, Little Warley St Peter]; George (9 - c1841), Little Warley, Essex [George William Freeman Miles – baptised St Mary the Virgin, Great Warley on 20 June 1841]; and John (4 - c1847), Little Warley, Essex.

A William Miles, aged 20 years, born about 1808 at Warley, Essex was with the 82nd Foot Soldiers on 28 May 1828.

It has not been possible in public records with neither *ancestry.com* nor *findmypast* to determine what happened to this family and whether they remained in Tasmania. A William Miles, born about 1807, died on 12 July 1897 in Sandy Bay, aged 90 years. He was born in England, a pensioner and the cause of death was cancer of the hand.

If anybody has any information about this family it would be appreciated if contact was made with bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Thomas MULVEHILL (1827-?)

Thomas was aged 30 years, single, Roman Catholic, illiterate, farm labourer from County Clare in Ireland when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. He was sponsored by Michael Torpy (1836-1916) of Hobart Town. Thomas was discharged to friends in Hobart Town on the evening of 28 March 1858.

Thomas' sponsor, Michael Torpy, also came from County Clare and it is not known their connection. Michael was ten years older than Thomas. Michael was a convict transported to Tasmania in 1849 per 'Hydrabad' for seven years. He was convicted for posting a threatening notice for a man to quit. Michael was married with two children when departing Ireland. He married Julia Denehey on 27 September 1858 in Launceston. His wife in Ireland recorded she was a widow on a census return.

No further records could be found for Thomas in Australia. It is possible he went to New Zealand as there were a number by the name of Thomas Mulvihill there.

If a reader has any information about Thomas it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Ebenezer Erskine NEWLANDS Snr (1830-1865) and Jnr (1851-1939?)

Ebenezer Snr was aged 27 years and recorded as single when arriving in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was not sponsored, paying his own fare. His son, Ebenezer Newlands, aged six years, accompanied him. They departed the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on their own account on 23 March 1858.

Ebenezer Snr gave evidence at the Hobart Police Court on Tuesday 20 April 1858 concerning the inquiry into the 'Trade Wind'. He said the beef and pork were boiled to the bone and he supported other evidence provided by fellow passengers with respect to the preserved meat, water, rice, peas, etc. He said complaints were made to the Captain.

Ebenezer Snr was a widower. He married Cecilia Crawford (born 1830) on 8 Aug 1850 in Glasgow, Lanarkshire, Scotland. Ebenezer Newlands Jnr was born on 8 July 1851 in Glasgow, followed by Alexander in 1853, also in Glasgow. It is not known what happened to neither Cecilia nor Alexander, however, it is assumed they were both deceased prior to Ebenezer Snr and Jnr embarking on the voyage to Tasmania in 1857. It is likely Cecilia died at about the time of Alexander's birth and probable death in 1853.

Ebenezer Snr was the son of John Newlands (1790-1835) and Christina nee Brunton (1796). In the 1841 Scotland Census, Ebenezer was aged 10 years, born about 1831 at Lanarkshire, Scotland, living at Gallowgate. His mother Christina Newlands was aged 45 years. Ebenezer's father died when Ebenezer was aged about three years of age.

Ebenezer remarried Margaret Tumath (c1831-1877) previously Morgan in 1860 in Sydney, New South Wales (NSW). Margaret was previously married to James Morgan in about 1846. James died in May 1858 in Sydney, aged 37 years. Margaret and James had at least six children, two died in infancy.

Ebenezer Newlands placed an advertisement in the *Sydney Empire* on Tuesday 18 August 1863 (p1) concerning his step-son:

I Ebenezer Newlands, hereby caution the public and captains of vessels from harbouring my son, John Thomas Morgan, after this date, as they will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law. Ebenezer Newlands, 17 August 1863

John Thomas would have been aged about twelve years at the time of this advertisement. The advertisement suggests he may have run away.

Ebenezer and Margaret had a daughter, Christina, on 26 November 1861 in Sydney. The birth announcement in the *Sydney Morning Herald* on Saturday 30 November 1861 recorded Ebenezer was the nephew of the late Rev. William Newlands of London. Both Margaret and daughter were doing well. Ebenezer and Margaret also had a son, James William (1863-1938) and another daughter, Margaret Louisa (1865-1865).

It is possible in the 1851 England Census for Toxteth Park, Lancashire the Ebenezer Newland, lodger, aged 21, born Scotland, journeyman/tailor was the same as the 'Trade Wind' Ebenezer.

Ebenezer died in November 1865 in Woolloomooloo, Sydney, NSW, aged 35 years. He was buried on 13 November 1865. The funeral notice in the *Sydney Morning Herald* noted Ebenezer was a tailor. The funeral procession was to move from his late residence Riley Street, near Stanley Street, Woolloomooloo. The Loyal Strangers' Refuge Lodge No. 24333 IO of OFMU officers and brethren were requested to attend their late Brother's funeral.

It is not known what happened to Ebenezer Jnr. He was born on 8 July 1851 in Glasgow, Lanarkshire, Scotland. He was aged 14 years when his father passed away. Of the possibilities:

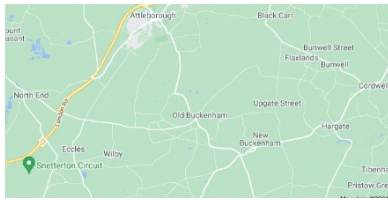
- In 1865 there was an Ebenezer Newlands living at 35 Forbes Street, Sydney, NSW.
- A death is recorded for an Ebenezer Alexander Newlands in NSW. He died on 1 August 1939 and was a grazier from Copeton, NSW. His parents were shown as Robert Bruce and Mary. It is possible this was the same Ebenezer who came on the 'Trade Wind' as often people providing information about a death gave incorrect details.
- In 1902 an Ebenezer Newlands was residing at Glasgow, Lanarkshire, Scotland although unlikely to be the same as he was born in 1861.
- An Ebenezer Newlands, a clerk residing at 45 Clarkston Road, Glasgow, died on 23 July 1933 at Glasgow, intestate. Estate of £641.4.6 to Christina Newlands, sister, of the same address.

If a reader has any information about Ebenezer Newlands Jnr it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George PATRICK (1836-1908)

George was aged 21 years, single, illiterate and a farm labourer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. The descriptive list of immigrants

record George as being from Old Buckingham in Norfolk. He was sponsored by William Archer, landowner, 'Brickendon'. The Bye family was also sponsored by Archer.



(1849).

George was the son of William and Elizabeth nee Linn of Attleborough in Norfolk and was baptised on 4 June 1836. In the 1851 England Census for Attleborough George had the following siblings: William (1833), Levi (1842), John Fickling (1845), Jane (1846) and Mary Ann

Two years after arriving in Tasmania George married Barbara Bain (1839-1920) at St Thomas' Church, Avoca. They had at least three children. The eldest child, George Alexander, died at Exton, aged nine years of age, with low fever.

Number.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Registrar or Officiating Minister.
449	August 27 1866 St Thomas Church Avoca	George Patrick Barbara Bain	22 21	Labourer Housemaid	George Patrick Bachelor Barbara Bain Spinster	Rev. Richardson	1866	William Richardson

Married in the Parish Church of St Thomas according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Anglican Church by Banns by
 This Marriage was solemnized between us George Patrick and Barbara Bain
 In the Presence of John Richardson Minister. Subaltern Pass

In 1875 George sponsored Barbara's younger brother, Henry Bain (29), his wife Jane (29) and children Alexander (4) and Mary (4) to Tasmania. They arrived per 'Northumberland' in Victoria in November 1875. A Helen Bain, aged 32 years, a spinster, was also a passenger on the same ship.

George and Barbara moved to Victoria sometime after 1875, living in the Alexandra area. At Alexandra George worked at the 'Riversdale' estate, firstly for Mr Hermiston and afterwards for Farquhar McDonald who purchased the estate. George was mainly engaged looking after horses, milking and odd jobs.

George passed away at Alexandra, Victoria, on 18 December 1908, aged 70 years. He was described in the death notice as being a good husband and kind father. Barbara died on 28 July 1920 at Cheltenham in Victoria. The year after her death a Mrs Smith of Dunedin, New Zealand enquired at the Alexandra Hospital if Mrs Patrick was an inmate of the hospital, as she was a cousin.

Samuel PEARSON (1837-?)

Samuel was aged 20 years, single, illiterate, a collier from Staffordshire when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. On the Destination List Samuel was recorded as aged 24 years and a labourer. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on his own account on the morning of 29 March 1858.

Samuel was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), landowner, of Hobart Town and New Town. Among other large properties Foster owned in Tasmania and Victoria he also owned the Douglas River Coal Company near Swansea in Tasmania.

Samuel was possibly the son of William Pearson (45), miner and Mary (45) with siblings Benjamin (15), miner; Thomas (13), miner; Sarah (10), scholar.

In the 1841 England Census a Samuel Pearson, aged five years (1836), born Kingswinford, Staffordshire, and his brother Joseph, aged 12 years, 1829, born Kingswinford, Staffordshire were residing in the home of Henry and Ann Jones.

In the 1851 England Census at Wolverhampton, Staffordshire a Samuel Pearson, aged 16 years was residing in the home of his parents: John and Letitia Pearson and siblings Caroline (34); Ann (28); William (22).

No further records were found for Samuel in Tasmania nor elsewhere. If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' Samuel Pearson it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William PEEK aka PEAK, PEAKE, PECK (1839-1909)

William was aged 28 years, single, could read and write, belonged to the Church of England faith and was a groom and farm labourer from Essex, when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. William was sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf. William was discharged to him from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on the evening of 26 March 1858.

Askin Morrison sponsored several passengers on the 'Trade Wind' mainly coming from the border of Essex and Suffolk; most were agricultural labourers.

William's parents are likely to be William (1813-1878) and Harriet nee Clampin (1813-1895) Peake. In the 1841 and 1851 England Census, the Peake family were living at Bures St Mary, Suffolk. According to the 1851 England Census William Jnr was aged 11 and born at Bures St Mary, Suffolk. He had seven siblings aged between two and nineteen. Bures is a village in eastern England straddling the Essex/Suffolk border. It is made up of the two civil parishes: Bures Hamlet in Essex and Bures St Mary in Suffolk. The place is bisected by the River Stour, the county boundary from end of its estuary to near its source. Lamarsh, Essex, where a number of the 'Trade Wind' migrants came from and were sponsored by Askin Morrison, is a neighbour of Bures in Suffolk.

It is not known how long William remained in Tasmania. His next known movement was in 1880 when he married Mary Phillips in New Zealand (NZ). William Peek, born 1840 in Bures, Essex, England died in 1909 (aged 68-69 years) in Clyde Central Otago District, Otago in NZ. He was buried at the Drybread Cemetery, Lauder, Otago, NZ. His occupation was a miner. William was buried in Plot 105. Also at the Drybread Cemetery were William Phillip Peek (Plot 106), Mary Louisa Peek (1891-1892) and Clara Winifred Peek (1893-1893 – Plot 107).

Richard (1824-1897) and Eliza PERKS (1826-1890)

Richard was aged 33 years, born about 1824, a Wesleyan, literate, and a miner from Shropshire when he migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Thomas Young (1793-1866), solicitor, of Hobart Town. It is likely he was married to Eliza Perks (1826-1890) who was also a passenger on the 'Trade Wind'. She was aged 27 years and not sponsored. Her shipping records show she was married whereas Richard's records noted he was single. Both were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay at the same time – on the evening of 11 April 1858 on their own account.

No records could be found for Richard's and Eliza's marriage apart from the 1851 England Census recording them as being married and living at Dog Lane, Brierley Hill, Kingswinford, Staffordshire. Richard was aged 25 years, a coal miner and born Cannon, Shropshire; Eliza was aged 25 years and born at Kinton, Shropshire.

It is likely Richard was the son of Richard Perks, born 1786, a coal miner from Shropshire and Ann nee Gennor (?), born 1786. They married on 26 June 1809 at Caynham, Shropshire. If so, this Richard was baptised on 11 April 1824 at Cainham, Shropshire.

After arriving in Tasmania Richard may have lived in the Seymour area on the East Coast of Tasmania around 1865. At that time coal mining was being undertaken at the Douglas River Coal Company near Swansea. Richard purchased a little over one acre on 15 February 1865 at Seymour at a cost of £8.

Kangaroo Bottom Coal.
LIVE AND LET LIVE FIT!!!
 THE Undersigned beg leave to inform the Public that they have succeeded in opening a
SPLENDID SEAM OF COAL
 in the above locality, three feet nine inches thick, and which they are prepared to
DELIVER to their Customers at the low rate of
£1 7s. 6d. per Ton
 OR
£1 1s. 0d. per Ton
AT THE PIT'S MOUTH.
 Terms—Cash.
 Agents—
 Lewis Riley, Victoria Tavern, Murray-street.
 A. Heron, Globe Inn, Davey-street.
 E. Lazarus, Windsor Castle, Liverpool street.
 E. Payne, Waggon and Horses, New Town, and at
 The Sailors' Arms, Murray-street.
RICHARD PERKS,
JOSIAH TURNER,
THOMAS JONES,
THOMAS DOWLING,
 Proprietors.
 January 2nd, 1860. t h s 9 mo

By 1878 Richard was in the Beaconsfield district where he was highly regarded in the community. In 1878 he was a member of the Invincible Lodge No. 65 IOGT which was formed at Brandy Creek, situated northeast of Beaconsfield.

In 1881 he was the mining manager of the Grand Centre gold mine at Beaconsfield. He reported on 9 July 1881 "we have slabbed up the new shaft 12 feet, and logged it up 6 feet, put a good windlass frame and cover over the shaft, and shall commence to sink on Monday, 11th inst."

Richard was involved in the formation of the Primitive Methodist Church in Beaconsfield in 1883. The Primitive Methodist Church had

its origin in Stanley, Staffordshire in March 1810. Richard was a lay preacher in this church and preached at the Young Town church, near Launceston, in September 1883 to a good congregation. He was also the Circuit steward and church trustee for the Beaconsfield church.

It was widely reported in the Tasmanian and Victorian press, while attending a religious conference in Melbourne, Richard Perks, a storekeeper from Beaconsfield, was invited by two men to accompany them home to Little Bourke Street. The female on the premises "made free with him" and shortly after he found his pocketbook and money gone. Perks said in court he had been a teetotaler for 17 years but had some to drink on that day. He had offered the people involved £5 for the return of his property, as he did not wish the matter reported in the press. Those charged were acquitted and discharged.

Richard's wife, Eliza, died on 4 June 1890. A death notice in *The Colonist* on Saturday 7 June 1890 recorded: Eliza the beloved wife of Richard Perks, storekeeper, Beaconsfield, aged 66 years. The cause of Eliza's death was diabetes.

The following year Richard relocated to Mathinna "... to carry on the same business there. Mr Perks, until his departure for the above-mentioned district, lived here [Beaconsfield] from the commencement of the diggings ..." (*Daily Telegraph*, 7 Sep 1891, p4 – Country News Beaconsfield)

Richard died on Thursday, 13 July 1897 at the Beaconsfield Hospital in his 74th year. The cause of death was Syncope from Mitral Regurgitation.

1	July 13 th Beaconsfield	1897 Richard Perks Born—England	Male	74 years	Stoukups	Syncope from Mitral Regurgitation J. Howard Champ M.D.	John Pilgrim
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John PILGRIM (1838-1898)

John migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was described on ship's records as being aged 19 years, short figure, well looking young man, fresh complexion, blue eyes, light hair, could read and write and belonged to the Church of England faith. His occupation was a farm labourer.

John was sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to him during the evening of 26 March 1858. Askin Morrison sponsored ten migrants on the 'Trade Wind', seven of whom were from Essex; mainly from the Lamarsh area. They may have been related, for example, Robert Harrington and Charles and William Weavers were possibly cousins.



John was baptized on 22 July 1838 at the Holy Innocents Church in Lamarsh. John was the eldest son of eight children born to Thomas Pilgrim

(1809-1879) and Mary Ann nee Harrington (1815-1876). All of John's siblings remained in England with the exception of the youngest brother, Frank, who migrated to Canada.

It is not known where John spent the first fourteen years after his arrival in Tasmania. As he was recruited by the Hobart Immigration Society and met by his sponsor, Askin Morrison, in the southern part of the State, it is likely John initially worked on one of Morrison's southern properties, such as 'Runnymede', an isolated but fertile valley, 32 kms east of Hobart, or 'Rosny' on the Derwent estuary and perhaps 'St Peter's Pass' in the Midlands.

John married Eliza Wadley(1851-1942) on Christmas Day 1873. Eliza was born on 4 October 1851 at Little Hampton (near Longford) on 4 October 1851. Eliza was the daughter of William Wadley (1805-1875) and Sarah nee Bakes aka Bates (1812-1887). Her father, William, was an ex-convict who, along with his brother, Thomas, were transported for seven years for machine breaking. William was a participant in the "Industrial Revolution" commonly known as either "The Machine Breakers" and/or "Swing Rioters." William and Thomas were transported to Van Diemen's Land on the 'Eliza' arriving on 28 May 1831.

At the time of marriage to John Pilgrim, Eliza had a young daughter, Elizabeth (aged one) who was the daughter of Samuel Denman (1848-1919) but was raised as a Pilgrim; she knew John as her Father. John and Eliza had nine children – five males and four daughters. Three of the children died in infancy; one aged nine months with dysentery and convulsions, another, one month old, was said to have died with thrush. No records were found for another daughter, apart from her birth in 1879, and it is thought she may have died at birth.



On the birth registration for their children they lived at Bracknell, Bishopsbourne, Longford and Cressy. In 1884, John was at the 'Creekton' estate at Cressy; and at the 'Kinburn' estate also at Cressy in 1885. When the youngest son, Frank, was born, John was at 'Esk Farm', Carrick Road,

Longford. His occupation was either a farm labourer or a ploughman.

The Pilgrim family in Tasmania has been identified as having Lynch Syndrome, also known as hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC). Lynch syndrome is an inherited condition of cancer predisposition caused by mutations in certain genes involved in repairing DNA damage, called "mismatch repair" genes. A number of the Pilgrim family, who undertook genetic testing tested positive for the syndrome. The Pilgrim family in Tasmania are the only known family to have this particular mutation. People affected by Lynch syndrome have a higher risk of bowel cancer, endometrial

cancer, ovarian cancer, cancers of the stomach, kidney, brain, pancreas and ureter (tube from kidney to bladder).

John died in 1898 at the age of 53 years with Bright's disease of the kidney and Eliza lived another 44 years, she died in 1942, aged 90 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

David PINNER aka PENNER (1830-1909)



David was born on 29 May 1830 and baptised on 16 May 1831 in Larling, Norfolk. He was the son of John (1802-1879) and Elizabeth nee Hubbard (1804-1877). David accompanied his parents and three siblings on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in Tasmania in 1858. Passenger lists record the name as Penner. David was described as being aged 26 years, a ploughman and sponsored by Abraham Morey (1840-1905), farmer, of Launceston. Abraham Morey Snr settled in the Evandale district on the 'Cleggin' estate.

David married May McIntosh (c1838-1906) at the home of Mr George Wilkinson, Margaret Street, Launceston, Primitive Methodist, on 9 May 1861. May was born in Scotland, possibly at Shattefepper, Ross-shire, and possibly the daughter of Alexander and Margaret nee McFarlan. David and Mary had at least six children. All remained living in Tasmania.

David purchased 50 acres, "more or less", situated in the vicinity of the River Brid in the County of Dorset for £60/12/6 on 22 August 1867. He farmed this land, and possibly more, in the Scottsdale district.

David died on 1 July 1909 at Scottsdale, aged 79 years. His wife died at the Launceston General Hospital, aged 68 years, on 12 November 1906.

The picture of David Pinner was copied from *ancestry.com* (helen swan).

Eliza PINNER (1843-1915)

Eliza was aged 14 years and a needlewoman when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her parents and three siblings. Eliza was baptised on 15 June 1843 in Larling, Norfolk. Her parents were John Pinner (1802-1879) and Elizabeth nee Hubbard (1804-1877). The Pinner family were sponsored by Abraham Morey (1810-1884), farmer, of Launceston.

Eliza married George Upston (1839-1924) on 25 April 1867 at Bracknell, Tasmania. George was a farmer at Reedy Marsh near Deloraine. George was born on 21 November 1839 at Attleborough in Norfolk, the son of Charles (1817-1847) and Sarah nee Page (1812-1883). He arrived in Launceston on 28 August 1857, per 'Southern Eagle'.

Eliza and George had at least 10 children. Most of the children settled in Tasmania although at least two of the children moved to Victoria. A daughter, Minnie, died on 17 July 1887 at their residence, 'Rosewood', Exton. She died as a result of burns and was aged 10 years and 4 months. A son, Charles William, also aged 10 years died with whooping cough on 23 March 1882 in the Westbury district.

Eliza died on 9 October 1915 at Carnegie in Victoria and was buried two days later at the Brighton General Cemetery in South Caulfield. George died at the Launceston General Hospital on 5 May 1924 at the age of 84 years. He was buried at Carr Villa in Launceston.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Hannah PINNER (1840-1923)

Hannah was baptised in Larling, Norfolk on 27 June 1840. She was the daughter of John (1802-1879) and Elizabeth nee Hubbard (1804-1877) and accompanied them and three siblings on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in Tasmania in 1858. According to ship's records Hannah was aged 17 years, single and a laundress. The Pinner family were sponsored by Abraham Morey (1810-1884), farmer, of Launceston.

Hannah married a little over a year after her arrival on 29 July 1859 in Launceston to Othniel Dixon (1839-1892). He was baptised on 1 December 1835 at Wretham, Norfolk. His mother was Charlotte (1816-1902) and his father was not named. In the 1851 England census for East Wretham in Norfolk, Othniel was living with his grandparents, Michael and Charlotte Dickson. He was occupied as a farm labourer. Othniel arrived on 31 March 1855 in Launceston on the 'Whirlwind'.

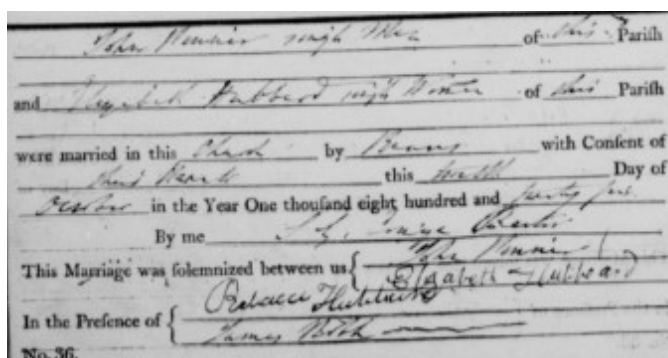
Othniel and Hannah moved to Victoria sometime between 1870 and 1873. They had at least ten children; three died in infancy. The surviving children remained in Victoria.

Hannah passed away at her residence, 9 Harold Street, Thornbury, Victoria on 8 February 1923, aged 82 years. Her husband, Othniel, died more than thirty years earlier, on 9 April 1892, aged 56 years. Both were buried at the Melbourne General Cemetery.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John PINNER aka PENNER (1802-1879) and Elizabeth nee HUBBARD (1803-1877)

John was baptised on 14 October 1802 at Larling. His parents were John (1756-1837) and Elizabeth nee Goodens (1778-1864). John married Elizabeth Hubbard on 12 October 1825 at Bridgham, Norfolk. Elizabeth was the daughter of James and Susanna nee Wallis.



John and Elizabeth had ten or more children in Norfolk before embarking on their journey to

Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. Four of the children accompanied them on the 'Trade Wind': David (1830-1909), Hannah (1840-1923), Eliza (1843-1915) and Mercy (1845-1919). At least two of their children died in infancy. One son, George (1829-1907), remained in England. Two daughters married in Norfolk and then joined the family in Tasmania: Charlotte (1827-1908) married George Wilkinson (1834-1901) at the Parish Church, Larling, on 10 June 1856. Charlotte, George and two children arrived Melbourne per 'Hilton' and then to Launceston on the 'Royal Shepherd' on 16 January 1860. Ellen Maria married John Hudson (1828-1892) at the Parish Church in Hockham on 9 October 1854. They arrived in 1855 in Tasmania on the 'Whirlwind'. Ellen's future brother-in-law, Othniel Dixon, also travelled to Tasmania on the 'Whirlwind'.



John was aged 51 years, a Methodist and a ploughman from Norfolk. His wife, Elizabeth, was aged 54 years, and a cook. The family were sponsored by Abraham Morey (1840-1905), farmer, of Launceston.

When John died at Launceston on 20 January 1879 he bequeathed the farm at Bracknell, with cottage, barn, stables and outbuildings to his wife – with the exception of a portion of land and buildings already given and occupied by his son-in-law George Upston. At his wife's death the farm was to be sold and divided between son-in-law George Upston, George Pinner (son in Pelham near Thetford in Norfolk, England), daughter Charlotte Wilkinson of Balfour Street, Launceston; son David Pinner of Scottsdale; daughter Ellen Hudson, North West Coast, daughter Hannah Dixon of Snake Banks near Cleveland; Harriet Warburton of Reedy Marsh, Westbury; daughter Mercy Bain (sic Bean), Corners near Cleveland; and daughter Eliza Upston of Bracknell.

Elizabeth died with senility on 13 December 1877 at Westbury, aged 76 years. Both Elizabeth and John were buried at the Bracknell Presbyterian Cemetery.

Mercy PINNER (1845-1919)

Mercy (aka Mary) was baptised on 10 February 1846 in Larling, Norfolk. She was aged 12 years and a nurse girl when migrating with her parents and three siblings on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in Tasmania in 1858. Her parents were John Pinner (1802-1879) and Elizabeth nee Hubbard (1804-1877). The Pinner family were sponsored by Abraham Morey (1810-1884), farmer, of Launceston.

Mercy was aged 17 years when she married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', Robert BEAN (1839-1914). They married on 24 December 1862 at the house of her brother-in-law, Mr Othneil Dixon. The following day another 'Trade Wind' migrant married, William Lewis Docking. Both marriages

were registered in Launceston.

Robert was the son of Robert (1809-1900) and Martha nee Huff (1813-1886), born at Thingoe in Suffolk in 1839. Robert carried on a milling business in Fingal. More details can be found about his family in the Bean family information.

Mercy and Robert had thirteen children, one (Walter Harold 1881-1887) died at the age of five years and 11 months with croup. All the children settled in Tasmania.

Mercy died on 27 April 1919 in Fingal, aged 75 years. Robert predeceased his wife by five years. He died on 4 May 1914 at Fingal, aged 75 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William PLASKETT (1836-?)

William was aged 21 years, single and a ploughman from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

William was sponsored by Samuel Horton (1796-1867), landowner, of Ross. It is likely William worked for Horton on his property 'Somercotes' along with several other 'Trade Wind' migrants who were also sponsored by Horton.

The 'Trade Wind' destination passenger list records William's last name as Blaskett with a note "see Plaskett", for Launceston, labourer.

A William Plaskett was not found in Norfolk, England. Other names he may have been known by are Plunkett, Plackit, Plaskitt, Plaskit, Backett, Blaskett.

In the 1841 England Census for Norfolk a William Blackett, aged years years, born 1838, Norfolk. Parents were Cuthbert Blackett, born 1811 and Margaret born 1806.

No further trace could be found of William.

If a reader has information about William, it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George PODD (1833-?)

George was aged 24 years, single, Church of England, literate, a ploughman from Essex when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. George was sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay during the evening of 26 Mar 1858 to Morrison.

Askin Morrison sponsored ten immigrants on the 'Trade Wind', seven of whom were from Essex; mainly from the Lamarsh area.

George was born on 22 July 1832 at Great Henny, Essex, England and baptised on 15 December 1832 at St Mary the Virgin, Great Henny. George was the son of Jeremiah (1795-1860 – born Lamarsh) and Mary Ann nee Wyatt (1794-1867).

After George's arrival in Tasmania no further trace could be found of him. If a reader is able to provide any information about George it would be much appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Thomas PRICE (1837-?)

Thomas was aged 20 years, single, a Methodist, illiterate, a collier from Staffordshire when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), landowner, of Hobart Town and New Town. Thomas was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on his own account on 29 March 1858.

John Foster was initially a shareholder in the Douglas River Coal Company near Swansea, however, the property owned by that company gradually passed into his hands. It is likely Thomas worked for John Foster at the Douglas River Coal Company.

There were two families in the England Census who may have been Thomas' family:

1. **1841** England Census – Kingswinford, Rock Hill Street
Adam Price, 25, miner
Mary, 20
Thomas, 4, born about 1837
Neighbours were Lamberts, Capewell (miner), Whitaker, miner.
1851 England Census – Level Road, Kingswinford, Stourbridge Union, Staffordshire
Adam Price, 32, 1819, coal miner, born Kingswinford
Mary, 29, 1822, born Kingswinford
Thomas, 14, 1837, born Kingswinford
Matilda, 8, 1843, born Kingswinford
James, 6, 1845, born Kingswinford
Richard, 2, 1849, born Kingswinford.
2. **1851** England Census, Kingswinford, Staffordshire
Richard Jolly, 40, coal miner
Mary, 31 (wife)
Richard Price, 19, coal miner
Thomas Price, 13, coal miner, born Kingswinford, Staffordshire (born about 1838)
James Jolly, 19, coal miner (brother).

There were a number of people in Tasmania by the name of Thomas Price, however, none seem to fit the Thomas Price who migrated on the 'Trade Wind'.

If a reader has any information, it would be appreciated if contact was made with bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John PYE (1831-?)

John was aged 26 years, born about 1821, a shepherd and labourer when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by John Frederick Sharland

(1796-1870), surgeon of Hamilton, and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 9 April 1858 to him.

Another passenger on the 'Trade Wind' was Susan Pye. It is probable John and Susan were brother and sister. 'Trade Wind' records show they were both single, literate, and came from Suffolk. In the 1841 and 1851 England Censuses there are siblings John and Susan Pye living at Bridge Street, Pebmarsh in Essex. Pebmarsh is a small village having as its neighbour, Lamarsh, where several other 'Trade Wind' immigrants originated from. This part of Essex borders Suffolk. John was an agricultural labourer and Susan was a silk throwster. A silk throwster twists silk filaments into raw silk, or who twists together two or more single threads of yarn of silk to make silk thread or yarn.

It is not known what happened to John as there is no further information on online public records for him.

If a reader has more information about John Pye it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Susan PYE (1829-?)

Susan was aged 28 years, born about 1829, possibly in Suffolk, single, literate and a cook when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, on 9 April 1858 to Government House.

Another passenger on the 'Trade Wind' was John Pye (1831-?). It is probable John and Susan were brother and sister. 'Trade Wind' records show they were both single, literate, and came from Suffolk. In the 1841 and 1851 England Censuses there are siblings John and Susan Pye living at Bridge Street, Pebmarsh in Essex. Pebmarsh is a small village having as its neighbour, Lamarsh, where several other 'Trade Wind' immigrants originated from. This part of Essex borders Suffolk. John was an agricultural labourer and Susan was a silk throwster. A silk throwster twists silk filaments into raw silk, or who twists together two or more single threads of yarn of silk to make silk thread or yarn.

Susan was sponsored by Francis Smith (1819-1909) of Hobart Town. At the time Susan arrived in Tasmania Francis was the Premier of Tasmania and Attorney General. Susan was the cook for His Excellency the Governor Sir Henry Edward Fox Young (1803-1870). In January 1858, Sir Henry was the first Tasmanian Governor to occupy Government House, Hobart.

According to *The Courier* on Tuesday 30 November 1858 (p3), on 10 September 1858 Frederick Ward alias Day, broke into the ground floor room of Susan Pye at Government House, through an open window and stole a watch, two brooches, a mantle and a skirt. Ward was employed on the Government House building on that day. When apprehended Ward had the brooches in his possession. Another man, Samuel Dobson, was also charged as Ward had passed other goods to him; he pawned the mantle and skirt. Both prisoners were found guilty and Ward was sentenced to four years' penal servitude and Dobson to six years. It would seem Dobson's crime of pawning the goods was viewed more serious than the stealing of them by Ward.

It is not known what happened to Susan after working at Government House. It is possible she left when Sir Henry retired as Governor and possibly returned to England although no records could be found for her.

If a reader has any information about Susan it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Agatha Frances (Fanny) QUARRY aka CUTTING (1848-1934)

Fanny was aged nine years and literate when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her parents, Thomas (1823-1909) and Ann (nee Clarke 1824-1911) and her siblings: Arthur (1847-1919), William (Henry 1851-1936), Susan (Louisa Susan 1853-1891), Emma (1854-1923) and Ellen (1857-1944). They were sponsored by Joseph Stammers Waddell (c1842-1892), newspaper proprietor, of Launceston.

Fanny was born between January and March 1849 in Wayland, Norfolk.

The Quarry family came from Hockham, in Norfolk, England. Some records show their last name as being Cutting. It is not known why the Quarry family changed their names frequently between Cutting and Quarry.

Fanny married William Thomas Edwards (1851-1933) on 26 January 1874 at St Paul's Church, Launceston. William was a baker and Fanny was a dress maker at the time of the marriage. Witnesses were Arthur Cutting, Emma Cutting, Thomas Christmas Cutting and Henry Alfred Edwards. William was born on 20 July 1851 in London, the son of John Edwards (1815-1891) and Martha Maria nee Haggett (1825-1909).

Fanny and William moved to Auburn in New South Wales (NSW) after their marriage. They had six children. Fanny was very active in the Church of England at Auburn and played an active part in the establishment of St Thomas' Church. Before the church was established weekly services were held in her home. One of Fanny and William's daughters, Elvy (Mrs GP Birk) married the rector of St Thomas' Church and another daughter, Mildred, was a member of the China Inland Mission where she worked for over 30 years.

After Fanny lost her husband on 10 July 1933 at Petersham at the age of 82 years, she moved to reside with her daughter at the rectory of the church she had helped to establish. Fanny passed away on 9 February 1934, aged 86 years. Both were buried in the Rockwood Cemetery, Sydney, NSW.

Arthur QUARRY aka CUTTING (1846-1919)

Arthur was aged 11 years and literate when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was born on 1 August 1847 and baptised on 26 September 1847 as Arthur Cutting at Fordham, Cambridgeshire. His father was a gamekeeper at the time of his birth.

The Quarry family came from Hockham, in Norfolk, England. Some of their records show their last names as being Cutting. It is not known why the Quarry family changed their names frequently between Cutting and Quarry.

The family comprising of his parents, Thomas and Ann (nee Clarke) and his siblings: Fanny (Agatha Frances 1849-1934), William (Henry 1851-1936), Susan (Louisa Susan 1853-1891), Emma (1854-1923) and Ellen (1857-1944) all migrated. They were sponsored by Joseph Stammers Waddell (c1842-1892), newspaper proprietor, of Launceston.

Arthur, a printer, married at St John's Church in Launceston on 6 July 1871 to Annie Wilks (1854-1948). Ann may have arrived in Tasmania on 19 April 1863, per 'Pet' from Dunedin in New Zealand. Arthur and Annie had thirteen children, two of whom settled in Victoria. The oldest son, Herbert Arthur (Bert) Quarry (1872-1903), was accidentally drowned on the Tamar River. Bert was on a yacht 'Dreyfus' on a pleasure trip when off

Haystack Point a sudden squall struck the vessel causing her to capsize and as Bert was unable to swim he sank and was not seen again.

Arthur died in June 1919. He was a member of the Loyal Cornwall Lodge MU and members were requested to attend the funeral of their late Brother at Carr Villa, Launceston. Annie died at the home of her daughter, Mrs C Coombe, 34 Connaught Crescent, in Launceston. She was a life member of 7EX Womens' Association and had knitted many items of clothing for troops in World War II.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Ellen QUARRY aka CUTTING (1856-1944)

Ellen was baptised on 20 September 1857 in Buckworth, Huntingdon, England. She was too young to remember her journey to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 as she was only aged 10 months. Her parents were Thomas (1823-1909) and Ann (nee Clarke 1824-1911) and her siblings: Arthur (1847-1919), Fanny (Agatha Frances 1849-1934), William (Henry 1851-1936), Susan (Louisa Susan 1853-1891), and Emma (1854-1923). They were sponsored by Joseph Stammers Waddell (c1842-1892), newspaper proprietor, of Launceston.

Ellen married William Price (1851-1906) in the home of her father, Thomas Christmas Quarry in Launceston on 16 April 1881. Her husband's occupation on the wedding registration was recorded as 'gentleman' which normally meant he was not working and had an independent income. William and Ellen had at least six children, all born in Launceston, Tasmania.

After William's death in 1906, aged 55 years, Ellen moved to Petersham in New South Wales. She died at Five Dock in 1944, aged 86 years.

Emma QUARRY aka CUTTING (1854-1923)

Emma Cutting was baptised on 24 December 1854 in Buckworth, Huntingdon, England and was aged three years of age when migrating to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. Her parents were Thomas (1823-1909) and Ann (nee Clarke 1824-1911) and her siblings: Arthur (1847-1919), Fanny (Agatha Frances 1849-1934), William (Henry 1851-1936), Susan (Louisa Susan 1853-1891), and Ellen (1857-1944). They were sponsored by Joseph Stammers Waddell (c1842-1892), newspaper proprietor, of Launceston.

Emma married James William Farthing (1854-1900) on 3 October 1875 in the home of Thomas Christmas Cutting, Launceston. James was the son of John Abraham Farthing (1828-1893) and Maria nee Ray. It is likely his grandfather was John Farthing who was one of 175 male convicts who arrived Sydney per 'Almorah' on 4 Sept 1817 from England and thence transhipped to the ship 'Pilot' for Van Diemen's Land to be landed at Hobart Town. John was sentenced to Life on 10 January 1816, aged 25 years. His native place was London and he was a letter press printer by trade.

Emma and James had seven children. All remained in Tasmania.

Emma died on 4 January 1923 at 291 Brisbane Street, Launceston, aged 68 years. Her husband died 23 years before on 31 December 1900 in Launceston, aged 46 years.

Susan QUARRY aka Louisa Susan CUTTING (1852-1891)

Susan was aged five years of age when arriving in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She accompanied her parents Thomas (1823-1909) and Ann (nee Clarke 1824-1911) and her siblings: Arthur (1847-1919), Fanny (Agatha Frances 1849-1934), William (Henry 1851-1936), Emma (1854-1923) and Ellen (1857-1944). They were sponsored by Joseph Stammers Waddell, newspaper proprietor, of Launceston.

Susan was born in January 1853 at Buckworth, Huntingdonshire in England.

Louisa married Henry James Ferrall (1850-1926) in the house of Thomas Christmas Quarry, Tamar Street, Launceston according to the rites and ceremonies of the Primitive Methodist Church. Susan's husband, Henry, was the son of Charles James Ferrall (1812-1855) and Sarah nee Worth (1823-1896). Charles and Sarah travelled to Tasmania on the 'Whirlwind' in 1855. Charles lost his life at sea on the voyage.

Susan and Henry had four sons and one daughter. Louisa passed away in St John Street, Launceston on 2 December 1891, aged 39 years. Cause of death was Hemiplegia which is a result of a brain injury paralysing one side of the body. The most common cause is a stroke (when a bleed or blood clot damages part of the brain), but it can also result from a head injury or infection. Henry remarried on 3 March 1892 in Launceston and died on 1 June 1926 in Kogarah, New South Wales.

Thomas Christmas QUARRY aka CUTTING (1823-1909) and Ann nee CLARKE (1824-1911)

The Quarry family came from Hockham, in Norfolk, England. Some of their records show their last names as being Cutting. It is not known why Thomas and his family changed their names frequently between Cutting and Quarry.

The family comprising of Thomas and Ann and their children Arthur (1847-1919), Fanny (Agatha Frances, 1849-1934), William (Henry 1851-1936), Susan (Louisa Susan 1853-1891), Emma (1854-1923) and Ellen (1857-1944) migrated to Tasmania arriving in 1858 per the 'Trade Wind'. They were sponsored by Joseph Stammers Waddell, newspaper proprietor, of Launceston.

1	George								
1	George	34						George	34
1	Sam		50					"	44
1	Arthur			11				"	Child
1	George				9				
1	William			2					
1	Sam				3				
1	Sam								

18. Marriage solemnized at the Parish church in the Parish of Hockham in the County of Norfolk

No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
38	Aug: 31 st 1846.	Mrs: Christmas Cutting	Full age	Bachelor.	Farmer.	Hockham.	James Cutting.	Farmer.
		Anne Clarke.	Full age	Spinster.		Hockham.	Benj ⁿ Clarke.	Farmer.

Married in the Parish of Hockham according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church of England by Rev. Ann Thurgina, Vicar

This Marriage was solemnized between us, Thomas Christmas Cutting and Anne Clark in the Presence of us, Thomas Standham Minister and Frances Moxa

Thomas Cutting
and Ann Clarke
were married in the
Parish Church,
Hockham, on 31
August 1846.

Thomas was aged 34 years, literate, a gardener from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania, the son of James Cutting (1791-1859) and Ann nee Eley (1798-1874). He was baptised on 2 March 1823 at Hockham as Thomas Christmas Cutting. The 1841 England Census for Hockham records James as being aged 49 years and an agricultural labourer along with his wife, Anne, who was aged 43 years and children Thomas (18), George (16), Emma (13), Zillah (11), Mary (8), Honour (6) and Martha (3). The Cutting family lived next door to William John Barham (1839-1903) who was also a 'Trade Wind' immigrant.

Thomas' wife, Ann, was also from Norfolk, aged 32 years and a housemaid. She was the daughter of Mary Abra nee Hudson (1798-1857) who was married to John Abra aka Abrey (1786-1864). Both were 'Trade Wind' immigrants. Mary died at sea *en route* to Australia on board the 'Trade Wind', aged 59 years. Mary was born at Hockham. Her parents were John Hudson (1760-1825) and Ann nee Brunton (1760-1845). Mary had previously been married to Benjamin Clarke (1794-1825) who died at Hockham when he was aged 30 years.

The 1851 England Census for Huntingdonshire, Buckworth records Thomas Cutting (28), game keeper, born Hackham, Norfolk; his wife Ann, (25), born Hockham; Arthur,

son (3), born Fordham, Cambridgeshire; Agatha, daughter (2), born Hockham and Henry, son (4 months) born Buckworth, Huntingdonshire.

Thomas and Ann had eight children, two of whom were born in Tasmania after their arrival.

Thomas died on 24 April 1909 at 7 Invermay Road, Launceston, aged 86 years. He was a member of the Star of Tasmania and Olive Branch Tents. Thomas' wife died on 6 December 1911, also at 7 Invermay Road, aged 88 years.

William Henry QUARRY aka CUTTING (1851-1936)

William was aged seven years and literate when embarking on his journey to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. He was accompanied by his parents, Thomas (1823-1909) and Ann (nee Clarke 1824-1911) and his siblings: Arthur (1847-1919), Fanny (Agatha Frances 1849-1934), Susan (Louisa Susan 1853-1891), Emma (1854-1923) and Ellen (1857-1944). They were sponsored by Joseph Stammers Waddell, newspaper proprietor, of Launceston.

Henry was baptised on 16 March 1851 at Buckworth, Norfolk.

Henry joined the Launceston and Western Railway in the early days of its existence. Initially he was a guard before the introduction of automatic brakes; the brakes were operated by him from the guard's van. Henry later became the stationmaster at the very busy Western Junction station.

Henry died on 25 September 1936 at his home at 15 Invermay Road, Launceston. He was aged 85 years and did not marry. Henry's Will recorded he owned several properties at the time of his death: 15 Invermay Road, 9 Esk Street and 3 Dry Street, Launceston.

John REDPATH (1824-1902) and Juliet nee BEALE (1827-1874)

John and Juliet migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. They were not sponsored and both left the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 23 March 1858 on their own account.

John and Juliet were married in Marylebone, London between April and June 1847. It is likely John was born at Melrose, Roxburghshire, Scotland and Juliet in England. In the 1851 Scottish Census John and Juliet were living at Market Place, Galashiels, Roxburghshire. John was a tailor master employing one man. Galashiels is a major commercial centre and central communications point for the Scottish Borders located in southern Scotland adjoining the English border. The town is known for textile manufacturing. It is likely Juliet came from the English border, however, a birth registration for her could not be found.

John was a witness in an inquiry into the 'Trade Wind' voyage. A charge by John D Loch, Esq., Emigration Agent, was made against Captain Johnson for a breach of the *Passenger Act*⁶. John stated he was a passenger by the 'Trade Wind':

The preserved meat given during the voyage made me quite ill. I have tried several times to eat it, but could not. The water was not good, it was very bad – impure. When we were very hungry we have tried to eat it; but have been obliged to throw it away, as it was burned. I have often complained to the mate, and been dreadfully sworn at. I never used to eat the preserved meat.

John announced in *The Mercury* on 24 January 1862, p4c3 he had now set up his own business (late of Walker's) at 22 Elizabeth Street, near Burn & Co's Auction Mart where

⁶ Several newspapers including *The Hobart Town Advertiser*, Wednesday 21 April 1858, p2

he would continue to carry on the business of a tailor in all its branches. He said he had eleven years' experience in some of the finest London West End houses and had for the last two years been engaged as a Cutter for Mr Walker.

Juliet passed away in November 1874, at 57 Liverpool Street. She was buried at Cornelian Bay Cemetery in Hobart.⁷ No children were found in the public records to be born to Juliet and John. Shortly after Juliet's death a charge was made by Detective Simpson against Ellen McKeavor with larceny⁸. Detective Simpson provided evidence to show the accused had been in the service of Mr John Redpath of Liverpool Street and just before Mrs Redpath died she commenced a systematic plan of pilfering. The Police Magistrate said she had been convicted three times before, and he sentenced her to 12 months hard labour.

John remarried Ellen Jarman (1843-1908), the daughter of Richard Jarman, on 30 June 1875 in Hobart. Ellen, aged 32 years, was a spinster and was almost twenty years younger than John who was aged 50 years. They had four children born in Hobart: Robert (1876-1928), Ann (1878-1960), John (1879-1947) and Frank (1882-1968). The two youngest moved to New Zealand.

There were several break-ins at John's tailor's shop/residence situated at Liverpool Street stealing a variety of clothing. Thefts were reported in the *Tasmania Police Gazettes*. In January 1879 John charged his apprentice, James Wilson, with being absent without leave from his employment. Redpath said he brought defendant into court with the greatest reluctance, but he had excused him for a similar offence three times previously. The lad, who was the son of highly respectable parents, was getting beyond their control, and stayed out at night. Mr Tarleton warned defendant he was commencing a course which could only lead to his ruin. He had no doubt he was falling into bad company who were leading him astray, and to neglect duty to his master to which he was bound to perform. Defendant was fined 10s 6d and cautioned by the Bench he would be much more severely dealt with if he came before the Court again.⁹

Wise's Trade Directory of 1900 records John Redpath of 37 Liverpool Street as being a tailor and outfitter. The site of 37 Liverpool Street is now occupied by the Tasmanian Police.

John passed away on 21 January 1907 at 140 Hill Street, aged 78 years. His second wife, Ellen, passed away on 17 August 1908 at the Hobart General Hospital. She was residing at 2 Lochner Street, Hobart and was aged 65 years. John and both wives were buried at the same site in the Free Scotland Section in the Cornelian Bay Cemetery.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Catherine REEVE (1835-?)

⁷ Death notice in *Mercury*, Tuesday 3 November 1874 says that Juliet, beloved wife of J Redpath, 57 Liverpool Street, after a long and painful illness. Buried Cornelian Bay, Hobart, Wednesday 4 November 1874. The death notice was repeated on 4 November 1874.

⁸ *The Tasmanian Tribune*, Hobart, Thursday, 7 January 1875, p2.

⁹ *Mercury*, Thursday 9 January 1879

Catherine was aged 22 years [born about 1835], single, literate and from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Her occupation was a housemaid. Catherine was recorded as being aged 19 years [born about 1839] on the Destination List, once arriving in Tasmania. She was sponsored by William Robertson (1798-1874), merchant, of Hobart Town.

Catherine was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to James Turnbull of New Norfolk on 7 May 1858 per 'Hannah'. James Snr (1794-1869) was from the property 'Millbrook', New Norfolk. It is probable Catherine worked as a housemaid in the homestead at 'Millbrook'. A few months after arriving in New Norfolk damage was done to properties including 'Millbrook' due to severe flooding. In 1879 James Jnr (1841-1887) advertised 'Millbrook' to let. It was described as:

containing 500 acres, Littleburn 128, to which there are 800 acres of Crown land attached. There is an abundant supply of excellent water, and the buildings are in the immediate vicinity of the town of New Norfolk. There are 16 acres of hop gardens and 3 acres of orchard. ... The hop-kilns (circular casts) are replated with every requisite and have lately been rebuilt. Fire-bricks of excellent quality are made on the estate. ...

Catherine's parents are probably John (1813-) and Phoebe nee Newson (1813-). In the 1851 England Census for The Hall, Playford, Woodbridge, Suffolk the following family were resident on Census day:

John Reeve, 38, 1813, ag labourer, born Shelley, Suffolk

Phoebe, 38, 1813, born Playford, Suffolk

Amelia, 18, 1833, born Playford, Suffolk

Britain, 16, 1835, born Playford, Suffolk

Catharine, 15, 1836, born Playford, Suffolk

John, 13, 1838, born Playford, Suffolk

Mary Ann, 12, 1839, born Playford, Suffolk

Hannah, 10, 1841, born Playford, Suffolk

Charlotte, 8, 1843, scholar, born Playford, Suffolk

Robert, 5, 1846, born Playford, Suffolk

Charles, 2, 1849, born Playford, Suffolk

Catherine was most likely a relative of two other 'Trade Wind' passengers: Mary Ann Reeve (1839-) and Emma Reeve (1832-1908). They were all born in Suffolk. Emma returned to England after relocating to Victoria.

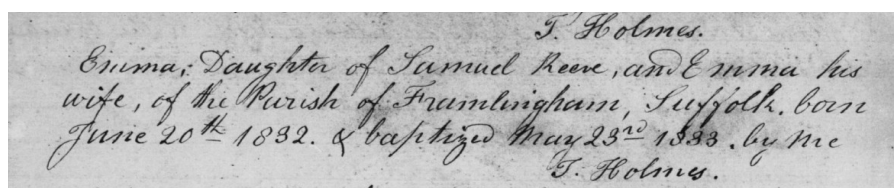
No further information could be found for Catherine in public records and it is not known if she remained in Tasmania. If a reader has more information about Catherine it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Emma REEVE (1832-1908)

Emma was aged 25 years, single, literate, from Suffolk and occupied as a general servant when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by Thomas Johnson, farmer, of Broadmarsh and/or merchant of Hobart Town and discharged to Mr Johnson on the afternoon of 9 April 1858.

Emma may have been a relative of two other 'Trade Wind' passengers: Catherine Reeve (1835-?) and Mary Ann Reeve (1834-?). Emma and Mary Ann were discharged at the same time and to the same person so it is likely they were closely related, perhaps sisters.

Emma was the daughter of Samuel (1806-1887) and Emma Reeve nee Dale (1811-1905). She was born on 20 June 1832 at Framlingham, Suffolk.



The 1841 England Census for Back Street, Framlingham, Plomesgate, Suffolk records this family as follows:

Samuel Reeve (35 – 1806), born Suffolk; Emma Reeve (30 – 1811), born Suffolk; Emma Reeve (9 – 1832), Suffolk; Mary (7 – 1834), born Suffolk; Eliza (4 – 1837), born Suffolk; and Samuel (1 – 1840), born Suffolk.

No records were found for Emma in Tasmania.

According to a transcript of a marriage registration Emma Reeve married in 1887 to William Whitehand in Victoria. The original certificate was not available online or through *ancestry.com* nor *findmypast* so it was not possible to check the year. The year would seem to be incorrect as Emma Whitehand and W Whitehand sailed to Liverpool from Victoria, Australia in March 1865. Emma was aged 33 years, born about 1832. They sailed on the 'Great Britain'. William was aged 40 years (born about 1825). This suggests Emma and William were married by 1865 rather than 1887.

William had previously been married to Martha nee Barnes (1825-1885) at Stephen, Ipswich. The 1851 England Census records William and Martha at Upper Brook Street, St Stephen, Ipswich. William was aged 26 years and an inn-keeper. There were three children: Agnes (4), Adelaide (2), and Emily (2 months).

Reading between the lines it would seem William and Emma were in a defacto relationship in March 1865 when they sailed to England from Victoria. It was likely they returned to Victoria, Australia, and married once William's wife, Martha, died in 1885. They once again returned to England as the 1901 England Census for St Margaret, Suffolk records

William Whitehand (76), collector of customs, born Blaxhall, Suffolk

Emma Whitehand (68), born Framlingham, Suffolk
Emma Reeve, mother-in-law, widow (90), born Framlingham, Suffolk.

Emma,, born 1833, died in 1908. She was buried in the Old Ipswich Cemetery, Ipswich, Suffolk, England (Section Q). William died on 30 January 1903. He was buried at Old Ipswich Cemetery, Ipswich (Section Q). No children could be found on public records for Emma and William.

Mary Ann REEVE (1834-?)

Mary Ann was aged 23 years, single, literate, a cook and general servant when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858. She was sponsored by Ralph Terry, miller, of New Norfolk and discharged during the afternoon of 9 April 1858 to Mr Thomson. Mary Ann was discharged to Mr Thomson at the same time as Emma Reeve (1832-1908). It is likely they were sisters and their parents were Samuel (1806-1887) and Emma nee Dale (1811-1905).

In the 1841 England Census for Back Street, Framlingham, Plomesgate, Suffolk Mary and Emma were recorded as follows:

Samuel Reeve (35 – 1806), born Suffolk; Emma Reeve (30 – 1811), born Suffolk; Emma Reeve (9 – 1832), Suffolk; Mary (7 – 1834), born Suffolk; Eliza (4 – 1837), born Suffolk; and Samuel (1 – 1840), born Suffolk.

No records were found for Mary Ann in Tasmania or elsewhere. Emma's mother remained in England as she was shown in the 1901 Census as being a widow living with her daughter Emma and son-in-law William Whitehand.

If a reader has any information about 'Trade Wind' Mary Ann Reeve it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Frederick Charles RICE (1850-1927)

Frederick was aged seven years when migrating with his family to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Frederick was sponsored by Henry Hopkins (1787-1870) of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay during the evening of 9 April 1858 to Mr Hopkins.

Frederick lived at Llewellyn in Tasmania for most of his adult life and was occupied as a platelayer. Frederick married Mary Ann East (1855-1922) on 13 September 1877 at St Luke's Church in Campbell Town. Mary was the daughter of John East (1832-1902) and Elizabeth nee Spain (1834-1884). Both parents were convicts. John was convicted of horse stealing and transported for ten years. Elizabeth was transported for seven years for vagrancy. After arriving in Tasmania she was convicted of numerous offences and served further time in gaol with hard labour.

Frederick and Mary had thirteen children. One of his daughters, Mrs Lizzie Whittle (1885-1957), aged 73 years, was killed in a car accident in October 1957 at the

intersection of Main Road and Springfield Avenue, Moonah. Her son-in-law, Robert Stanley Martin (1923-1957), of Philip Avenue, Montrose was driving the vehicle. Her husband, Charles George Whittle (1891-1973) was seriously injured. Mr Whittle was awarded the Military Medal on 14 August 1927 for conspicuous services. He was wounded in action on two occasions in France.

Frederick died at the Campbell Town Hospital on 6 November 1927, aged 77 years. Mary passed away in February 1922, aged 67 years. Both were buried in the Cleveland Cemetery.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John RICE (1826-1859) aka RISE and Eliza nee LEEKS (1825-1878)

John was aged 35 years when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. John was accompanied by his wife Eliza nee Leeks (1825-1878) and four children: Thomas James (1845-1922), Frederick Charles (1850-1927), William Joseph (1850-1936) and Sarah Ann (1856-1942). The family were incorrectly recorded by the name of 'Rise' on the 'Trade Wind' passenger details.

John was a Methodist, illiterate, a labourer and gardener from Suffolk at the time of migrating. Eliza was aged 33 years, could read, and a laundress from Suffolk. Both were sponsored by Henry Hopkins (1787-1870) of Hobart Town and discharged to him during the evening of 9 April 1858.

John was probably suffering with Tuberculosis (TB) upon his arrival as he died, aged 34 years, the following year at New Town on 28 June 1859 with "consumption".

John was the son of Henry (1787-1863) and Charlotte nee Fincham (1791-1857). Henry married Eliza Leeks, the daughter of William (1793-1869) and Sarah nee Hutson (1791-1864), on 11 July 1846 at Mildenhall, Suffolk in England. They had seven children. A son, Alfred, who was born about 1847 in Mildenhall died there at the age of five years. Another son by the same name, Alfred, was born in the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay, Tasmania on 12 March 1858. He only lived for a month. Their last-born son, John Henry, was born in Hobart, just two months before his father, John Snr died.

Eliza remarried Harry (Henry) Mundy on 23 September 1861 at St John's Church in New Town, Tasmania. He was aged 47 years, a widower and gardener. It is possible Henry also worked for Henry Hopkins.

489 1861	St John's Newtown September 23 rd 1861	Henry Mundy & Eliza Rice	47	Gentleman	Henry Mundy widower Eliza Rice his wife	John B. Leaman	September 23 rd 1861
<p>Married in the Church of St John's according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Anglican Church & solemnized by Deacons</p> <p>This Marriage was solemnized between us } Henry Mundy } } Eliza Rice his wife } { In the Presence of } Henry Higgins his Minister { of us } Henry Higgins his Minister John B. Leaman Official Minister.</p>							

It is doubtful this marriage survived, although no divorce records could be found on the public records. Henry firstly advertised in January 1863 he would not be responsible for any debts in his name, by his wife, Eliza Mundy, as she had left her home without

any just cause or provocation. A caution notice was repeated in January 1864 with much the same information.

A number of researchers on *ancestry.com* record Elizabeth's death at Campbell Town on 26 January 1878, aged 53 years (born about 1825).

Sarah Ann RICE (1856-1942)

Sarah was aged two years when migrating to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Sarah married Robert Baker (1850-1909) at St Luke's Church, Campbell Town, on 15 July 1875. Robert was born on 12 January 1850 at Campbell Town and was the son of ex-convicts George (1810-1885) and Mary nee Fisher (1819-1917). George was sentenced to Life for burglary and sailed on the 'Lord William Bentinck' (2) on 14 April 1838 arriving in Van Diemen's Land (VDL) on 26 August 1838. Mary Fisher was sentenced at Glasgow for seven years for being "on the town" for four years. She had a prior conviction for stealing. Mary sailed on 26 July 1845 on the 'Lloyds' from Woolwich and arrived VDL on 7 November 1845. Permission was given for their marriage on 31 May 1848.

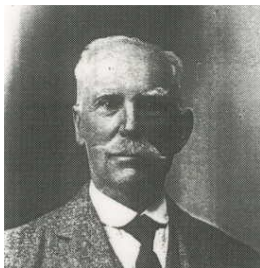
Sarah and Robert had five children. The second eldest son, Albert William (1877-1925), drowned in the Macquarie River near Cressy in March 1925. He was a shepherd employed on the 'Pisa' estate and had drowned while trying to rescue a sheep from the river.

According to Electoral Rolls, Sarah was a storekeeper at Cleveland, between 1916 and 1936.

Sarah died at her residence, Cleveland, on 8 August 1942 at the age of 86 years. Her husband, Robert, had predeceased her by 33 years. He died at Cleveland, aged 59 years, on 15 November 1909.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Thomas RICE (1845-1922)



Thomas was aged 13 years, able to read and sponsored by Henry Hopkins of Hobart Town as a bricklayer's lad when migrating with his parents and three siblings on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Thomas was born on 21 March 1845 at Mildenhall, Suffolk.

Thomas married Margaret Jane Taylor (1852-1887) on 8 April 1867 in the home of the Rev. Robert Smith Casely, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Wesleyan Church, Campbell Town.

1867 MARRIAGES in the District of Campbell Town								
Number.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
27	Married on the 8th of April 1867 in the private house of the Rev R. S. Casely, Campbell Town.	Thomas Rice Margaret Jane Taylor	21 18	Bachelor Spinster	Thomas Rice Margaret Jane Taylor	Robert Casely	8th April 1867	Robert Casely
<p>Married in the House of the Rev R. S. Casely, Campbell Town according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Australasian Anglican Church by authority No 123 by</p> <p>This Marriage was solemnized between us } Thomas Rice } In the Presence of Margaret Rhodes } } Margaret Jane Taylor } of us } Thomas Britton. } } } } Minister.</p>								

Margaret was the daughter of James (1810-1856) and Bridget Louisa nee Donahoe previously Waldren (1806-1897). Her father was previously a convict from Lancaster, transported for 15 years in 1844 on the 'Hyderabad'. James was tried with Robert Taylor for highway robbery with violence. He was married with seven children, could read, a protestant and a miner before being convicted. Margaret's mother was from Ireland.

Thomas and Margaret had seven children. The first-born son, James Thomas (1873-1875), died at the age of two years. All of the surviving children remained in Tasmania.

Thomas was a farmer at Lebrina in Tasmania, residing at Lisle Road.

Thomas died on 23 January 1922 at the Scottsdale Memorial Hospital, at the age of 78 years. His body was transported to Launceston by train where he was buried at Carr Villa Cemetery in Launceston. Margaret died on 5 March 1887 in the Oatlands district, most likely Antill Ponds. She was aged 36 years. Margaret died on the same day her son Frederick (1887-1955) was born so obviously her death was due to childbirth.

Picture of Thomas Rice copied from Family Tree Maker, Trade Wind (Betty Pilgrim).

William Joseph RICE (1850-1936)

William was aged nine years and could read when migrating to Tasmania with his parents and three siblings on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. William was born at Mildenhall, Suffolk, England on 14 January 1850.

William married Elizabeth Jane Hadley (1848-1932) at St Luke's Church, Campbell Town on 11 April 1871. Elizabeth was the daughter of John Hadley (1817-1894) and Mary Ann nee Johnson (1823-1889) of Campbell Town.

When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
St Luke's, Campbell Town, April 11th 1871.	William Rice Elizabeth Jane Hadley	21 23	Good Respectable	William Rice Elizabeth Jane Hadley	Rev. R. S. Casely	11th April 1871.	Rev. R. S. Casely

After William's marriage he worked for Mr Taylor at his 'Winton' property¹⁰. William and Elizabeth had ten children. Their eldest son died in infancy.

¹⁰ Much of the following information has been taken from an unsourced document – author unknown.

William and Elizabeth moved to 'Ingleburn', where William's second son, Thomas lived. After Thomas' wife, Rachel Annie nee Collins (1890-1922) died, aged 32 years, William and Elizabeth helped raise Jack (1920-1993), aged one year, the youngest of Thomas and Rachel's children. Another son, Studley (1911-1915), who had been staying with his grandparents at Upper Blessington died after being severely scalded whilst being brought to the Launceston General Hospital. Elizabeth had removed a boiler of water from the fire and Studley fell backwards into it.

In April 1931 William and Elizabeth celebrated their diamond (60th) wedding anniversary with a party at the North Esk Memorial Hall, Blessington, arranged by their family and friends. They were then 81 and 82 years of age. At the time the family consisted of eight children living, 36 grandchildren and 10 great grandchildren.

William died, aged 86 years, on 25 September 1936 at the residence of his son-in-law, Alfred Edward Charles Goss (1887-1976 – husband of Ella Margaret Rice), of 159 George Street, Launceston and was buried at Carr Villa. Elizabeth died on 2 February 1932 aged 83 years at her son-in-law's residence, James Edward Morrison (1874-1946 – husband of Florence Edith Rice) of 50 Galvin Street, Launceston.

James RIDGEON (1839-1858)

James died at sea on the 'Trade Wind' on 21 February 1858 – on the eve of arriving in Tasmania. He was aged 18 years, born about 1839 in Suffolk and sponsored by James Collis, farmer, of Blackbrush.

It is likely James Ridgeon was the son of George, an agricultural labourer, born about 1801 and Mary nee Wright, born about 1796 in Lydgate, Suffolk. According to the 1841 and 1851 England Census for Wheltnetham, Suffolk (Sickles Mere) his siblings were William (1822), Susan (1825), John (1827), Alice (1830), George (1832), Emma (1834), Benjamin (1836), James (1838), Sarah, (1842) and Betsy (1846).

The following testimonies were made about the death of James Ridgeon (aka Ridgen) by witnesses on the 'Trade Wind' as well as by the Agent's Report after his investigation:

The Immigration Agent's Report on the Case of James Ridgeon:

Considering therefore the quantity put on board and the circumstances above mentioned it is evident that with regard to the medical comforts the Immigrants had just and great cause for the complaint they proffered. The belief has been expressed by Immigrants that James Ridgeon above referred to died for want of medical comforts and they state that the surgeon expressed himself to that effect. My enquiry addressed to the Reverend B Drake on his head through the Colonial Secretary is as follows: In the case of James Ridgeon who died 21 Feb can the Rev Mr Drake state whether he was properly supplied with nourishment and medical comforts. Was there to your knowledge any impression in the ship that he sank and died for want of proper quantities of such restoratives or that he might have recovered had he received them

and to what extent did such impression (if any) exist and how far do you consider it well found if it existed.

The Rev Mr Drake's reply was as follows:

I attended James Ridgeon as long as he was capable of receiving religious instruction. I never heard himself express as if he was neglected. If any impression existed in the ship it must have been limited to a very few. It did not come under my notice. My opinion is that he had too much of the medical comforts under the control of the Surgeon.

The Immigration Agent's response concerning Mr Drake's comments:

The statements of the surgeon himself do not accord with Mr Drake's opinion. James Ridgeon died on the 21st of low fever (on another occasion the surgeon terms it common continued fever) having been 21 days ill so that he was taken ill on the 21st Feb. ...

Passenger on the 'Trade Wind', James (sic) Fuller¹¹ stated:

I believe that most of the complaints were from starvation. The young man from my parish named James Ridgeon he lost his reason and wanted nourishment but got none rice, mutton, broth etc. little wine and porter etc. They said there was none but after that they could find some. I heard the Doctor say he had not nourishing things to give the people.

Passenger on the 'Trade Wind', John Burrows stated:

There was a very short supply of medical comforts and had there been a proper quantity of porter, port wine and so we should have had one man alive now James Ridgeon. The Doctor made this affirmation to me and Ann Kerridge and some others I do not remember that if he had had a porter to give James Ridgeon he would have been alive then. This was the Sunday as he lay dead just before we landed. I am quite certain that he said so would keep the book any day I could not speak with a degree of certainty as to what made the medical comforts run short only by heresay and so I won't say.

According to the surgeon on the 'Trade Wind' he said:

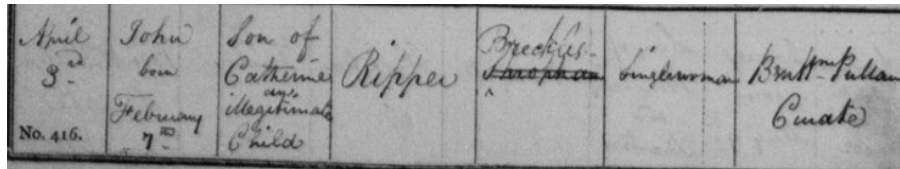
... [There were] cases of Typhus fever and common continued fever... in the case of James Ridgeon's death who was very delicate and not fit to come to sea took place on the 21st February ... [he] died just before arrival I cannot say positively that he would have died if he had had more medical comforts. He certainly might have recovered. If I had had more medical comforts I would have adopted a different mode of treatment which might have saved him. I gave him brandy up to the last ounce and then stopped as there might be a still more urgent case and the man died.

John RIPPER (1836-1893)

¹¹ This would have been John Fuller

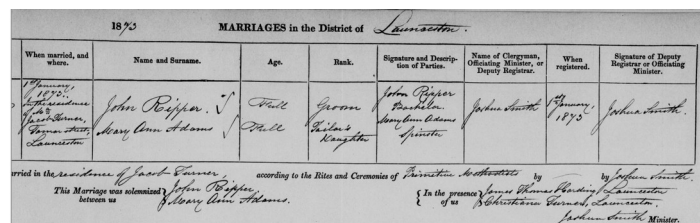
John was aged 20 years, single, from Norfolk, farm labourer and a Methodist when he migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. He was sponsored by William Archer (1820-1874), landowner, of 'Brickendon', Longford.

John was born on 7 February 1836 in Hockham, Norfolk. His mother, Catherine, was single at time of his birth.



In the 1841 England Census he was living at Church Lane, Breckles, Wayland, Norfolk with his grandparents and mother: William, (68 - 1773), agricultural labourer; Ann (66 - 1775); Catherine (28 - 1813) and John (5 - 1836).

John married Mary Ann Adams (1857-1909) in the residence of Jacob Turner, 62 Tamar Street, Launceston under the rights and ceremonies of the Primitive Methodist Church. Jacob Turner (1815-1890) was also a passenger on the 'Trade Wind' and came from Norfolk. His daughter, Christiana (1853-1919), another 'Trade Wind' passenger was a witness to John and Mary's marriage.



Mary Ann was the daughter of James Adams (1828-1909) and Mary Ann nee McCrow (1831-1889). Her parents migrated to Tasmania from Scotland on the 'Montmorency' from Liverpool arriving in Launceston on 29 June 1855. Mary Ann was born on 15 May 1857 in Launceston.

In the 1890-91 Post Office Directory John was a coachman at Newnham. He was a Member of the Court Sherwood AOF in Launceston.

John and Mary had at least eight children. Their oldest son, John (1873-1925), in about 1886, met with an accident while at Dakin's school in St John Street, which resulted in serious injuries to his eyes. He subsequently underwent an operation, but he lost the sight. He travelled to the Victorian Royal Institute for the Blind where he successfully was trained as a pianoforte tuner as an occupation. He carried on in this profession until his death at the age of 52 years.

John, Snr died on 18 March 1893 at Inveresk, Tasmania, aged 57 years. He was a coachman and the cause of death was paraplegia. His wife died on 1 March 1909 in Launceston, aged 53 years. John was probably buried at the Charles Street Cemetery where his wife was buried.

Joseph ROBERTS (1837-1905)

Joseph was aged 20 years, single, belonged to the Church of England faith, and was from Staffordshire when migrating to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. He was a collier, sponsored by John Leslie Stewart, brewer, of Hobart Town. Joseph was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to New Town on 29 March 1858.

The 1841 England Census for Broad Lane, Skidmores Row, Sedgley, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire records a Joseph, aged four years (1837) being the son of Thomas Roberts (35 - born 1806), a coal miner and Esther (47 - 1794). Siblings were William (14) and John (9).

A Joseph Roberts, aged 24 years (1838), miner, married Eliza Goldsmith (1843-1882), aged 19 years, a servant, on 28 April 1862 in Hobart at St Joseph's Church. Witnesses were Charles Brunell and Bridget Saunders.

Number.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
1591	28 th April 1862 Hobart Town	Joseph Roberts Eliza Goldsmith	24 19	Miner Servant	Joseph Roberts Bachelor Eliza Goldsmith mark Spunster	By Rev ^d Chat. Woods C. Chaplain	28 th April 1862	Chat. Woods C. Chaplain
<p>Married in the Church of St Joseph according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Holy Catholic Church by Banns by Chat. Woods</p> <p>This Marriage was solemnized between us } Joseph Roberts Eliza Goldsmith mark</p> <p>{ In the Presence of us } Charles Brunell Bridget Saunders mark</p> <p>Minister.</p>								

Ancestry.com family records show this Joseph as being the son of William Roberts, an ex-convict, although the age does not match as Joseph who married Eliza was aged 24 years, a miner, born about 1838. Joseph, the son of convict William was born in 1842. It is more likely Joseph who married Eliza Goldsmith was the 'Trade Wind' immigrant. Eliza was the daughter of John Goldsmith (1808-1895) and Mary Ann nee Donovan (1808-1867). Both were convicts and transported to Van Diemen's Land. Of the ten children born to Joseph and Eliza their birth registrations were: two in Hobart (Joseph was in Hobart), one in Fingal (Joseph was at Mangana), one in Longford, two in Launceston and the last four in Oatlands.

A daughter of Joseph Roberts and Eliza nee Goldsmith, Maria Roberts (1870-1932), married the son of a 'Trade Wind' passenger, Eli Round. Percy Eli Round (1873-1935) married Maria Roberts (1870-1932) in Oatlands, Tasmania on 15 May 1895.

In September 1864 Joseph was a witness in a court case. He deposed he was a miner and formerly worked for Samuel Harris at the Triumph mines. He was now working with Mr Noble. Another witness was Thomas Wideley (sic, Wadeley), a collier at the Triumph Mines, who was a passenger on the 'Trade Wind'.¹²

Two months later, in December 1864 Joseph had an accident at the Rosetta Coal Mines in New Town. Joseph was the first to go down the coal shaft, the rope attached to the

¹² The Mercury, Thursday 15 September 1864, p2.

drum had been loosened, and Joseph went down to the bottom, a distance of 60 feet, and narrowly escaped a shocking death.¹³

It is possible the Joseph Roberts, who in 1868 was working at the Union Quartz Crushing Company at Mangana, is the same Joseph Roberts.¹⁴ A child (John Phillip 1867-1940) was born in the Fingal district in 1867.

According to different personal announcements in the print media Joseph resided at Andover, a small Tasmanian rural location in the Southern Midlands, approximately 62 kms from Hobart.

Memorian notices in *The Mercury* on Thursday 6 June 1907 from sons and daughters remembered their father, Joseph Roberts of Andover, who died 6 June 1905 at Birmingham, England, in his 68th year. His age matches the 'Trade Wind' Joseph Roberts. His wife, Eliza, died in the Oatlands district on 26 May 1882 and was buried in the Oatlands Catholic Church Cemetery. Eliza died a month after son Charles (1882-1941) was born.

If a reader has further information about the 'Trade Wind' Joseph Roberts it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Harriet ROBERTSON (1841-?)

Harriet was aged 16 years, born about 1841, could read, a nursemaid from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by George Washington Walker (1800-1859) of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the evening of 11 May 1858 to Mr Tarleton.

Walker died a year after Harriet arrived in Hobart. It is likely Mr Tarleton, who collected Harriet from the Quarantine Station, was William Tarleton, a Police Magistrate and Coroner. Hannah Banyard, aged 18 years, also from Suffolk, was also sponsored by Walker. Hannah came from Hopton, Suffolk and it is possible Harriet also originated from the same location as Harriet.

In the 1841 England Census – Brook Street, Lower Ipswich Arms Inn, St Stephen, Ipswich, Suffolk there was a Robertson family – Ebenezer (55 - 1775); Mary (67 - 1774); Ebenezer Jnr (36 - 1805); Elizabeth (35 - 1806) and six children including a female aged 11 days unnamed.

Another in the 1841 England Census there was a Harriett Robinson, four 4 months of age, born Lowestoft, Suffolk, England. Her parents were Charles Robinson (30) and Mary (35). She was also with this family in the 1851 and 1861 Census.

A Harriet Robinson married James Highton on 11 October 1860 in Hobart. Both were over the age of 21. James was a Private with the 12th Regiment.

¹³ *Hobart Town Advertiser*, Saturday 3 December 1864, p1.

¹⁴ *Launceston Examiner*, Thursday 16 July 1868, p3.

No definite information could be found for Harriet. If a reader knows more about Harriet it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

James ROBINS (1836-?)

James was aged 21 years, single, literate, from London and a boot and shoemaker when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Robert Harrington (1811-1879), boot maker, of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the evening of 9 April 1858 to Harrington.

Robert Harrington (c1810-1879) arrived in Tasmania on the 'Fortitude' on 15 February 1855. The Harrington family were sponsored by Robert's father-in-law, Joseph Jostage, an ex convict. Robert originated from Essex and was a shoe maker. Robert worked and lived in London prior to migrating under the Indenture System and it is likely James Robins and Robert Harrington were known to each other. James may have worked for Harrington in London.

There was also a Robert Harrington on the 'Trade Wind' who came from Lamarsh in Essex but not sponsored by Robert Harrington of Hobart Town but possibly connected.

No definite information could be found for James. Of the possibilities:

- A James Robins was born on 6 March 1834 to James and Elizabeth of London. The denomination was recorded as Dissenters.
- A James Robbins born 1835, Middlesex, London. Parents were Joseph Robins (1805-1888) and Ann nee Wisher (1804-?).
- 1841 England Census – A James Robbins (4), born about 1837, Middlesex. Parents: James (30) and Francis (35).
- 1851 England Census – Rahere Street, St Luke, London and Middlesex – James Robins (14 – 1837), errand boy, born Islington, Middlesex. Parents: James (48 – 1803) and Sophia (49 – 1802).
- A James Robins, resident of Wellington Street, Launceston in 1866 married firstly Catherine Craw, a minor, on 29 October 1858 in Launceston. She died two years after their marriage. James was the second son of William and Catherine was the 5th daughter of the late Walter of Launceston. He then remarried Annie Clements.
- A James Robins (21) died in Victoria in 1859.
- A son, James, was born on 21 April 1862 to James Robins (carpenter) and Annie Clemments.
- On 20 February 1864, at East Street, Rockhampton, Queensland the wife of Mr James Robins (formerly of Launceston) of a son.

If a reader has any information about James Robins from the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Eli ROUND (1838-1915)

Eli Round was aged 19 years, a shoemaker, when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. He was accompanied by his older brother, Elijah (1835-1865), Eli was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), landowner, of Hobart Town and New Town.

Eli was mentioned in John D Loch's Immigration Agent's report dated 22 May 1858:

... the ship had two and half more adults as passengers more than the law allowed. This did not take into consideration two of the Bounty ticket immigrants, Eli Round and Joseph Taylor, who were placed on the ships articles as part of the crew and one single woman, Jane Young, was placed in the cabin as a servant.

Eli was born about 1838 in Dudley, Staffordshire. Eli was the youngest brother of Isaiah (1832-1910) and Elijah (1835-1865); his parents were Richard (1810-1891) and Esther nee Fisher (1814-1892). Elijah was murdered in Hobart, aged 30 years. [See Elijah Round for further information.] Isaiah also migrated to Tasmania arriving in 1862.

Eli married Dorothy Ann Collis (1836-1911) on 27 February 1860 in Hobart. Dorothy was the daughter of George Collis (1816-1885) and Dorothy nee Llewellyn (1816-1853). Dorothy was previously married to William Blinco (1830-1859), an ex-convict, and had two children to him. A further 11 children were born to Eli and Dorothy. Only three survived infancy.

Dorothy died at 7 Queen Street, Sandy Bay, on 11 March 1911, aged 75 years. Eli also died at the same address on 22 August 1915, aged 77 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Elijah ROUND (1835-1865)

Elijah was aged 16 years, literate and a collier from Staffordshire when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania, arriving in 1858. He was recorded as being of medium height and having a red, thin face. Elijah was sponsored by James Wilson Agnew, physician, of Hobart Town. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to New Town on his own account. Elijah was accompanied by his younger brother, Eli, on the voyage.

Elijah was born on 27 December 1835 at Dudley, Staffordshire. His parents were Richard (1810-1891) and Esther nee Fisher (1812-1892).

Elijah married Rosanna Turner (1836-1864) on 15 September 1859 in Hobart. Rosanna's parents were William (1810-1897) and Mary nee Fox (1793-1878) who also came from Dudley in Staffordshire. William was a coal miner. Rosanna accompanied her family to Hobart per 'Great Tasmania' arriving on 27 January 1857.

Elijah and Rosanna had two children: Amelia (1862-1931) and Rosanna (1864-1865). Elijah's wife, Rosanna, died on 1 May 1864 in Hobart at the age of 25 years, seven days after the birth of daughter, Rosanna. Rosanna's death registration recorded her husband as being a mariner. Elijah remarried on 23 October 1865 at Trinity Church, Hobart, to Edith Ada (Ada) Stane (aka Stain - 1846-1908). She was the daughter of

Joseph (1816-1892) and Pamela nee Hartop (1816-1866). Ada migrated to Tasmania with her family departing London on 11 July 1861, arriving Launceston in October 1861 per 'Antipodes'. A daughter, Zella Elizabeth, was born on 24 April 1866 (1866-1930) in Hobart to Elijah and Ada.

Elijah sponsored his parents, Richard and Esther, who were living at 72 Fenton Street, Kingswinford, Staffordshire to join the Round family in Tasmania. Richard, a shoemaker, was aged 51 years. Accompanying Richard and Esther was their daughter-in-law, Rachel nee Bagley (1836-1908) and her two children Isaiah, Jnr, aged five years (1857-1933) and Lavinia, aged two years (1859-1932). They sailed on the 'Vanguard' arriving in Melbourne on 20 June 1862. Rachel's husband, Isaiah Round, arrived in Tasmania almost a year earlier. He departed Liverpool on the 'Ocean Chief' and arrived in Hobson's Bay, Port Melbourne on 21 July 1861 before continuing on to Hobart via Launceston two days later.

Elijah was murdered on 4 December 1865 by George Leathley, a blacksmith. The murder took place in the house of Nicholas Ray, Barrack Street, Hobart, after a drinking session at the Cornish Mount Hotel. George was described as being a stout-built man of formidable appearance – addicted to drinking. George Leathley was sentenced and sent to the Port Arthur penal settlement where he remained for ten years.

George was previously a convict who was transported per 'Blundell' for Life for horse stealing, his second conviction. He was initially sent to Norfolk Island and later transferred to Van Diemen's Land (VDL). George Leathley was given permission to marry Catherine Mannon on 7 February 1853. Catherine was also an ex-convict transported on 'Early Grey' for 15 years for burning a house. She was tried at Kildare on 28 June 1849 and arrived VDL on 9 May 1850. She was a native of City Waterford, Ireland, and her trade was a house maid. At the trial of her husband Catherine was described as being "a rough looking woman of dissolute habits, has but lately completed a sentence".

On 26 January 1866 an application was made to the Queen's Orphan School for George Leathley (13) and David Leathley (7). Details for admission were that George Leathley was now under a Life sentence and Catherine was currently under sentence of two months hard labour. George stated his brother, David, was willing to undertake the care of the children. George was again imprisoned for 14 days a few months before his death for a Breach of the Health Act. He was sentenced on 17 September 1894. George died on 23 June 1895, aged 71 years, in Barrack Street. The cause of death was senile decay.

After her husband's murder, Edith (Ada) Round remarried Charles Edmonds (1837-1877) on 2 February 1867 in Hobart. She was aged 20 years and Charles was aged 30 years. Ada had three sons and two daughters to Charles. Charles died at the General Hospital in Hobart on 28 November 1877, aged 40 years with Phthisis (Tuberculosis, TB). Charles may have been an ex-convict. Ada married for a third time to John Arthur

Keeling (1834-1886) at Hobart on 15 July 1882. John Keeling may also have been an ex-convict.

Ada passed away at the New Town Charitable Institution on 9 February 1908, aged 62 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Edward (Ted) RUFFELS (1838-1909)

Edward was aged 18 years, single, could not read nor write, a groom and labourer from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Edward was sponsored by William Robertson (1798-1874), merchant, of Hobart Town and was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Mr William Amos of Swan Port during the evening of 30 March 1858. William Amos (1840-1877) was the son of James Amos (1808-1888) of 'Gala Mill', near Swansea.

Edward was born at Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk on 9 Jan 1838 and christened on 16 September 1838 in Bardwell, Suffolk. His parents were Simon Ruffels (1800-1886) and Mary nee Thompson (1811-1880). It is possible Edward and Elizabeth (1834-1919), who also migrated on the 'Trade Wind', were cousins.

Edward married Bridget nee Cowan (1840-1900) on 23 December 1863 in New Zealand (NZ). Bridget was born in County Clare, Ireland. Their first child was born in NZ and the remaining six children were born in Tasmania.

Edward died on 11 April 1909 at Black River, Tasmania, aged 71 years. According to an obituary in the *Circular Head Chronicle* of Thursday, 15 April 1909:

Edward Ruffels was one of the most respected and well-known residents of Black River. He was aged 71 at his death on 11 April 1909. He was born at Bury St Edmunds, Bardwell, Suffolk and landed in Tasmania in 1857 (sic), with a very small sum of money in his pocket and not a friend or relation belonging to him in his land of adoption. He went to Swansea and afterwards to Oatlands, leaving for New Zealand after some years and eventually returning to Tasmania and settled in the Stanley district about 1883 (sic)¹⁵. He was one of the best judges of horses in the State. Edward was of a frank and straight-forward character and was known far and near for his honesty and sterling character and for his rough and ready manner. He left a grown-up family of two sons (Alfred [1873-1918] and Henry [1870-1924]) and two daughters (Mrs William Medwin [1865-1937], Boat Harbour; and Mrs Joseph Medwin [1868-1921], Rocky Cape) to mourn their loss. A son and a daughter, Charles (1866-1892) and Annie (1876-1888), predeceased him. He had been ill for about 13-14 months so his death was not unexpected. Edward was one of the first initiated members when the Wellington Lodge IOOF was formed.

¹⁵ Edward had returned by 1866 as the first born son, Charles (1866-1892) was born in the Horton district of Tasmania on 20 June 1866.

Bridget died on 18 December 1900, aged 60 years and Edward on 11 April 1909, aged 71 years – both at Black River. They were buried at the Stanley Old Pioneer Cemetery.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Elizabeth RUFFLES (1834-1919)

Elizabeth was aged 21 years, single, literate, a Baptist, and a housemaid from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by John Lucas, Snr., (1797-1883) of Brown's River. Elizabeth was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay per river craft during the evening of 7 May 1858 to John Lucas.

Elizabeth was baptised at the Particular Baptist Church, in Bardwell, Suffolk on 22 April 1834. Her parents were William Ruffles (1795-1893) and his second wife, Lydia Kent (1799-1886). Elizabeth was probably a cousin of Edward Ruffels (1838-1909) who also migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind'.

Elizabeth married another passenger on the 'Trade Wind', Thomas WADELEY (1830-1893), on 10 December 1860 at Holy Trinity Church, Hobart. They had ten children. After Thomas' death on 15 May 1893 in Hobart, Elizabeth moved to New South Wales (NSW) where several of her children were living. Elizabeth's half sister, Eliza (1823-1904), was also living in NSW. Eliza and Elizabeth had the same father and Eliza was the daughter of his first wife, Ann nee Crosby (1800-1826). Eliza married William Thomas Prigg (1814-1876). They were married on 29 July 1843 in Bardwell, Suffolk and arrived per the 'John and Lucy' as assisted immigrants to NSW on 6 May 1857. William was aged 42 years and Eliza, aged 32 years. They were accompanied by their four children: Isabella (12), Ebenezer (9), Edith (7) and Jessie (4). Another four children were born after their arrival in Australia.

Elizabeth died on 6 March 1919 at Coogee, NSW, aged 84 years.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Arthur William RULE (1854-1876)

Arthur was aged four years of age when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his parents, Thomas (1827-1904) and Mary nee Nash (1833-1907) and three siblings.

Arthur married Margaret Cordell nee Edwards (1854-1914) on 13 August 1876 in Launceston. Margaret Edwards had previously been married to James Charles Cordell (1847-1872) in September 1871 in Launceston. They had one son, Arthur Leonard (1877-1939) who was born on 8 June 1877 after his father's death on 6 October 1876. Less than a year later Margaret remarried on 16 July 1872 to Arthur Rule.

Arthur and Margaret had only been married for two months when Arthur was killed in an accident in Launceston on 6 October 1876, aged 22 years. Arthur was working on a

biscuit machine at Mr George Dean's bakery in St John Street, Launceston, where he had been employed only for two weeks before the accident. According to evidence at the inquest, Rule, in endeavouring to get the strap on the main shaft, entangled his foot in the strap, and was taken twice around the shaft. It was found he died of shock because of the injuries received; the coroner returned a verdict of "accidental death". The funeral was a large one with a service being held at the Primitive Methodist Church, attended by members of the Independent Order of Good Templars, to which he belonged.

After Arthur's death Margaret remarried William Rowbottom (1853-1911) in Launceston on 20 October 1878.

Details of Margaret's birth was not found online. There were several by the name of Margaret Edwards who were convicts. Margaret Rowbottom died on 17 September 1914 in Launceston and William passed away on 18 October 1911 also in Launceston.

Edward (Edwin) RULE (1856-1859)

Edward was born on 5 May 1856 at Lexden, Essex in England. He was two years of age when embarking in 1857 on the voyage to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' with his parents, Thomas (1827-1904) and Mary nee Nash (1833-1907), and three siblings.

Edward died with diphtheria on 6 December 1859 at his parent's residence in Brisbane Street, Hobart, aged three years and eight months.

Harriet RULE (1850-1882)



Harriet was aged eight years, able to read when migrating to Tasmania with her parents and three siblings on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was born between April and May 1850 at Poplar, Middlesex. Her parents were Thomas (1827-1904) and Mary nee Nash (1833-1907).

Harriet married William Frederick Petterd (1849-1910) on 22 September 1877 at Hobart. William married three times. Firstly to Harriet and then after her death on 25 July 1882, aged 33 years, he remarried his sister-in-law, Kate Rule (1861-1889). After Kate's death he married Lucy Manning (1860-1948). He had children to each wife. Petterd was a well-known citizen and chairman of the Magnet Silver-Lead Mining Company. He was an expert in matters relating to Australian conchology and entomology. He wrote several books and pamphlets on the minerals occurring in Tasmania. He was also a keen floriculturist, and cultivated several hundred variety of roses.

Harriet and William had three children: Frederick William (1878-1953), Clara Edith (1880-1913) and Harriet Rose (1882-1963). Frederick and Clara moved to New Zealand and Harriet Jnr remained in Tasmania where she married Arthur Flude Tracey Coogan (1883-1941) of the well-known W Coogan & Co. stores. William Petterd passed away on 15 April 1910 at 41 Frankland Street, Launceston, aged 60 years.

Picture copied from *ancestry.com* (Mary Tank). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Rosetta Parr (Rosa) RULE (1852-1927)

Rosa was born on 2 February 1852 in Poplar, Middlesex, England. She was six years of age and was able to read when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her parents, Thomas (1827-1904) and Mary nee Nash (1833-1907) and three siblings.

Rosa married William Talbot Tilley (1857-1933) in Hobart on 2 February 1879. William was born on 11 April 1857 in the Glamorgan District. His parents were John Tilley (1817-1876) who was a farmer at 'Spring Vale', Great Swan Port. His mother was Ann nee Fitzpatrick (1826-1911) who was an ex-convict transported for ten years for stealing flannel for gingham. After arriving in Tasmania she was stationed on the 'Anson'.

Rosa and William had six children. At least two of the children moved to Victoria.

William was killed at Devonport on 19 June 1933, aged 76 years, after a collision on his bicycle with a milk cart. The driver of the cart was charged with manslaughter as the horse attached to the milk float was driven in a culpable, reckless and negligent manner. Their second eldest daughter, Violet Emily Grace (1884-1899) died at Waratah, Tasmania, at the age of 15 years, after slipping on a board covered with frozen snow.

Rosa died at Fairfield, Victoria on 14 January 1937, aged 84 years. She was buried at the Preston General Cemetery.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Thomas William RULE (1827-1904) and Mary nee NASH (1833-1907)

Thomas was aged 29 years, literate, a gardener, from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was accompanied by his wife Mary (1833-1907) and four children. They were struck off rations at the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 17 May 1858.

William Rout (1790-1868), merchant, of Hobart Town was the sponsor for the family.

Thomas was born on 17 December 1827 and baptised at Stratford St Marys, Suffolk on 13 January 1828. His parents were William (1787-1852) and Mary Ann nee Polley (1792-1826). Mary was born on 17 February 1833 at Bromley, Middlesex. Thomas and Mary were married on 15 July 1849 at Saint Dunstan and All Saints, Stepney in Middlesex, England. They had four children before embarking on their journey to Tasmania. A further nine children were born after their arrival.

Eldest son, Arthur William (1854-1876) met his death by an accident at Mr Dean's bakery in St John's Street, Launceston. Another son, Edward (1855-1859), died in Hobart in December 1859, aged three years of age. Some of the children remained in Tasmania and others in Victoria and New South Wales.

Thomas died at 6 Cumberland Street, Launceston on 21 June 1904, aged 77 years. Mary died three years later, at the same address, aged 74 years on 29 July 1907.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John RUSHBROOK (1833-1887)

John was aged 24 years, single, a farm labourer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. He was sponsored by William Archer (1788-1879), landowner, of 'Brickendon', Longford.

John was born at Carbrooke, Wayland, Norfolk in England. He was baptised on 31 March 1833 at Carbrooke. His parents were George (1811-1886), a farmer, and Elizabeth nee Bowers (1813-1869). In the 1841 England census John was employed as an agricultural labourer, aged 18 years. He had five siblings and was living with his parents.

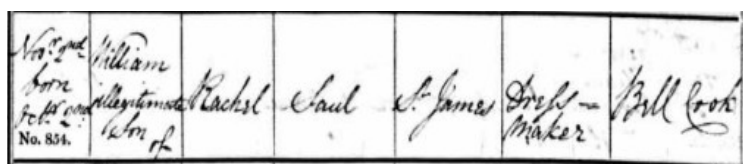
A John Rushbrook purchased 500 shares in June 1866 in the Hope and Anchor Gold Mining Company in Inglewood, Victoria.

John was next found in New Zealand (NZ) when he married Annie Owen (1834-1923) on 5 October 1869 at St Peter's Church, Riccarton, Christchurch. There followed the birth of five children, the first-born son died in infancy. The remaining children lived in the Christchurch area of NZ. In the 1870-1871 Provincial Rolls for Selwyn, NZ John Rushbrook resided at Leeston, on freehold rural section 6608 in the Ellesmere district.

John passed away on 15 April 1887 at Doyleston, Selwyn, Canterbury in NZ, aged 54 years.

William SAUL (1834-?)

William was aged 23 years, single, a farm labourer from Norfolk and sponsored by John Ward Gleadow (1801-1881), landowner, of Evandale when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.



It is likely William Saul was born on 2 October 1834 and baptised on 2 November 1834 at St James Pockthorpe,

Norwich, Norfolk to a single mother, Rachel.

In the 1841 England Census this William was living at St George Colegate, Norfolk. The family comprised of:

Charlotte Saul (64 – 1787), widower; Rachel (24 – 1817), dressmaker; Frances (6 – 1835); William (6 – 1835) and Emma (4 – 1837).

In the 1851 England Census for Norwich Heigham, Norfolk for the same family:

Charlotte (60 0- 1791), born Essex, cow keeper; Rachel (30), daughter, unmarried, dressmaker, born Norwich, Norfolk; Frances, daughter (18), staymaker, born Norwich Norfolk; William, son (16), born Norwich, Norfolk; and Emma, daughter (14), at home, born Norwich, Norfolk.

The Census records Frances, William and Emma as being the children of Charlotte, however, it is probable they were Rachel's children and Charlotte was their grandmother.



A William Saul, born December 1832, in Cawston, Norfolk, died 8 February 1892 at Seven Oaks, New South Wales (NSW). His parents were William Saul (1807-1887) and Mary Ann nee Lowe (1811-1876). He married Janet Gray (1845-1928) in 1861 at Macleay River, NSW. This person is probably not the 'Trade Wind' William Saul as a William Saul, born about 1832, aged 22 years, was an immigrant to Sydney, arriving 18 September 1854. His port of departure was Valparaiso per 'Lalla

Rook'.

It is not known for certain what happened to William after his arrival in Tasmania as there are no further public records. A William Silas Saul is well documented in Tasmanian records, however, he is not the same person as the 'Trade Wind' William. William Silas was born about 1879 as he was aged 83 years at his death in 1962.

If a reader has any information about William from the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Samuel SAUNDERS (1822-1861?)

Samuel was aged 33 years, single, a farm labourer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Richard Green (1809-1878), merchant, of Launceston.

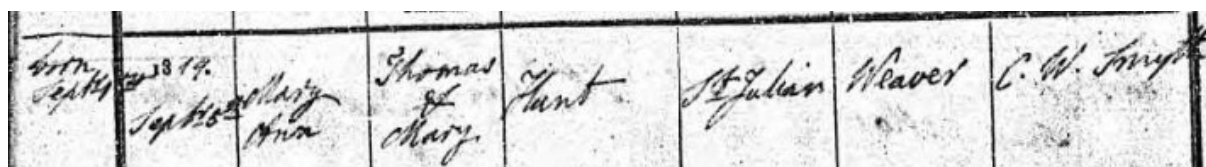
Records for Samuel were not found in Tasmania or elsewhere apart from a possible death on 30 December 1861 at Longford aged 39 years, with consumption (Tuberculosis TB). The age matches the 'Trade Wind' Samuel Saunders.

It is not known if he was a relation of Stephen Saunders (1818-1895) who also migrated on the 'Trade Wind' and resided in the Longford district.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' Samuel Saunders it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Stephen SAUNDERS (1819-1895) and Mary nee HUNT (1819-1890)

Stephen was aged 38 years, married, a ploughman from Norfolk when migrating with his wife, Mary (1819-1890), to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. They were sponsored by John Court (1804-1860), a farmer, of Bishopsbourne. Mary was also aged 38 years, a housemaid, the daughter of Thomas Hunt and Mary nee Trandle.



Stephen and Mary were married on 9 November 1839 at the Parish Church in Eccles, Norwich, Norfolk. The marriage registration records Stephen's father, John Saunders, as being occupied as a labourer and Mary's father, Thomas Hunt, a shepherd. It is not known if Stephen and Mary had any children.

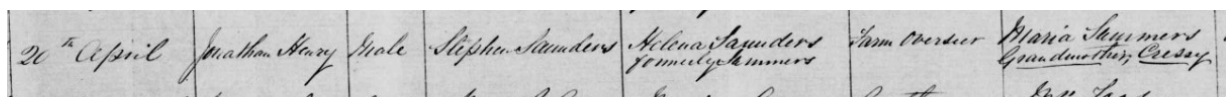
In the England 1841 Census, Stephen and Mary were living in the home of Stephen's parents, John and Mary Saunders of Eccles, Norfolk.

A Stephen Saunders, born about 1818, aged 21 years, served 8 November 1839 on the ship 'Victory'. The last ship he served on was 'Blenheim' on 28 March 1843.

Stephen died on 30 September 1895, aged 77 years, at the residence of Daniel Williams of Longford. Daniel was a 'Trade Wind' passenger and hailed from Eccles as well. It is not known if they were related but obviously both very good friends migrating to the same location in Tasmania: Stephen to Bishopsbourne and Daniel to nearby Longford. The cause of death for Stephen was morbus cordis – a catch-all phrase for death by natural causes when the exact cause was not evident. Mary died five years earlier, on 16 July 1890, aged 73 years, at the residence of Daniel Williams, Longford. They were both buried at the Longford Methodist Cemetery.

A number of family researchers on *ancestry.com* record Stephen, born about 1818, as being married to Helena Summers (1843-1886). A marriage date is not given. This is undoubtedly due to the birth of Jonathan Henry Saunders on 20 April 1867 in the Longford district to Stephen Saunders and Helena Saunders nee Summers. (1867/858).

No further records could be found for Stephen Saunders being married or in a relationship with Helena Summers.



If a reader has more information about Stephen and Mary it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Jacob SHEARING (1837-1909)



Jacob was aged 20 years, a shepherd, sponsored by William Tarleton (1820-1895), Police Magistrate, of New Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Jacob was discharged to Mr Tarleton from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on 4 April 1858.

Jacob was the son of Nathan (1808-1892) and Sally nee Shinn (1811-1844) and was born on 4 September 1837 at Stanton in Norfolk. In the 1851 England Census Jacob was aged 13 years living at Chimney Lodge, Brandon, Suffolk. His siblings were Eliza (10), Samuel (6), Richard (4) and William (1). In the 1841 Census the Shearing family had Robert Barham (14, shepherd) and Rachel Barham living with them at Santon. A number of other Barham's lived in the same area, along with a Lambert family (Edward, Sarah, Edward and Tobiah). The Barham and Lambert families were passengers on the 'Trade Wind' and may be connected to this family.



Jacob married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', Hannah BANYARD (1839-1885) on 16 April 1860 at Ouse Bridge, Hamilton, Tasmania. Hannah was baptised on 7 April 1839 at Hopton in Suffolk. Her parents were George (1800-1840) and Elizabeth nee Smith (1804-1874). Jacob and Hannah had seven children. Jacob moved to Otago, New Zealand (NZ) between 1863 and 1867. A William Francis Tarleton was in the Invercargill district of NZ at this time, and was a farmer of

800 acres. It is possible there is a connection between the William Tarleton in Tasmania and the William in NZ and perhaps the reason for Jacob moving to NZ. Each of the seven children remained in NZ.

Twenty-three years after Hannah's death, on 16 January 1885 at Crookston, Tapanui in NZ, at aged 45 years, Jacob remarried Catherine (Kate) Rosevear on 15 January 1908 in Dunedin, NZ. Catherine was from Cornwall in England and had previously lived in Hobart. Jacob was a farmer of Tapanui at the time of their marriage.

Jacob and Kate returned to Hobart where Jacob passed away the year after his marriage to Kate at Wellesley Street, Hobart, on 13 April 1909. His death notice announced he was late of Crookston, Otago, NZ, aged 73 years. Jacob's estate for stamp duty purposes was valued at £3936 which was substantial at that time.

Pictures of Jacob and Hannah copied from *ancestry.com* (rochelle coates). For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Martha SKIFFINS (1831-1895)

Martha was baptised on 20 December 1831 in Holt, Norfolk, England. Her parents were Thomas (1801-1863), and Ann nee Fox (1801-1881). Martha was aged 26 years, single and a housemaid when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Martha was sponsored by Thomas Button (1795-1865), tanner and currier, of Launceston.

Martha was probably the sister or cousin of Elizabeth Stagoll (nee Skiffins – 1830-1879) who was also a passenger on the 'Trade Wind'. They both came from Holt in Norfolk. Elizabeth's parents were possibly James William Skiffins (b1791) and Sarah nee Jolly (b1800). Her death registration in Victoria recorded her father's name as Thomas and mother as Elizabeth. A number of researchers on *ancestry.com* show she was Martha's sister and her name at birth was Betsy but changed to Elizabeth when baptised.

In the 1841 England Census for Market Place, Holt, Norfolk, Martha was aged nine years. She was living with her parents Thomas (40) and Ann (40) and siblings Eliza (15), John (14), Betsy (12), Mary (7), James (4), Emmela (2) and Amy (3 weeks). In 1851 she was at Letheringscott Road, Holt, a servant, aged 19 years, employed as an Under Nurse Maid for Humphrey Jackson, the rector of Holt.

Martha married William Thomas Bartlett (1840-1923), son of Thomas (1813-1904) and Elizabeth nee Lee (1819-1888), on 27 January 1863 at 'Herbert Hollow', Milton Rises, Longford, Tasmania. They had at least six children, all residing in Tasmania. One of the daughters, Emily Violet Bartlett (1865-1951) married William Thomas Docking (1863-1941) who was the son of a 'Trade Wind' migrant, William Louis Docking (1837-1911). Two of Martha's and William's children died in infancy.

Martha passed away at the age of 63 years on 17 January 1895 at Longford, Tasmania. Her death registration recorded she was a carter's wife and the cause of death was dropsy. Dropsy was a term used to describe generalised swelling and was synonymous with heart failure. Her husband, William Bartlett, remarried Clara Wood on 24 June 1914 at Longford. He passed away on 3 March 1923 in Launceston.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George SMITH (1831-?)

George was born about 1831 in Wiltshire, England. He migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858. He was described as being aged 27 years, single, could read and was a collier/labourer. George was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), land owner, Hobart Town and New Town. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay, on 29 March 1858 on his own account. It is likely he worked for John Foster as a collier in his Swansea coal mine.

Research for George proved to be an impossible task with such a common name as 'George Smith'. No further details could be found for him.

If anybody has any knowledge of George Smith, who arrived on the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

James SMITH (1834-1865)

James was a collier from Worcestershire. He was aged 23 years, single and was able to read when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, on his own account to New Town on 29 March 1858. James was sponsored by Daniel Graham (1821-1894), merchant, of Hobart Town.

James may have been born in Netherton, Worcestershire. The 1851 England Census for Dudley, Staffordshire records William Smith (1812), Baptist End, Worcestershire, miner; Ann (1812), born Baptist End, Worcestershire; James (c1833) born Netherton, Worcestershire, miner.

A brother William (17), was also a miner. There were eight more siblings.

This family lived next door to a 'Round' family. Elijah Round (1835-1865) came from Dudley in Worcestershire and was a collier. He also migrated on the 'Trade Wind'.

A James Smith died as a result of an accident on 7 October 1865 in Hobart. He was a quarryman, aged 34 years. Further research for James Smith proved to be an impossible task with such a common name as 'James Smith'. No further details could be found for him. There was another James Smith who migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. He was born about 1839 in Norfolk, England, a labourer, and was sponsored by James Amos, farmer, of 'Gala Mill, Cranbrook.

If anybody has any knowledge of James Smith, born about 1834, Worcestershire, England, a collier, who migrated on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

James SMITH (1839-?)

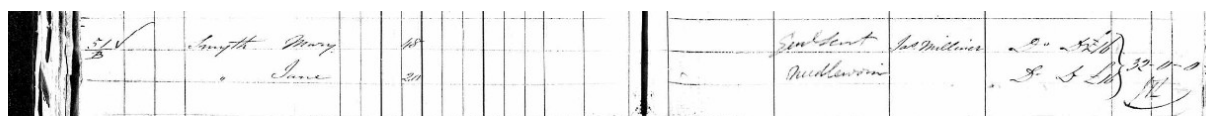
James was aged 18 years, single, literate, a labourer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by James Amos (1804-1864) of 'Gale Mill', Cranbrook and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 10 April 1858 to James Amos.

Further research for James Smith proved to be an impossible task with such a common name as 'James Smith' not being able to be linked with the many of that name. There was another James Smith who migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. He was born about 1834 in Worcestershire, England and was occupied as a collier.

If anybody has any knowledge of James Smith, born about 1839, Worcestershire, England, a collier, who migrated on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Mary SMITH (1809-?) and Jane SMITH (1837-?) aka SMYTH

Mary and Jane were both 'Trade Wind' migrants who arrived in Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. There was no record on the shipping records where they originated from. Mary was aged 48 years, born about 1809, married and a general servant. One record on the 'Trade Wind' shows Mary as 'Matron'. Mary was most likely the mother of Jane who was aged 20 years, born about 1837, and was a needlewoman. They were both listed together on the shipping records and both were sponsored by James Milliner (1821?-1882), farm labourer, of Point Rapid.



James Milliner was the licensee of at least three hotels in Hobart before 1855: the 'City of Bristol Arms' in Campbell Street, the 'Sailor's Delight' in Murray Street and the 'King's Arms' in Murray Street. A James Milliner, aged 38 years (c1821), married Ann Smith on 19 November 1859 at Longford. A witness to the marriage was Mary Smith who signed with her mark. Mary Smith may have been the 'Trade Wind' migrant and was perhaps the mother of Ann and Jane Smyth (aka Smith). James, a labourer, signed with his mark. As at 25 January 1870 James Milliner owned a house at Longford. The gross annual value of the property was £10 and the net annual value of the property £9. James Milliner died in Longford on 27 May 1882, aged 70 years (born about 1812). He was a labourer and the cause of death was 'decay of nature'.

It is possible Mary may have been married to James Smyth who was a convict. James was convicted at the Central County Court for 20 years transportation on 5 February 1844, embarking on 8 March 1844 on the 'Maria Somes' and arriving Tasmania on 30 July 1844. Prior to transportation James was a labourer and a clerk. James' offence was sending a threatening letter to extort money to Mr Robins. He told Robins he would inform his friends he attempted to commit an unnatural crime with him unless he gave him £15. James was aged 34 years, born about 1810, at the time of transportation. His birth year was similar to Mary. James' native place was Plumstead, Kent. James was hired by Assistant Commissary General Drake in Hobart in 1849 for two years at Oyster Cove and from 1851 he was with Francis Abbott in Murray Street.

No further records could be found for Mary or Jane. If a reader has any information about either Mary or Jane it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Elizabeth STAGOLL Jnr (1853-1938)

Elizabeth was aged four years when migrating with her family to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Her parents were William (1831-1895) and Elizabeth nee Skiffins (1830-1879). Two of her siblings accompanied the family: William (1852-1947) and Ellen (1856-1950). A brother was born on the voyage, Walter DeVerdi (1857-1879). It is

believed he was named after the de Verdi group of islands. The Stagoll family were sponsored by Thomas Button (1795-1865), tanner and currier, of Launceston.

Elizabeth was born on 17 December 1853 in Fakenham, Norfolk.



Elizabeth had at least seven children, they were all named Stagoll with the father(s) not being named. Researchers on *ancestry.com* record Elizabeth as being married to William Leah Tredrea, however, a record of their marriage was unable to be found. The first two children were born in Victoria, although registered with the Victorian Births, Deaths and Marriages by the name of Stagoll. They were also known as Tredrea. The remaining children were born in Longford, Tasmania. Two of the sons were Killed in Action in France during World War 1: Thomas Ernest (1886-1916); Walter

William (1894-1918). On the death of one of her sons, Elizabeth wrote to the Government on 3 August 1920 advising she was the Next of Kin "as I always record the father as being dead as I have not heard from or of him for 24 years." She was probably referring to William Tredrea (1852-1921). Tredrea died in South Yarra, Victoria in 1921. He was aged 69 years, a farmer from Hamilton. Probate was not granted on his estate until 3 February 1947 approximately 26 years after his death. One of Elizabeth's daughters, Minnie Elizabeth (1879-1928) married James Hayes (1833-1900) in Tasmania. James was the grandson of Thomas Hayes (1763-1854) who was one of the first free European settlers to arrive in Tasmania in 1804 with Colonel Collins.

Elizabeth's children were:

1. Henry Charles Frederick Stagoll aka Tredrea, born 6 Sep 1874, Hamilton, Victoria; died 4 December 1927, Ascot Vale, Victoria.
2. Minnie Elizabeth Stagoll aka Tredrea, born 6 Nov 1879, Ballarat, Victoria; died Scottsdale, Tasmania, 29 October 1928.
3. Thomas Ernest Stagoll, born 27 Jul 1886, Longford, Tasmania; KIA France 18 Aug 1916.
4. Annie Margaret Stagoll, born 18 Jul 1888, Longford, Tasmania.
5. Kate Marion b 4 Aug 1890, born Longford, Tasmania; died 13 October 1978, Launceston, Tasmania.
6. Albert George born 26 Dec 1892, Longford, Tasmania.
7. Walter William Stagoll, born 7 Dec 1894, Longford, Tasmania; KIA France 23 Aug 1918.

Elizabeth died, aged 84 years on 11 January 1938 in Launceston.

Picture of Elizabeth copied from *ancestry.com* (Barbara Joy Olive Lewis).

Ellen STAGOLL (1855-1950)

Ellen Emma (Nellie) Stagoll was aged two years when migrating to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Her parents were William (1831-1895) and Elizabeth nee Skiffins (1830-1879). Two of her siblings accompanied the family: William (1852-1947) and Elizabeth (1853-1938). A brother was born on the voyage, Walter DeVerdi (1857-1879). It is believed he was named after the de Verdi group of islands.

Researchers on *ancestry.com* show Ellen's birth as in Pentonville, London. A birth record was not able to be found on *ancestry.com* nor on *findmypast*.

Ellen Emma Stagoll married George Holland Stringer (1865-1926) on 30 November 1889 in Victoria. George was born about 1865 in Sandhurst (Bendigo), the son of David Condie Stringer (1830-1903) and Caroline nee Holland (1836-1896). George was about nine years younger than Ellen. They had two children, George Arthur Thomas Stagoll Stringer (1891-1977) born in Sandhurst and Bertha Alice Olive Isobel Skiffin Stringer (1892-1898) born in Bendigo.

Ellen passed away in August 1950 in Melbourne, aged 94 years. Her Husband, George, passed away approximately 24 years before Ellen on 18 March 1926 in Bendigo, age 63 years.

Walter DeVerdi STAGOLL (1857-1879)

Walter was born in 1857 whilst at sea on the 'Trade Wind' on its journey to Tasmania. His parents and siblings were migrating to Tasmania. Walter's birth was registered at Launceston. It is thought he was named after the de Verdi group of islands.

Walter, a drover, drowned when crossing Cubang Creek, Dandaloo near Gondobolin in New South Wales (NSW) on 17 January 1879. He was aged 21 years.

A report in the *Hamilton Spectator* on Tuesday 21 January 1879 (p2) provided more details about his death headed 'Sad Drowning Accident':

A telegram was received on Saturday by Mr Stagoll, of Hamilton, announcing his second son, Walter Stagoll, had been drowned whilst crossing the Cabany creek in the Lachlan district, and the body had not been recovered when the message was despatched. The deceased was well-known in this town, he having for some time, been in the employ of Mr Muir. When drowned he was in the service of Mr R Malcolm, brother of Mr Malcolm of Thomson street, as a drover. The unfortunate young fellow was just about 22 years of age, and appeared to have a fairly good career before him when lost in the stream. Much sympathy has been expressed for his father and relatives, who were greatly shocked by the receipt of the bad tidings.

NSW death registration records Walter died at Forbes and his death was registered at Condobolin.

William STAGOLL Jnr (1852-1947)

William was born on 14 June 1852 at Fakenham, Norfolk. He was aged six years when migrating to Tasmania with his parents and siblings on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He

married Mary Rankin (1855-1948) on 16 September 1876 in the Primitive Methodist Church, Hamilton, Victoria. Mary was the daughter of Donald Rankin (1826-1876) and Ann nee McKinnon (18365-1876) of Glencoe, Hamilton. She was born on 14 February 1855 at Glencoe, Hamilton.

William and Mary had nine children. A daughter died at six months (1879-1979), two other children died at aged 17 years (1881-1898) and 19 years (1887-1906). The youngest son, Robert Leslie (1895-1916), was Killed in Action in France at Mouquet Farm, on 24 August 1916, aged 21 years, after 18 months service.

William was believed to be the longest member of the Order of Rachobites. He joined the junior tent in Tasmania at the age of 11 years, passed on to the adult tent at the age of 16 years and after moving to Hamilton, Victoria, joined Tent No. 33. William was superintendent of the junior tent for a number of years and was a teacher in the Methodist Sunday school for some years. William was a well-known member of John Thompson & Co. and was a manager of the firm's timber yards.

When William passed away on 30 August 1947 at Hamilton, aged 95 years, he had been a member of the Order of Rachobites for 84 years. Mary was aged 93 years when she died on 12 October 1948 at Hamilton.

William STAGOLL Snr (1831-1895) and Elizabeth Snr nee SKIFFINS (1830-1879)

William and Elizabeth migrated to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind'. William was aged 26 years, a Methodist, literate, a currier from Suffolk. Elizabeth was aged 28 years, literate, and a housemaid from Norfolk. They were both sponsored by Thomas Button (1795-1865), tanner and currier, of Launceston and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay on the morning coach to Launceston on 25 March 1858. They were accompanied on the 'Trade Wind' by their first born three children: William (1852-1947), Elizabeth (1853-1938) and Ellen (1856-1950). Elizabeth was pregnant with their fourth child on the voyage and a son, Walter DeVerdi Stagoll (1857-1879) was born at sea on 1 December 1857. It is believed he was named after the de Verdi group of islands.

Thomas Button conducted with success, a large tannery and flour mill in Margaret Street. William was most likely sponsored by Button to work in his tannery business.

William and Elizabeth were married after banns in the parish Church, Fakenham, Norfolk on 20 October 1851.

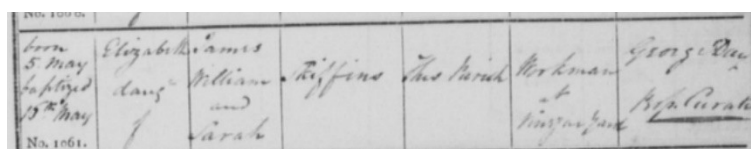
1851. Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the Parish of Fakenham in the County of Norfolk								
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
171	October 20	William Stagoll Elizabeth Skiffins	Above 20 Above 20	Bachelor Spinster	Currier Servant	Fakenham Fakenham	— —	— —
Married in the <u>Parish Church</u> according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the <u>Established Church</u> by me, <u>Rev. R. B. B.</u> This Marriage was solemnized between us, <u>William Stagoll</u> and <u>Elizabeth Skiffins</u> in the Presence of us, <u>Lieut. Langley</u> and <u>John Stagoll</u>								

After arriving in Australia William and Elizabeth had a further four children in Launceston and another three in Victoria:

Alice Maude (Maud - 1860-1943); Albert (1862-1915), Edwin (1866-1946), Thomas Herbert (1868-1888), Frederick George (1872-1956), Henry Charles Frederick (1874-1927), Ann May (1876-1962)

William was born on 19 March 1831 at Halesworth, Norfolk. His parents were William (1803-1891) and Elizabeth nee Dow (1795-1879). William's family were involved in the tannery business. His father was a currier and one of his brother's, John, was also a currier. William Jnr, in the 1851 England Census, was a currier's journeyman.

After migrating to Tasmania William applied in 1870 to carry on business as a tanner and fellmonger on Mr Barn's premises in Patterson Street, Launceston, adjoining the Russian Wharf. His application was refused (*Examiner*, 9 August 1870) as the Committee were of the opinion no fellmongery ought to be allowed within Launceston. It was shortly after this refusal, William relocated to Victoria. The family firstly resided in Hotham, followed by Hamilton, where he went into the tannery business.



Elizabeth was believed to be born on 5 May 1830 at Holt, in Norfolk, possibly the daughter of James William (1791-1875)

and Sarah nee Jolly (1798-1882). According to information provided for her death registration her parents were shown as Thomas Skiffins and Elizabeth. A search on various public records do not support this. It is not uncommon for incorrect information about parents to be provided for a death registration.

Elizabeth was probably the sister or cousin of Martha Skiffins (1831-1895) who was also a passenger on the 'Trade Wind'. They both came from Holt in Norfolk. Martha's parents were Thomas Skiffins (1801-1863) and Ann nee Fox (1798-1881). A number of researchers on *ancestry.com* show she was Martha's sister and her name at birth was Betsy but changed to Elizabeth when baptised.

In the 1841 England Census for Market Place, Holt, Norfolk, Betsy was aged 12 years.



She was living with her parents Thomas (40) and Ann (40) and siblings Eliza (15), John (14), Martha (9), Mary (7), James (4), Emmela (2) and Amy (3 weeks).

William passed away on 3 January 1895 in Albury, New South Wales at the age of 64 years. His wife, Elizabeth, predeceased him, passing away on 21 May 1870 aged 49 years. She was buried in the Hamilton Cemetery in Victoria.

Betty Pilgrim visited the Hamilton Old Cemetery in April 2023 and although the burial sites were found for Elizabeth and William there were no headstones.

Ann Elizabeth STANDALOFT (1853-1935) aka BONNER

Annie was aged four when migrating to Tasmania with her parents, Thomas Standaloft (1829-1858) and Jane nee Found (1830-1897). Her father died at sea just prior to the 'Trade Wind' arriving in Tasmania in 1858. He died on 21 January 1858 under so-called "suspicious circumstances." Her mother, Jane, remarried another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', John Bonner (1831-1928) approximately one year after her father's death.

Ann was born on 9 March 1853 in Yorkshire, England. 'Trade Wind' records incorrectly show her native place as being Germany. Ann married John Cutler Green (1851-1914) at 'Somerccotes', Ross, on 14 April 1877. John was the son of John Cutler Green, Snr (1815-1863) and Harriett nee Presnell (1827-1857).

Annie and John had eight children. All were born in Tasmania and five remained residing in Tasmania. The other three relocated to Victoria.

Annie died on 23 November 1935 at the residence of her daughter, Grace Evaline (1890-1963) and her son-in-law Herbert Scott Brown of 115 Howick Street, Launceston. She was aged 82 years. Annie's husband, John, predeceased her by about 21 years, having died at Trevallyn, Launceston, on 27 July 1914, aged 63 years.

Jane STANDALOFT nee FOUND aka BARCHARD (1824-1897)

Jane was aged 27 years and a general servant when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Jane and her husband, Thomas, were sponsored by Samuel Horton (1796-1867), landowner, Ross. He owned the property 'Somerccotes'.

1853. Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the Parish of <u>Leven</u> in the County of <u>York</u>							
No.	When Married,	Name and Surname,	Age,	Condition,	Rank or Profession,	Residence at the Time of Marriage,	Father's Name and Surname, Rank or Profession of Father.
81	November 24	Thomas Standaloft full	24	Single	Barber	Leven	John Standaloft, Labourer
		Jane Found full	26	Single	General	Leven	John Barchard, Labourer
Married in the <u>Parish Church</u> according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the <u>Established Church</u> after solemnizing by me This Marriage was solemnized between us, <u>Thomas Standaloft</u> in the Presence of <u>Henry Barchard</u> <u>John Barchard</u> <u>Jane Found</u> <u>Mary Wilkinson</u> <u>Charles</u>							
1853. Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the Parish of <u>Leven</u> in the County of <u>York</u>							

Jane was the daughter of Elizabeth Found (1804-1886) from Skipsea in Yorkshire, England. Jane's mother married John Barchard (1784-1866) on 26 July 1830 in

Swine, Yorkshire, when Jane was about six years of age. Jane was sometimes known as Barchard. On the marriage registration solemnized at the Parish Church, Leven, Yorkshire on 24 November 1853 Jane's name was given as Found and she stated her father was John Barchard, although it is probable John was her stepfather rather than her birth father.

1859 MARRIAGES in the District of <u>Campbell Town</u>								
Number.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
67	5 February 1859	John Bonner and	24	Labourer	John Bonner	J. A. Bonner	5 February	J. A. Bonner
68	5 February 1859	Ann Standaloft	24	Labourer	Ann Standaloft	J. A. Bonner	5 February	J. A. Bonner
Married in the <u>Horton College</u> according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the <u>Established Church</u> by <u>James</u> This Marriage was solemnized between us, <u>John Bonner</u> <u>James</u> <u>Ann Standaloft</u> <u>William Barchard</u> <u>John A. Bonner</u>								

Jane remarried another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', John Bonner (1831-1928), approximately a year after the death of her first husband, Thomas

Standaloft (1829-1858) under "suspicious circumstances" on the 'Trade Wind'. Jane and John Bonner were married at Horton College in Ross, Tasmania on 5 February 1859.

John was also sponsored by Samuel Horton and was an employee on the 'Somercotes' estate in Ross, Tasmania for at least 70 years. Jane and John had seven children. All remained in Tasmania with the exception of the youngest son, Harry (1871-1946) who resided in New Zealand.

Jane died at the age of 73 years at 'Somercotes', Ross on 24 June 1897. Jane's death notice in the *Examiner* on 25 June 1897 recorded her age as being 64 years. It is possible she was born in 1829 although a birth record was unable to be found. John Bonner lived for another 31 years, passing away at his daughter and son-in-laws, Fanny and William Whittles, 15 Wellington Street, Hobart on 12 August 1928 aged 90 years.

Thomas STANDALOFT (1829-1858)

Thomas was baptised on 4 October 1829 in North Coates, Lincolnshire, England. His parents were John Standaloft (1793-1873) and Mary nee Glover (1793-1854). He was aged 28 years when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was married to Jane nee Found (aka Barchard 1824-1897). They were married on 24 November 1853 at Beverley, Yorkshire, England.

1853, Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the Parish of <u>Leven</u> in the County of <u>York</u>								
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
81	<u>November 24</u>	<u>Thomas Standaloft</u>	<u>28 years</u>	<u>Single</u>	<u>Barbican</u>	<u>Leven</u>	<u>John Standaloft</u>	<u>Labourer</u>
		<u>Jane Found</u>	<u>28 years</u>	<u>Single</u>	<u>Spinster</u>	<u>Leven</u>	<u>John Barchard</u>	<u>Labourer</u>
Married in the <u>Parish Church</u> according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the <u>Established Church</u> after <u>consent</u> by one This Marriage was solemnized between us, <u>Thomas Standaloft</u> in the Presence of us, <u>Henry Barchard</u> <u>Mary Whittington</u> <u>Jane Found</u> <u>John Barchard</u>								
1853, Marriage solemnized at the Parish Church in the Parish of <u>Leven</u> in the County of <u>York</u>								

The 'Trade Wind' recorded their native place as being Germany. This is incorrect as they came from Yorkshire in England. A daughter was born on 9 March 1853 in Yorkshire England. Anne Elizabeth accompanied her parents on the 'Trade Wind'; she was aged 4 years. Thomas and Jane were both sponsored by Samuel Horton (1795-1867), land owner of 'Somercotes' near Ross.

Thomas died on board the 'Trade Wind' on 21 January 1858, under so called "suspicious circumstances." A Jury was called to investigate his death, although how the jury was chosen was said to be questionable. In evidence provided by several witnesses a number of reasons were given for his demise including death due to common continued fever; mortification of the arm as a result of a fall; and from want. The Immigration Agent, John D Loch, in his report stated:

The interference with the original jury was I submit a very questionable measure as being calculated to cause dissatisfaction and mistrust. On this case the Health Officer and Dr Brock are unable upon the information before them to pronounce any positive opinion further than that the man appeared to have died from mortification.

In medical terms, mortification refers to the death of one part of the body while the rest of the body is alive. This is more technically called gangrene or necrosis.

William STEPHENSON (1812-?)

There was insufficient information provided on the 'Trade Wind' records to identify where William was from. The descriptive list on the 'Trade Wind' recorded he was aged 45 years, single, born about 1812, destination Hobart Town and his occupation was a traveller. It is not known what happened to William after his arrival in Tasmania. As a traveller he may also have been returning to Tasmania. A record of a departure from Tasmania after 1858 could not be found on shipping records. William was not sponsored and therefore not a bounty immigrant.

If a reader knows any information about William it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

John STONE (1838-1904?)

John was aged 19 years, single, literate and a ploughman from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant of Hobart Town and New Wharf. John was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay, to Morrison on the evening of 26 March 1858. Several other boys from Suffolk and Essex were sponsored by Morrison.

It is probable John was the son of James Stone and Sarah nee Orford (Offwood?). In the 1841 England Census, the family were living at Barn Field Cottage, Honington, Thetford, Suffolk. James (38), Susan (33), Sarah (7), Susan (5) and John (2). In the 1851 England Census the family had expanded and were living at Common House, Ixworth Road, Honington, Thetford, Suffolk:

James (41 - 1810), agricultural labourer, born Honington, Suffolk; Susan (42 - 1809), charwoman, born Bardwell, Suffolk; John (12 - 1839), farmer boy, born Honington, Suffolk; Elizabeth (9 - 1842), day scholar; George (4 - 1847); and Henry (1 - 1850).

There were several John Stone's in the public records in Tasmania. Of the three who married none matched the John Stone who was born about 1839. The most likely, a John Stone was a farmer at Mathinna (1890-91 PO Directory). This John Stone died on 22 September 1904 at the Launceston General Hospital, aged 66 years [born about 1838] and buried at the Mathinna General Cemetery.

If a reader knows more about John Stone from the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Elizabeth TAYLOR aka TYLER (1836-1881)

Elizabeth was aged 21 years, single, Church of England faith, could read and was from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was a cook and dairymaid, and was sponsored by John Frederick Sharland, surgeon, of Hamilton.

Elizabeth was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Launceston with James Dennis and family on 7 May 1858. Elizabeth married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', Charles DENNIS (1836-1910), on 12 October 1859 at Longford.

547	1859 Oct 12 th Perth Church	Charles Dennis Elizabeth Tyler	23 23	Servant Servant	Charles Dennis Bachelor Elizabeth the servant Tyler Spouse	Alfred Hackston	1859 Oct 12
Married in the <i>Parish Church</i> according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the <i>United Church of England & Ireland</i> by <i>Dennis</i> by <i>Alfred</i> This Marriage was solemnized between us } <i>Charles Dennis</i> } In the Presence of us } <i>William Dennis</i> } <i>Elizabeth Tyler the servant</i> } } <i>Maria Dennis</i>							

The marriage registration for Elizabeth and Charles recorded her name as Tyler. This was most likely, as according to 'Trade Wind' records, neither Elizabeth nor Charles were able to write and the officiating minister recorded the spelling of her name according to the pronunciation. There was an Elizabeth Tyler who arrived in Tasmania on 18 August 1858, aged 22 years, per the 'Constance' from Gravesend. However, she was not the same person who married Charles Dennis. Many family researchers on *ancestry.com* have recorded Elizabeth's name as being Tyler. On the birth registrations of at least eight of her ten children her name was recorded as Taylor and not Tyler. Two of Elizabeth and Charles' ten children died in infancy. The remaining eight children continued to live in Tasmania all their lives.

It is uncertain of Elizabeth's birth family but it may have been William Taylor and Mary nee Crane. In the 1841 England Census they were living at Green Yard, St Peter, Ipswich, Suffolk and in 1851 at Lower Orwell Street, St Mary Key, Ipswich. William was a warehouse man to porter and spirit merchant and born at Deberham, Suffolk. There was another family in Suffolk recorded in the England Census for Hackston, Suffolk. George and Emma who had a daughter, Elizabeth, aged 6 years.

Elizabeth died on 22 February 1881 at Longford at the age of 44 years. Charles remarried Margaret Buchannan (1844-1934) on 4 November 1894 at Longford. Charles passed away on 7 January 1910 in Perth, Tasmania.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Joseph TAYLOR (1833-1908)

Joseph was aged 24 years, single, a miner from Staffordshire, when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Joseph was sponsored by John Foster (1792-1875), land owner of Hobart Town and New Town.

Joseph was placed on the 'Trade Wind's' articles because of the overcrowding on the ship. This was a way of trying to avoid showing the true number of passengers as permitted by law. John D Loch, Immigration Agent, in his 22 May 1858 report stated:

... the ship had two and half more adults as passengers more than the law allows. This does not take into consideration that two of the Bounty ticket immigrants, Eli Round and Joseph Taylor were placed on the ships articles as part of the crew and one single woman, Jane Young, was placed in the Cabin as a servant.

According to Joseph's death notice in *The Mercury* on Monday 20 January 1908 he was a native of Brierley Hill, Staffordshire.

Joseph, a miner, married Jane YOUNG, who was also believed to have been born at Brierley Hill, on 19 March 1860 at St John's Church in New Town, Tasmania. Jane was on the 'Trade Wind'. Joseph and Jane had ten children, most of whom remained in Tasmania.

As both Joseph and Jane were said by family members to have both originated from Brierley Hill in Staffordshire it is likely they were well known to each other, and perhaps in a relationship, prior to departing on the 'Trade Wind' for Tasmania.

Joseph's sponsor, John Foster, owned the Douglas River Coal Company, south of the Douglas River north of the township of Bicheno. As Joseph was a miner and three of his children were born in the Glamorgan district it is possible Joseph was working for Foster in his mining interests in this area. It is also possible Joseph worked in the coal mines in the New Town area.

Little is known about Jane as she was placed in the cabin as a servant and as such details about her origin is unknown. Her death notice in *The Mercury* on Saturday 14 Feb 1925 recorded she was from Brierley Hill, Staffordshire.

Joseph passed away on 19 January 1908 at his late residence Wellington Street, North Hobart, aged 75 years. Jane died in her 80th year on 13 February 1925 at her late residence, Wellington Street, North Hobart.

Charles TURNER (1855-1926)

Charles was one year of age on the voyage to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' with his family, arriving in 1858. He was born at Hockham, Norfolk about 1856. Charles was named after the first-born child of his parents, Jacob (1815-1890) and Jane nee Hudson (1819-1902) who died at the age of two in Hingham, Norfolk (Charles, 1841-1844).

No.	When married, and where.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Rank.	Signature and Description of Parties.	Name of Clergyman, Officiating Minister, or Deputy Registrar.	When registered.	Signature of Deputy Registrar or Officiating Minister.
259	September 21 st 1891 St. John's Church Launceston	Charles Hudson Turner Charlotte Ellen White	33 25	Immigrant Agent Bromfield	Charles Hudson Turner Charlotte Ellen White	Charles Hudson	September 21 st 1891	Charles Hudson

Married in the presence of Mr Webb, Launceston according to the Rites and Ceremonies of Primitive Methodism by Mr C. Hudson

This Marriage was solemnized between us
Charles Hudson Turner
Charlotte Ellen White

In the presence of
Mr H. L. Webb Charles Hudson
Minister.

Charles Turner married Charlotte Ellen White on 21 September 1891 in the home of Mr Webb, Launceston, according to

the Rites and Ceremonies of the Launceston Primitive Methodist Church. Charles Hudson Turner was aged 33 years, an insurance agent Charlotte was a domestic, aged 25, born about 1866.

In the 1925 Electoral Roll, Charles was residing at the Sanatorium, Cheltenham, Victoria with no occupation. The Cheltenham Sanatorium treated people suffering from tuberculosis (TB) or consumption. Consumption, a bacterial disease, was a major cause of death in the 19th century and earlier. It was a term used to describe a wasting away of the body. Later, the same condition was referred to as tuberculosis or TB. It is an infectious disease caught by others when individuals carrying the disease spit, cough or sneeze without covering their mouth. Generally, it affects the lungs, but can also affect other parts of the body. Consumption was commonly referred to as white death, great white plague, robber of youth, or king's evil.

Charles passed away at the Sanatorium, Victoria, in August 1926, aged 70 years, and was buried at the Cheltenham Cemetery. Charlotte Ellen Turner, late of 26 Black Street, Middle Brighton in Victoria died several years later. A death notice was not found in the press apart from a notice about probate in *The Age* on 18 November 1940, which did not provide a death date.

Ellinor (Elleanor) TURNER (1847-1927)

Elleanor was aged 10 years when migrating to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was born about 1847 in Hockham, Norfolk. Elleanor was sponsored by Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and land owner, of Launceston.

Elleanor married William Huttley (1844-1920) on 16 July 1868 in Launceston, Tasmania. William was the son of William Snr (1813-1894) and Jane nee Downton (1813-1891). William Snr and Jane had migrated from England per 'Boliviar' in 1842.

Elleanor and William had six children. Three children died in infancy and another who was aged 28 years. A daughter, Ivy May (1892-1969), remained in Tasmania and the surviving son, Ernest Albert (1880-1946) moved to Sydney.

Elleanor died at her residence, 297 Brisbane Street, Launceston, on 1 August 1927, aged 80 years. Her husband predeceased her by seven years. He died on 11 December 1920 at Launceston, aged 76 years.

Henry TURNER (1843-1927)

Henry was aged 14 years, a labourer from Norfolk when migrating on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858 with his parents, Jacob (1815-1890) and Jane Turner nee Hudson (1819-1902) and siblings. The 'Trade Wind' destination list recorded his name as "Hanna". Henry was sponsored by Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston.

Henry was baptised on 14 May 1843 in Hingham, Norfolk. It is possible Henry (Henry William) married Sarah Ann Bailey in Queensland on 1 April 1863. Henry died on 15 April 1927 in Queensland. The Queensland death registration records the names of his parents as Jacob Turner and Jane Clarke. It is not uncommon for relatives to give incorrect information about deceased people and presumably Jane may have said she

was the daughter of Benjamin Clarke – and she may well have been – her birth being prior to her mother's marriage to Benjamin Clarke on 5 November 1823 would explain why the name of the father was not given.

Jacob TURNER (1815-1890)

Jacob was aged 37 years when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was accompanied by his wife, Jane nee Hudson (1819-1902) and children: Henry (1843-1927); Eleanor (1847-1927); Christina Sarah (1853-1919); and Charles (1855-1926). Jacob was a ploughman and labourer from Norfolk, England. In the Immigration Agent's report on the 'Trade Wind' Mr Loch recommended Jacob Turner receive the usual gratuities viz. Male Hospital Assistant on 168 males arrived at 6d each totalling £4/4/0. Jacob was sponsored by Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston.

Jacob was baptised on 24 September 1815 at Hockham. His parents were Abraham (1768-1846) and Ann nee Atkins (1781-). Jacob married Jane Hudson in the Parish Church, Hockham, Norfolk on 12 December 1840. One of the witnesses at their marriage was John Abray (aka Abra), later to become Jane's step-father and also a passenger on the 'Trade Wind'. Jacob and Jane had six children; one son (Charles 1841-1844), died at the age of two years and a daughter, Martha (1845-1856) died at the age of ten years.

Prior to embarking on the 'Trade Wind', according to the 1851 England Census, Jane and Jacob and three children were living at Leon Inn, Hockham, Wayland, Norfolk. Jacob was aged 36 years (1815), an engineer, born Norfolk, Jane was aged 31 years (1820), a laundress; Martha (5, 1846), scholar and Eleanor (3, 1848). Their son, Henry (1843-1927) was not with this family on census night.

Jacob died at his residence, 62 Tamar Street, Launceston, on 5 August 1890, aged 75 years. The death notice in the *Examiner* newspaper requested Queensland papers to copy. This may have been as son Henry was believed to be living in Queensland.

Jane TURNER nee HUDSON (1819-1902)

Jane was aged 39 years, a farm servant from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She accompanied her husband, Jacob (1815-1890) and four children: Henry (1843-1927), Eleanor (1847-1927), Christiana (aka Sarah - (1853-1919) and Charles (1856-1926). Two children died before the family departed England: Charles (1841-1844) and Martha (1845-1856). Jane and her husband were sponsored by Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston.

Jane was baptised on 30 May 1819 at Hockham, Norfolk. Her mother, stepfather and half-sister (possibly full sister) and other family members also travelled on the 'Trade Wind'. Her mother was Mary (aka Maria) Abra, formerly Clarke, nee Hudson (1798-1857) who died at sea on 12 November 1858; it was questioned whether the Surgeon

had attended to her appropriately¹⁶. Jane's stepfather was John (aka Abray) Abra (1792-1864); her half-sister was Ann Cutting (aka Quarry) nee Clarke (1824-1911) who travelled with her husband Thomas (1823-1909) and family. Jane's father was not named on her birth/baptism registration, only the name of her mother. Jane's mother married Benjamin Clarke (1794-1825) on 5 November 1823 in Hockham, Norfolk and after his death to John Abra on 4 March 1829.

See further details about Jane under the summary for her husband. Jacob Turner (1850-1890).

Jane died at 62 Tamar Street, Launceston on 2 April 1902, aged 82 years.

Mary TURNER (1836-1917)

Mary was aged 21 years, a Methodist, single and a housemaid when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Mary travelled with her uncle and aunt, Jacob (1815-1890) and Jane (1819-1902) Turner. She was sponsored, as were other Turner relatives, by Henry Howe (1803-1878), auctioneer and landowner, of Launceston.

Mary was born on 12 July 1836 in Hockham, Norfolk. Her parents were George Turner (1801-1872) and Elizabeth nee Cook (1808-?).

Mary married William Bland on 5 May 1860 in Launceston, Tasmania. They had three children: Walter (1861-1953), William (1863-1930) in Tasmania with another son Norman being born in Kent, England (1865-1902).

According to the 1871 England Census the family were residing at 1 Stoneyard Place, Lee, Kent:

William Bland, 36, Head, carpenter, born Mitcham, Surrey

Mary Bland, 33, wife, carpenter's wife, born Hockham, Norfolk

Walter, 10, son, 10, scholar, born Launceston, Tasmania

William, 8, son, scholar, born Launceston, Tasmania

Norman, 6, son, scholar, born, Lee, Kent

Elizabeth Turner, 23, Visitor, wife's sister, unmarried, housemaid, domestic servant, born Hockham, Norfolk

129	1, Stoneyard Place	1	William Bland	Head	Married	36	Carpenter	Surrey	Mitcham
			Mary	Wife	Married	33	Carpenter's Wife	Norfolk	Hockham
			Walter	son		10	Scholar	Tasmania	Launceston
			William	son		8	Scholar	do	do
			Norman	son		6	Scholar	Kent	Lee
			Elizabeth Turner	Visitor	Unmarried	23	Housemaid Domestic Servant	Norfolk	Hockham

As the youngest son, Norman, was born in Kent on 1 July 1865 the family had travelled to England before this time. They did not appear in the 1861 England Census.

The Bland family returned to Australia, arriving Port Phillip, Melbourne, on 27 January 1872 per 'Agamemnon'. They departed Sidon on 6 November 1871 and were at sea for 140 days.

¹⁶ See notes for Mary Abra for further details about her death.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Mary Ann UPCROFT nee CANN (1808-1872)

Bradford Brown of the Parish of *Little Ellingham* in the County of *Norfolk* and Mary Ann of the Parish of *Green Ponds* were married in this *Church* by *License* with Consent of this *Twenty-first* Day of *October* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and *Twenty-one*. By me *Samuel Collyer*. This Marriage was solemnized between us *Bradford Brown* and *Mary Ann* in the Presence of *Richd. Turley* and *John Brunton*. No. 14.

Mary Ann was aged 42 years, illiterate, a straw bonnet maker from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by her daughter, Mary Ann Langston (1831-1902) nee Brown(e), farmer, of Green Ponds.

Mary Ann Upcroft was the daughter of John Cann (1772-1853) and Amelia Mildred nee Bales (1771-1853). Mary Ann firstly married Bradford Brown(e) on 21 October 1821 at Little Ellingham, Norfolk. They had two daughters: Harriet (1832-1920) and Mary Ann (1831-1902).

Mary Ann remarried James Upcroft at Attleborough, Norfolk on 13 March 1854. It is not known what happened to either husband but when Mary Ann married James Upcroft it was recorded she was a widow. The marriage registration to James Upcroft also recorded her father's name as John Norman and not John Cann. Mary stated she was single on the 'Trade Wind' records.

1854. Marriage solemnized at the Church in the Parish of *Attleborough* in the County of *Norfolk*

No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
226	<i>March 13th</i>	<i>James Upcroft</i>	<i>Full age</i>	<i>Widower</i>	<i>Labourer</i>	<i>Attleborough</i>	<i>George Upston</i>	<i>Labourer</i>
		<i>Mary Ann Brown</i>	<i>Full age</i>	<i>Widow</i>		<i>Attleborough</i>	<i>John Norman</i>	<i>Labourer</i>

Married in the *Parish Church* according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the *Established Church* after banns by me, *Alfred J. ...*

This Marriage was solemnized between us, *James Upcroft* and *Mary Ann Brown* in the Presence of us, *Benjamin ...* and *Mary Ann ...*

Mary Ann's daughter, Harriet Brown(e) (1832-1920), also migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. She was aged 26 years, single, literate, a dressmaker from Norfolk. She was sponsored too by her sister Mary Ann Langston. [See entry for Harriet Browne for further information.]

Sponsor, Mary Ann Brown(e) married William Arthur Langston (1819-1910) at St George's Church, Hobart, on 7 February 1853. William was a farmer, aged 33 years and Mary Ann Brown was aged 22 years, a spinster.

Mary Ann Upcroft and her two daughters, along with their families, moved from Tasmania to Victoria. Mary died in Melbourne on 7 December 1872 and was buried at Melbourne General Cemetery, Carlton. She was aged about 64 years.

Thomas WADELY (1830-1893)

Thomas was aged between 28 and 30 years, single, able to read, a collier from Staffordshire when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He declared on ship's records he was a 'dissenter'. Thomas was discharged from the Quarantine

Station at Impression Bay to New Town on his own account during the evening of 30 March 1858.

Thomas was the son of John (1786-1851) and Lucy nee Price (1799-1863) Wadely. In the 1841 English Census the John Wadeley family were living at Brierly Hill, Staffordshire. In 1841 his siblings were: Elizabeth (1826), John, (1826), Benjamin (1827), James (7), Ann (10) and Sarah (1832).

Thomas married another 'Trade Wind' migrant, Elizabeth RUFFELS (1834-1919). Elizabeth was from Bardwell in Suffolk. They married at Holy Trinity Church, Hobart on 10 December 1860 and had at least ten children, all born in Hobart. [See Elizabeth Ruffels for further details.]

Thomas was sponsored by James Wilson Agnew, physician, of Hobart Town. According to a news item in *The Mercury* on Wednesday 17 August 1864 (p2) Thomas gave evidence at a court case concerning a dispute about boundaries between *Harris v Noble*. The parties were owners of adjoining coal mines at New Town. Thomas, in his evidence, stated he was a putter in the employ of Samuel Harris from July 1863 and it was his duty to remove the coal from where it is gotten to the pit mouth. As a result of the mine being filled with water he was consequently out of work.

Thomas died at New Town on 15 May 1893, aged 68 years. After his death, his wife Elizabeth, moved to New South Wales to be closer to many of her children who had relocated there. She died on 6 March 1919 at Coogee, aged 84 years. At least one son remained in Tasmania: Arthur Edward Wadeley (1870-1938). It is possible another also remained in Tasmania: George Andrew Wadeley (1863-) who was in the 1916 Electoral Roll living at Main Road, Moonah and occupied as a groom. A death notice nor cemetery record was found for him.

Alice WALSCH aka WALSH (1822-1883)

Alice was aged 35 years, a spinster, from Ireland and a laundress when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. She was sponsored by Thomas Walsh, a farm labourer, who was most likely her father.

An Alice Walsh was baptised on 9 May 1822 at St Michael and John's in Dublin City in Ireland (Catholic Parish Register). Her parents were Thomas Walsh and Bridget nee Parr. Thomas and Bridget were married on 4 February 1810 at Cashel and Emlyn Diocese, Tipperary, Ireland (Ireland RC Parish Marriages). Thomas may have been a convict. A Thomas Walsh, a baker, born about 1803 was convicted in Dublin in 1823 for horse stealing and transported for Life per 'Morley'. There were several others by the name of Thomas Walsh from Ireland who were transported. If her father was the convict Thomas Walsh then she would only have been aged about one when her father was transported.

It is possible Alice died in Launceston on 27 April 1883, aged 62 years. She was a shopkeeper and the cause of her death was inflammation of the lungs. The death

notice in the *Launceston Examiner* on Saturday 28 April 1883 notified Miss Alice Walsh died at her residence, George Street, aged 62 years. This age would match the 'Trade Wind' Alice Walsh.

Benjamin WARRINGTON (1820-1874?)

Benjamin was aged 37 years, recorded as being single, illiterate, born Shropshire and a collier when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Thomas Young (1793-1866), solicitor, of Hobart Town and discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay to TG Gregson of Risdon on 27 March 1858.

Benjamin Warrington was a signatory on a letter to John D Loch, Esq., Immigration Agent, Hobart Town sent from on board the 'Trade Wind'¹⁷:

Sir, We, the undersigned memorialists who, through the medium of the Rev. Benjamin Drake, are Bounty Ticket Passengers on board this ship, beg to ask your advice relative to the conditions upon which these tickets are granted by the Colonial Government, in consequence of the varied statements put forth by that gentleman as to the extent of our obligations.

Our honest intentions having been called in question, because many of us have refused to sign certain contract papers (beside the Bounty Ticket) which we never before heard of until thousands of miles from England, it is our earnest wish to convey to the Government our honourable intention to fulfil the engagement required by it.

Information having been conveyed, both by printed circular and by letter, from the Rev. Benjamin Drake, that he would grant fare passages to persons of our class, we are at a loss to understand how such an offer can render us personally liable to anyone except the Government, as set forth in the Bounty Ticket.

Signed by 83 passengers

Response from John D Loch, Immigration Agent, Immigration Office, Hobart Town, dated March 15, 1858 to Mr Benjamin Warrington, Mr Joseph Roberts, and other passengers of the Trade Wind, Impression Bay:

The Immigration Agent begs to acknowledge the receipt of a paper signed "Benjamin Warrington" – "Joseph Roberts," and other passengers by the Trade Wind, requesting advice as to the extent of their obligations.

The Immigration Agent will very willingly give any advice in his power as soon as he has an opportunity of communicating personally with the parties concerned and obtaining full information on the subject.

He trusts that the time is not far distant and greatly regrets the circumstances in which the passengers by this ship is placed.

A further response was not found in the public records.

¹⁷ Printed in *The Tasmanian Daily News*, Thu 25 Mar 1858, p2.

It is probable Benjamin was baptised on 7 February 1819, Caynha, Shropshire. His parents were Benjamin and Sarah. Benjamin Snr was also a collier.

Public or newspaper records were not found in Tasmania apart from his arrival on the 'Trade Wind'.

A Benjamin Warrington died 12 August 1874 (born about 1818) in Newcastle City, New South Wales (NSW) and buried at Old Wallsend Cemetery, Newcastle. His wife was Susan. An inquest in Newcastle found he died from natural causes. A report of the inquest in the *Newcastle Chronicle* on Tuesday 18 August 1874 found he died of alcoholic poisoning.

The *Newcastle Morning Herald*, 14 June 1902, reporting on the inscriptions in the Old Wallsend Cemetery: "Another of the old miners lie nearby, and upon the tablet we read – Sacred to the memory of Benjamin Warrington, who died 12 August 1874, aged 56 years. Also Mary Ann, daughter of the above, died 10 May 1870, aged 21 years and Susan wife of Benjamin Warrington, died 2 September 1879, aged 59 years.

The *NSW Government Gazette*, Tue 20 Dec 1887, p 8462.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

In the lands, goods, chattels, credits, and effects of Benjamin Warrington, late of Wallsend, in the Colony of New South Wales, miner, deceased, intestate.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof in the NSW Government Gazette, application will be made to the Supreme Court of NSW, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that letters of administration of all and singular the goods, chattels, credits, and effects of the abovenamed deceased, may be granted to Mary Ann Clack, the wife of Pharoah Clack, of Newcastle, in the Colony aforesaid, labourer, the eldest grandchild and next of kin of the said deceased. Dated this 20th day of December, AD 1187. James Dar, Proctor for Administratrix, Newcastle.

In a later notice in the *Newcastle Morning Herald and Miners' Advocate*, Sat 13 Mar 1880, p1.

In the Supreme Court of NSW. Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction. In the Goods, Chattels, Credits and Effects of Benjamin Warrington, late of Wallsend, in the Colony of NSW, miner, deceased intestate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that after the expiration of Fourteen Days from the publication of this notice in the Government Gazette, application will be made to the Supreme Court of NSW, in its ecclesiastical jurisdiction, that Letters of Administration, duranle minore Estate of the Goods, Credits, and Effects of the above-named deceased may be granted to James Ashton of Waratah, miner, the father of the grandchildren of the said Benjamin Warrington, deceased. Dated this 12th day of March AD 1880.

A record on *ancestry.com* records Benjamin as being born at Brierley Hill, Staffordshire. He paid a deposit in the colony [NSW] to sponsor his wife Sarah Warrington, Samuel Thompson, Eliza Warrington and Mary Ann Warrington to come to Australia.

A Benjamin Warrington, born about 1820, died in March 1866 at Huddersfield, Yorkshire West Riding, England. It is possible Benjamin returned to England.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' Benjamin Warrington it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William WATKINSON (1826-1896)

William was single, could not read nor write, a labourer from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. William was shown as aged 16 years (born about 1842) on the 'Trade Wind's' descriptive list, however, on the destination list it records his age as being 27 (about 1831). The latter is closer, although he would have been about 32 years of age.

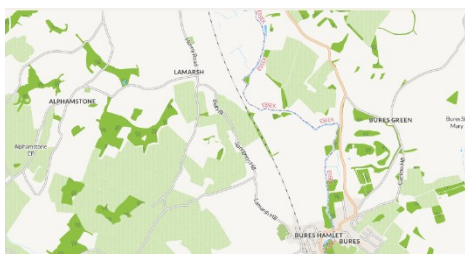
William was born on 25 March 1826 in Glemsford, Suffolk, England. His parents were William (1794-1840) and Charlotte nee Hills (1794-1836). After his parents' death William and his siblings lived with his Uncle and Aunt, Peter and Hannah Daniels at Glemsford in Suffolk.

William was sponsored by George Watson, merchant, of Hobart Town. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station, Impression Bay during the evening of 15 April 1858 to Mr Crear of Clyne Vale.

William married another passenger from the 'Trade Wind', Sarah Ann BOND (1840-1934). They married at Clynevale House on 11 February 1859. William would have been aged about 33 years and Sarah aged about 19 years. They had at least eight children, most of whom moved to New South Wales (NSW). William and Sarah also moved to NSW where William and at least two of his sons were wood and coal merchants.

William died at the age of 76 years at his residence 73 Wyndham Street, Alexandria, NSW, on 1 September 1896. According to his age recorded at death William would have been inaccurately shown as being born in 1820. Sarah died 38 years later, on 17 October 1934, aged 94 years, at Lindfield, NSW. Both were buried at Rookwood Cemetery in Sydney. [See notes for Sarah Anne Bond]

Charles (1830-?) and William WEAVERS (1834-1906)



Charles and William Weavers were both sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf. They were discharged to him during the evening of 26 March 1858. It is probable Charles and William were brothers, the sons of Robert Weavers (1802-1887) and Mary Ann nee Butcher (1805-1885) of Alphenhamstone, Essex.

Askin Morrison sponsored a number of farm labourers, grooms and a brick maker from the same districts in England located on the border of Essex and Suffolk:

George Podd, Essex, 24, ploughman
 John Pilgrim, farm labourer, Essex, 19
 Robert Harrington, Essex, farm labourer, 19
 George Carver, 22, Suffolk, ploughman and groom
 John Stone, 19, Suffolk, ploughman
 William Cawley, 21, Suffolk, brick layer
 Alfred Abrames, 18, Essex, farm labourer
 Charles Weavers, 24, Essex, groom and labourer
 William Weavers, 23, Essex, farm labourer and brick labourer
 William Peck, 18, Essex, groom and farm labourer.

Askin Morrison owned a number of farming properties as well as warehouses in Battery Point.

Charles WEAVERS (1830-?)

Charles was aged 24 years, single, literate, a groom and labourer from Essex when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf. He was accompanied on the 'Trade Wind' by his brother, William (1834-1906).



Charles was baptised on 8 December 1830 at St Barnabas Church, Althamstone. His parents were Robert Weavers (1803-1887) and Mary nee Butcher (1806-1885). [Picture of St Barnabas Church, Althamstone, located on Lamarsh Road].

In the 1841 England Census Charles was residing with his family at Hill Farm, Althamstone. Residing nearby at Burnt House farm, were Thomas Pilgrim (30), agricultural labourer, Mary Pilgrim (nee Harrington) (25), agricultural labourer, John (2) and not known 2 weeks [William]. John Pilgrim also migrated on the 'Trade Wind' to Tasmania in 1858 and was sponsored by Askin Morrison.

The 1851 England Census - Cooks Cottages, Althamstone, Essex - the family were recorded as follows:

- Robert Wevers, 48, 1803, Agricultural Labourer, born Althamstone, Essex
- Mary, 45, 1806, born Belchamp Walter, Essex
- Charles Wevers, 20, 1831, Agricultural labourer, born Althamstone, Essex
- James Wevers, 18, 1833, Agricultural labourer, born Althamstone, Essex
- William Wevers, 16, 1835, Agricultural labourer, born Althamstone, Essex
- John Wevers, 14, 1837, Agricultural labourer, born Althamstone, Essex

Since arriving in Tasmania little can be found about Charles on the public records. *The Mercury* on Saturday 9 May 1908 (p7) reported on the Police Courts in Hobart where a Charles Weavers was charged on 24 April using bad language on the Hobart railway station platform. Weavers was found asleep on a platform seat and on being aroused

used disgusting language in the presence of a large number of intending passengers. He was fined £1 and 9/6 costs. Alternative was 14 days' imprisonment. It is probable this is not the same Charles Weavers who arrived on the 'Trade Wind'.

There were several Charles Weavers in New Zealand. According to *ancestry.com* (Judith Hyland), Charles, who was born in 1833 at Alphamstone, Essex, died on 14 February 1916 at Dunedin. His parents were Charles Weavers (1809-1856) and Elizabeth nee Butcher (1816-1849). This Charles arrived in Dunedin on 4 October 1858, per 'Lord Worsley' from London.

William WEAVERS (1834-1906)

William was aged 23 years, single, could read, a farm labourer from Essex when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He, along with his brother Charles, were sponsored by Askin Morrison (1800-1876), merchant, of Hobart Town and New Wharf.

William was baptised on 2 March 1834 at St Barnabas, Alphamstone. His parents were Robert (1802-1887) and Mary Ann nee Butcher (1805-1885).

William married Elizabeth Cook (1838-1882) at Kensington Chapel, O'Brien's Bridge (Glenorchy) on 17 November 1860. Elizabeth arrived at Hobart on 2 December 1856 having departed Liverpool on 10 September 1856 per 'Sir W F Williams'. She was aged 19 years, full face, short figure, Church of England faith, literate, dark hair and eyes, well looking. Her origin was Hounslow, England. Elizabeth was sponsored by Thomas W Cook, who was also one of the witnesses at their wedding.

William and Elizabeth had six children, the first-born child, Harriet Ella, died in infancy. Four of the remaining children lived in Hobart: Joseph (1864-1943), John Robert (1866-1944), Henrietta Elizabeth (1867-1948) married Alfred Edward Woodward, and Sarah Mahala (1869-1947). It is not known what happened to the second born child, Thomas William (1862). He may have died on 12 February 1931 in New South Wales where he was a farmer at Conowindra.

William died at his son's residence, Stanley Street, Sandy Bay, aged 70 years, on 8 October 1906. He was buried at the Queenborough Cemetery. Members of the various lodges were requested to attend his funeral. William belonged to the Southern Star Lodge. His wife, Elizabeth, predeceased him by 24 years. She died on Xmas Day 1882, in Hobart, aged 44 years.

David WHITTAKER (1825-1896)

David was aged 33 years, a Baptist, literate, a brickmaker from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

David was baptised on 25 January 1825 at Coney Weston in Suffolk. His parents were Briggs Whitaker (1783-1861) and Elizabeth nee Smith (1781-1857).

David was shown as being single on the 'Trade Wind' records although he was a widower. His wife, Ellen nee Wright (1827-1853) died at the age of 26 years. David travelled on the same ticket with his son, William, who was eight years of age.

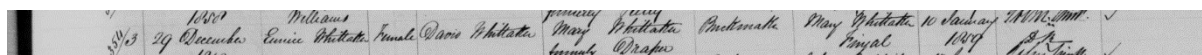
David was sponsored by John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad. David was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 11 April 1858 to John Hayes.



David remarried Mary DRAPER who also migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. Mary was from Riddlesworth which is only about 3½ miles away from Coney Weston. It is likely they

knew each other before embarking on the journey to Tasmania. David and Mary married at St David's Cathedral in Hobart while they were still in the Quarantine Station on 9 April 1858. Mary was sponsored by James Grant (1786-1870), landowner, of Fingal and she was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Grant per morning coach on 12 April 1858 – a day after her new husband was discharged.

It has not been possible to find from public records how the newly married couple met up after going separate ways initially – or possibly there was an error on the discharge documentation. Their first born child, Eunice, was born on 29 December 1858 in Fingal.



David and Mary resided in different locations in the Fingal Valley with six children being born in Fingal, Cullenswood, St Marys and Four Mile Creek between 1858 and 1865. The second born child, a male, lived for three days. David and Mary and their five living children remained in Tasmania. Mary had travelled also with her daughter, Mary Ann (1847-1948) from a previous relationship. She was aged ten and was on the same ticket as her mother. [See Mary and Mary Ann Draper entry for further details.]

In 1870 David, Mary and family were living at Diana's Basin near St Helen's on the East Coast. David was in the employ of Francis Groom, Esq. of Cullenswood as a stock keeper. A news report in the *Launceston Examiner* on Saturday 22 January 1870 (p2) told the story of their son, Walter, who had been lost in the bush for two days and nights, exposed to heavy rains. After an extensive search he was found safe and well.

David died on 24 September 1896 at St Helens, aged 72 years. Mary passed away on 19 November 1922, aged 88 years, also at St Helens.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William WHITTAKER (1849-1930)

William was eight years of age and literate when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was discharged, now aged nine years, with his father, David, on 11

April 1858 from the Quarantine Station to John Hayes (1805-1884), farmer, of Bagdad. William's mother was Ellen nee Wright (1827-1853) who had passed away five years before his departure for Tasmania. William was born between April and June 1849 at Hopton, Suffolk.

William married his stepsister, Mary Ann DRAPER (1847-1948) the daughter of Mary Draper (1823-1911) who had married his father in April 1858. His mother-in-law was also his stepmother. William and Mary Ann's marriage took place on 3 August 1877 at George's Bay in the home of Mr William Rosier. They had at least one child, David William Whittaker (1879-1956).

William was a farmer at Pyengana, near St Helens. He passed away at Pyengana on 19 August 1930 at the age of 81 years. Mary-Ann died, eighteen years later, at St Helen's on 4 August 1948, aged 95 years.

Aaron WILBY (1829-1905)

Aaron was aged 28 years, single, could read and a ploughman from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was sponsored by William Tarleton (1820-1895), police magistrate, of Hobart Town and New Norfolk. Aaron was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay on 4 April 1858 to him.

It is likely Aaron was the son of David and Elizabeth nee Good. Aaron was baptised on 5 August 1827 in Burgate, Suffolk. In the 1841 England Census – Drove Way, Burgate, Hartismere, Suffolk, Aaron was in his parent's home - David and Elizabeth. He was aged 13 years, born about 1828. In 1851 he was aged 23 years, a farm labourer, at May Days Farm, Brandon, Suffolk.

Aaron may have travelled with a cousin, David Good, on the 'Trade Wind'. David was born about 1839 in Stanton, Suffolk.

Further records could not be found for Aaron in Tasmania. It is possible Aaron moved to New Zealand (NZ). The 1896 NZ Electoral Roll records Aaron Wilby as an inmate at the Jubilee Home Woolston. Aaron died in NZ in 1905, aged 72 years. He was born about 1833.

If a reader has any information about Aaron from the 'Trade Wind' it would be appreciated if they contacted bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Elizah (Elijah) WILKERSON (1836-1879)

Elizah, according to 'Trade Wind' records' was aged 21 years [born about 1836], single, a Methodist, literate and a ploughman from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania in 1858. He was sponsored by John Amos (1806-1880), farmer, of 'Glen Herriot', Swan Port and discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to him on 11 April 1858.

In the 1841 England Census Elizah Wilkerson, born about 1836, was five years of age, born at Swannington, Norfolk. He was christened on 28 May 1836 at Swannington to

George Wilkinson and Anne. His father, George Wilkerson, was aged 30 years, an agricultural labourer. It is probable his mother was Mary Ann who died between July and September 1840, at St Faiths, Norfolk. His father, George, a widower, remarried in 1842 to Hannah Eagle, a spinster of St Faiths, Norfolk. She was born in Little Witchingham.

In the 1851 England Census for Little Witchingham, St Faiths, Norfolk: George, 42 years (1809), agricultural labourer, Hannah (36 - 1815); Elijah (14 - 1837), agricultural labourer; James (5 - 1846), scholar, Norfolk and John Eagle, father-in-law, widower (78 - 1773), agricultural labourer.

Elijah was not in the 1861 England Census. No doubt this was because he had migrated to Tasmania. However, he reappeared in the 1871 Census for Little Witchingham. At the Hospital Farm, Elijah, 34 years, agricultural labourer, born Swannington plus Julia his wife, 29 years, born Boston, Norfolk and two children William, 4 years and Earnest, 2 years both born at Little Witchingham were living next door to his father, George, aged 63 years and stepmother, Hannah aged 56 years plus a half-sister, Georgiana, 14 years.

Elijah, a bachelor married Julia Groom, a spinster, on 19 October 1866 at St Faith's, Little Witchingham, Norfolk. Julia was the daughter of John and Mary Groom and born at Booton, Norfolk.

Elijah, aged 42 years, died June 1879 at St Faith's, Norfolk, England.

Mary Ann WILLEY (1840-1906)

Mary Ann was aged 18 years, single and a housemaid from Norfolk when listed as a passenger on the 'Trade Wind'. She was sponsored by Samuel Horton (1796-1867), landowner of Ross. It is uncertain whether Mary Ann sailed on the 'Trade Wind' as there is no record of her being in the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay. In addition, a Mary Ann Willey, aged 18 years, supposedly arrived in Hobart on 18 August 1858 per 'Constance'. She too was sponsored by Samuel Horton. It is possible Mary Ann did not go ahead with the 'Trade Wind' voyage but instead migrated to Tasmania on the 'Constance'. Another possibility is that the descriptive list of immigrants incorrectly recorded Mary Ann as being on the 'Constance' and she should have been included on the 'Trade Wind' passenger list.

DESCRIPTIVE LIST OF IMMIGRANTS by the showing also BIRTHS and DEATHS during the Voyage.														
Sailed—														
No.	No.	NAME	SEX	AGE	BIRTH	DEATH	REMARKS	RELIGION	EDUCATION	OCCUPATION	MARRIAGE	CHILDREN	BIRTHS	DEATHS
1	173	William, Esq.	M	41										
2	174	John, Esq.	M	41										
3	175	John, Esq.	M	41										
4	176	John, Esq.	M	41										
5	177	John, Esq.	M	41										
6	178	John, Esq.	M	41										
7	179	John, Esq.	M	41										
8	180	John, Esq.	M	41										
9	181	John, Esq.	M	41										
10	182	John, Esq.	M	41										
11	183	John, Esq.	M	41										
12	184	John, Esq.	M	41										
13	185	John, Esq.	M	41										
14	186	John, Esq.	M	41										
15	187	John, Esq.	M	41										
16	188	John, Esq.	M	41										
17	189	John, Esq.	M	41										
18	190	John, Esq.	M	41										
19	191	John, Esq.	M	41										
20	192	John, Esq.	M	41										
21	193	John, Esq.	M	41										
22	194	John, Esq.	M	41										
23	195	John, Esq.	M	41										
24	196	John, Esq.	M	41										
25	197	John, Esq.	M	41										
26	198	John, Esq.	M	41										
27	199	John, Esq.	M	41										
28	200	John, Esq.	M	41										
29	201	John, Esq.	M	41										
30	202	John, Esq.	M	41										
31	203	John, Esq.	M	41										
32	204	John, Esq.	M	41										
33	205	John, Esq.	M	41										
34	206	John, Esq.	M	41										
35	207	John, Esq.	M	41										
36	208	John, Esq.	M	41										
37	209	John, Esq.	M	41										
38	210	John, Esq.	M	41										
39	211	John, Esq.	M	41										
40	212	John, Esq.	M	41										
41	213	John, Esq.	M	41										
42	214	John, Esq.	M	41										
43	215	John, Esq.	M	41										
44	216	John, Esq.	M	41										
45	217	John, Esq.	M	41										
46	218	John, Esq.	M	41										
47	219	John, Esq.	M	41										
48	220	John, Esq.	M	41										
49	221	John, Esq.	M	41										
50	222	John, Esq.	M	41										
51	223	John, Esq.	M	41										
52	224	John, Esq.	M	41										
53	225	John, Esq.	M	41										
54	226	John, Esq.	M	41										
55	227	John, Esq.	M	41										
56	228	John, Esq.	M	41										
57	229	John, Esq.	M	41										
58	230	John, Esq.	M	41										
59	231	John, Esq.	M	41										
60	232	John, Esq.	M	41										
61	233	John, Esq.	M	41										
62	234	John, Esq.	M	41										
63	235	John, Esq.	M	41										
64	236	John, Esq.	M	41										
65	237	John, Esq.	M	41										
66	238	John, Esq.	M	41										
67	239	John, Esq.	M	41										
68	240	John, Esq.	M	41										
69	241	John, Esq.	M	41										
70	242	John, Esq.	M	41										
71	243	John, Esq.	M	41										
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73	245	John, Esq.	M	41										
74	246	John, Esq.	M	41										
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76	248	John, Esq.	M	41										
77	249	John, Esq.	M	41										
78	250	John, Esq.	M	41										
79	251	John, Esq.	M	41										
80	252	John, Esq.	M	41										
81	253	John, Esq.	M	41										
82	254	John, Esq.	M	41										
83	255	John, Esq.	M	41										
84	256	John, Esq.	M	41										
85	257	John, Esq.	M	41										
86	258	John, Esq.	M	41										
87	259	John, Esq.	M	41										
88	260	John, Esq.	M	41										
89	261	John, Esq.	M	41										
90	262	John, Esq.	M	41										
91	263	John, Esq.	M	41										
92	264	John, Esq.	M	41										
93	265	John, Esq.	M	41										
94	266	John, Esq.	M	41										
95	267	John, Esq.	M	41										
96	268	John, Esq.	M	41										
97	269	John, Esq.	M	41										
98	270	John, Esq.	M	41										
99	271	John, Esq.	M	41										
100	272	John, Esq.	M	41										

A Mary Ann Willey, aged 20 years, servant, married on 9 July 1860 at the residence of Samuel Horton, Esq., Somercotes to Thomas Lowe, 20 years, servant, bachelor. This would match Mary Ann as she was sponsored by Samuel Horton and was working for him in the capacity as a housemaid. Thomas Davy Lowe was born on 4 September 1839 at Glandford Brigg, Lincolnshire. His parents were John (1809-1864) and Sarah nee Crawford (1816-1881). His parents, a sister Sarah (18) and himself were immigrants arriving under the Indenture System. His father was a carpenter and joiner and sponsored by Samuel Horton. They arrived in Hobart on the 'Wanderer' on 19 February 1855.



A researcher on *ancestry.com* (lintucker05) has Mary Ann being born on 5 January 1841 in Tetney, Grimsby, Lincolnshire with parents being named as Samuel Willey (1799-1879) and Alice nee Riggall (1809-1879). They were both from North Somercotes in Lincolnshire. Samuel Horton was also from North Somercotes.

Mary Ann and Thomas relocated to New Zealand (NZ) by 1861 where the first of their eleven children were born. Ten of the children remained in NZ with one settling in Australia. One daughter drowned at the age of two years.

Mary Ann died on 10 October 1906 at Riccarton, Christchurch, NZ, aged 65 years. Her husband, Thomas, died on 24 July 1918 at Hawarden, Hurunui, Canterbury, NZ, aged 78 years.

Picture of Mary Ann copied from *ancestry.com* (lintucker05).

Charles WILLIAMS (1849-1940)



Charles was eight years of age when migrating with his family to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was baptised on 18 July 1852 in Eccles, Norfolk.

Charles married Susanna Lane on 21 April 1886 in the Methodist Church, Longford. Robert was aged 36 years and Susannah, aged 30 years. Susannah was the daughter of Robert (1826-1904) and Susannah nee Blackwood (1825-1908). The Lane family migrated from Norfolk to Tasmania on the 'Schomberg' to Melbourne and thence to Launceston per 'Maid of the Yarra' arriving on 31 December 1855.

Susannah died on 30 December 1886, eight months after her marriage to Charles. The cause of death was inflammation of lungs. Charles did not remarry and there were no children. Charles remained in Longford and worked as a gardener, probably with William Archer or maybe with his father-in-law who was a market gardener. Charles died on 12 November 1940 at Longford, aged 91 years.

Daniel WILLIAMS (1818-1909) and Susan WILLIAMS nee CROOKE (1817-1895)

Daniel was aged 39 years, literate, a shepherd and labourer from Norfolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. His wife, Susan, accompanied him and their four children. Susan was aged 40 years and a laundress. They were sponsored by William Archer (1788-1879), landowner, of 'Brickenden', Longford. Daniel and family were discharged from the Quarantine Station in Impression Bay on the night coach to Launceston on 23 March 1858.

A handwritten passenger list for the ship 'Trade Wind'. The list is organized into columns with headings: 'Name', 'Age', 'Sex', 'Profession', 'Religion', 'Married', 'Single', 'Widow', 'Orphan', 'Sponsor', 'Remarks'. The entries are as follows:

Name	Age	Sex	Profession	Religion	Married	Single	Widow	Orphan	Sponsor	Remarks
William Daniel	39	M	Shepherd	Methodist					W. Archer	
Susan	40	F	Laundress	Methodist					W. Archer	
Isaac	6	M	Scholar	Methodist					W. Archer	
William	4	M	Scholar	Methodist					W. Archer	
Charles	1	M	Scholar	Methodist					W. Archer	
Eliza	6	F	Scholar	Methodist					W. Archer	
Walter	2	M	Scholar	Methodist					W. Archer	

Daniel was born on 12 November 1818 in Eccles, Norfolk. His parents were William (1780-1828) and Sarah nee Jolly (1783-1860). Susan was baptised on 17 May 1818 in Eccles. Her parents were Jonas Croke (1780-1862) and Mary nee Billing (1783-1860).

Daniel and Susan were married on 26 April 1844 in Eccles, Norfolk. They had five children: Isaac (1845-1853), William (1847-1897), Charles (1849-1940), Eliza (1851-1940) and Walter (1855-1943).

In the 1851 England Census for Town Green, Little Ellingham, Norfolk the family comprised of the following:

Daniel Williams (33), shepherd, born Eccles; Susanna (33), born Eccles; Isaac (6), scholar, born Eccles; William (4), born Eccles; and Charles (1), born Little Ellingham.

The first born, Isaac, died at eight years of age in 1853 in Little Ellingham.

Susan died on 5 February 1895, aged 77 years, in Longford, Tasmania. Daniel died on 12 September 1909 at Longford at 90 years of age. They were buried at the Methodist Cemetery, Longford.

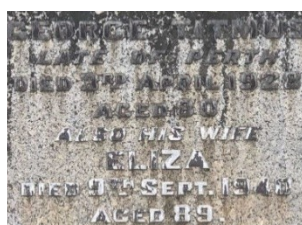
Daniel and Susan were close friends of Stephen Saunders (1818-1895) and his wife Mary Ann nee Hunt (1819-1890) who also migrated on the 'Trade Wind'. Both died at Daniel Williams' residence at Longford. Stephen and Mary also came from Eccles in Norfolk.

Eliza Williams (1851-1940)

Eliza was six years of age and was able to read when migrating to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

She married George Titmus (1847-1928) on 23 November 1871 at Longford. George was the son of George (1814-1886) and Elizabeth nee Cox (1828-1923). George Jnr was born on 24 September 1847 in Perth, Tasmania.

George's maternal Great-Grandfather had an interesting background in regard to early Tasmanian history. John Cox (1765-1848) enlisted in the 73rd Regiment on 24 May 1791 in England and migrated to Australia on the 'Indiaman Pitt' departing Yarmouth Roads, England, on 17 July 1791 arriving in Sydney Cove on 14 February 1792. He was transferred to Norfolk Island in 1801 and was recalled to Sydney from Norfolk Island and discharged from the military in 1810. His recall may have been because he had established a defacto relationship with a convict, Ann Brooks (1773-1837), who sailed on the same ship as himself to Sydney and then to Norfolk Island. Ann Brooks was convicted on 19 March 1791 in Warwick Court, England and sentenced to seven years gaol. Her mother was also convicted and sentenced to 14 years. They both departed Yarmouth Roads, England on 17 July 1791. After John's discharge he returned to Norfolk Island as a labourer and later became a Police Constable. John and Ann were married in 1819 on Norfolk Island. After the closure of Norfolk Island the family departed on the 'Lady Nelson' on 20 January 1813 arriving Port Dalrymple on 1 March 1813. Their children travelling with them from Norfolk Island were Ann, Charles, George, Joseph, Mary, Samuel and Susannah. John was granted 80 acres at Norfolk Plains in 1813. Elizabeth's father, Joseph Cox (1802-1874) was born on Norfolk Island. George Titmus and Eliza nee Cox had four children: Arthur John (1872-1928), Amy (1874-1944), Walter Ronald (1875-1945) and Frank Herbert (1881-1960). The eldest child, Arthur, moved to Victoria. George and Eliza lived at Perth, Tasmania and 41 Lamont Street, Invermay.



Eliza died on 9 September 1940 at St Jude's Private Hospital, Longford, aged 89 years. George died on 3 April 1928, aged 80 years, at Lamont Street, Launceston. George's Will described him as a 'Gentleman'; he signed with his mark. A person described as a 'Gentleman' was usually somebody who was living on their own means without any support from

Government assistance.

Walter WILLIAMS (1855-1943)

Walter was born on 15 March 1855 at Little Durham, Norfolk and baptised on 24 May 1855 at Swaffham, Norfolk. He was two years of age when migrating to Tasmania with his family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Walter married Emily Jane Ayers (1858-1937) on 22 April 1880 at Longford. She was the daughter of George (1829-1893) and Keziah nee Bye (1837-1922). George and Keziah (Kessie) migrated from England on 29 August 1857 per 'Southern Eagle'. Emily was born on 6 September 1858 at Snake Banks (Campbell Town).

Walter and Emily had four children: Alfred Charles (1881-1956), Alice Emily (1883-1937), Florence Ellen (1885-1885), Gordon Walter (1888-1888). The last two born children only survived for 16 and 15 days respectively.

Walter was a farmer at 'Homeview', Longford. He passed away on 3 January 1943 at Toosey Memorial Hospital, Longford, aged 87 years. Emily predeceased him. She died on 18 December 1937 at Longford, aged 79 years. Both were buried at the Methodist Church (now Uniting) at Longford.

William WILLIAMS (1847-1897?)

William was aged 10 years and literate when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with his family. He was baptised on 23 July 1848 at Ellingham, Eccles in Norfolk.

William married Elizabeth Ann Root on 22 June 1868 in Ross Tasmania. Elizabeth had various variations to her last name including Route, Roote, Wroot and Wood. It is not known, from the public records, further information about Elizabeth.

William and Elizabeth had at least three children: Florence Theresa Alice, Ethel May and Prudence Valentine. Two of the children lived in Perth, Western Australia. William was recorded as being a marble mason, sculptor, tradesman and carpenter on various documents.

It is not known what happened to William. He may have passed away on 19 September 1897 at the New Norfolk hospital, aged 50 years. The cause of death was chronic brain disease and general debility.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' William it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Emma WILLIS aka WILLES (1838-1917)

Emma was aged 19 years, single, could read and a housemaid when migrating to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Emma was sponsored by Edward Nicholas (1806-1881), landowner, of Bothwell.

Emma married another migrant from the 'Trade Wind' a few months after being discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay. She married Robert FAKES (1832-1914) on 23 December 1858 at the Independent Chapel in Tamar Street,

Launceston. Witnesses to their marriage were 'Trade Wind' fellow passengers: Elizabeth and Robert DOCKING. As Robert Fakes was also from Bardwell in Suffolk it is likely Emma and Robert were betrothed before their voyage.

Two children were born in Tasmania after their marriage: Alice, 7 April 1859 in Bothwell and John, 21 September 1860 at Pleasant Banks, Longford. After John's birth Emma and Robert and two children returned to Bardwell, Suffolk, in England. Another child was born on 1 April 1863 in Bardwell. The family were not recorded in the English 1861 Census but were in the 1871 Census at Little Livermore, Ixworth, Suffolk. Robert was a game keeper.

Emma died on 31 July 1917 at Barton Mills, Suffolk, aged 80 years. Robert predeceased her on 1 February 1914, aged 82 years, at Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

If a reader has any information about the 'Trade Wind' William it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

George WILLIS Jnr aka WILLES (1849-1933)

George was eight years of age when migrating to Tasmania with his family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. George was born on 28 September 1848 in Bardwell, Suffolk.

George married Elizabeth W Lake (1861-1926) on 27 September 1886 in Bairnsdale, Victoria. Elizabeth was the daughter of Robert (1832-1907) and Jane Ann nee Atkinson (1846-1920). She was born about 1861. Robert and Jane were originally from Norfolk in England. They migrated to Melbourne, Victoria arriving on 5 August 1833 per 'Star of the South'.

George and Elizabeth had seven children, all born in Victoria: Arthur George (1881-1963), Louis (1882-1882), Charles Robert (1883-1942), Edith Annie May (1889-1955), Maria Mary (1890-1969), Alfred Henry (1893-1945) and Francis (Frank, 1895-1927). Arthur George and Charles Robert relocated to New Zealand.

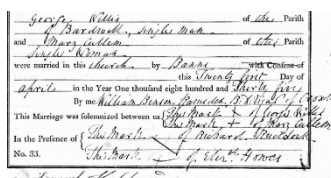
George died on 23 September 1933 at Bairnsdale, Victoria, aged 84 years. The cause of death was senility, bronchitis, and heart failure. Elizabeth died on 19 December 1926 at Maffra, Victoria, aged 65 years.

George WILLIS Snr (1815-1895) aka WILLES and Mary nee CULLEM (1809-1860)

'Trade Wind' ship records show the family as being named Willes.

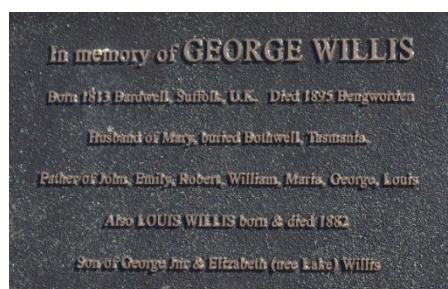
George was aged 44 years, married, Church of England faith, could read and a farm labourer from Suffolk when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay to Edward Nicholas (1806-1881), his sponsor, on 11 April 1858. Edward Nicholas was a landowner of Bothwell.

George was baptised on 31 March 1813 at Bardwell, Suffolk, England. His mother was Susan and his father was not named.



George married Mary Cullem on 21 April 1835 at Rushford in Norfolk.

Mary was born on 30 October 1808 in East Harling, Norfolk. George and Mary had seven children all born in England. The fourth born child, William, who was born in 1843 in Bardwell, died the following year. The youngest child, Louis, born in 1851 also only lived 12 months. George and Mary lived at Knox Lane, Bardwell in Suffolk where George was an agricultural labourer.



Mary, aged 50 years, passed away two years after her arrival in Tasmania on 1 February 1860 at Bothwell. The cause of death was dysentery. Mary was buried at Bothwell.

George and four of his children moved to Victoria after Mary's death. George was a farmer at Bengworden. Daughter, Emma, married in Tasmania to another

'Trade Wind' immigrant, Robert Fakes (1832-914). They returned to England. See further details under Robert Fakes and Emma Willis.

George passed away, aged 82 years, on 26 July 1895 at Bengworden, Victoria.

John WILLIS aka WILLES (1836-1912)

John was aged 21 years, born 11 July 1835 in Bardwell, Suffolk, single, could read and was a ploughman, sponsored by Edward Nicholas (1806-1881), landowner, Bothwell, when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

John died, aged 77 years, on 14 December 1912 at Bairnsdale, Victoria of cardiac disease. He was buried at Bairnsdale on 16 December. His parents on the death registration were recorded as George Willis and Mary Calum.

Further records for John could not be found on public records. If a reader has any information it would be appreciated if they emailed bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Maria WILLIS aka WILLES (1846-1892)

Maria was aged 11 years and literate when migrating to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Maria married William John Argent (1841-1884) on 25 February 1867 in Sale, Victoria. They had five children: Maria Alice (1868-1898), Henry William (1869-1942), Agnes Amelia (1873-1930), Lily Mary (1875-1936) and George Charles (1880-1942).

William died at the age of 44 years at Redbank, Stratford on 20 August 1884. Maria cared for the children as a single Mum; they were aged between four and sixteen. Maria died on 19 August 1892, aged 45 years, at Stratford, Victoria. Her youngest child was now aged twelve years.

Robert WILLIS aka WILLES (1840-1920)

Robert was aged 16 years and a groom when migrating with his family to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. He was born on 19 April 1840 in Bardwell, Suffolk, England. Robert was sponsored by Edward Nicholas (1806-1881), landowner, of Bothwell.

Robert married Catherine McKendry (1843-1913) on 9 January 1865 in Sale, Victoria. They had at least three children, all born in Victoria. Catherine was born in Ireland and was the daughter of Archibald McKendry and Louisa nee McCann. Robert was a grazier at Bengworden South in the Gippsland district.

Robert died on 29 July 1920, aged 79 years, at Bairnsdale, Victoria. The cause of death was senile decay and heart failure. Catherine died on 22 August 1913, aged 75 years, at the residence of her daughter, Briagolong. Robert and Catherine were both interred at Bairnsdale.

Anna WOOD (1842-1858)

Anna was born in October 1842 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, England. She died at the age of 13 years, at sea, on the voyage to Tasmania in 1858 on the 'Trade Wind'. She was the daughter of William Wood (1811-1879) and Lydia nee Brown (1812-1879).

Barclay WOOD (1846-1891)

William was born in October 1846 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. He was aged 9½ years when migrating to Tasmania with his family on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858.

Barclay married Emma Louisa Morris on 18 September 1871, at Meningie, South Australia (SA). Barclay was occupied in Meningie as a storekeeper, keeper of the public pound and licensed to officiate as salesman of cattle impounded there. Barclay and Emma had five children. A grandson became well known for his musical abilities – Phillip Barclay Wood (1907-1954).

Barclay died on 7 May 1891 in Adelaide, SA, aged 44 years.

Emily WOOD (1848-1922)

Emily was born in October 1848 at Southwick, Sussex. She was aged eight years when embarking on the voyage to Tasmania with her family on the 'Trade Wind' arriving in 1858.

Emily married Henry McDonald Gasquoine (1843-1889) on 7 May 1868 at Mount Barker, South Australia (SA). They had at least seven children.

Emily passed away on 10 May 1922 at Hindmarsh Valley, SA, aged 75 years.

Lydia WOOD nee BROWN (1812-1879)

Lydia was born on 5 January 1812 in St Andrew, Hertfordshire. Her parents were John (1764-1833) and Elizabeth nee Stamp (1767-). Her father was a shopkeeper at Hertford.

Lydia was aged 44 years when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 with her husband, William (1811-1879) and four children. The eldest daughter, Anna, died at sea on the 'Trade Wind' in 1857, aged 13 years. Lydia, along with her husband, was sponsored by George Washington Walker of Hobart Town as a governess.

Mr Loch, the Immigration Agent reported William Wood and his wife acted as teachers on the 'Trade Wind' for about six weeks having consented to do so at Mr Drake's request. Mr and Mrs Wood supplied some stationery at the commencement of the journey. The school was discontinued for a variety of reasons including it being held in the small single women's compartment, causing much inconvenience especially to those who were in bad health.

Lydia advertised in Hobart newspapers in 1859 as follows:

Superior Education for 12 pupils above the age of 10 years. Mrs Lydia Wood being now engaged in instructing two young ladies and her own daughter, will be happy to receive an addition. Mrs Wood has had large experience in tuition in England, where the systems pursued by her gave great satisfaction. Boarders £60 per annum. Daily pupils £16 per annum. Respectable references given and required. Prospectuses on application at 99 Liverpool street.

Lydia predeceased her husband by approximately seven months. She died on 14 February 1879 in Norwood, South Australia, aged 67 years.

See further details about the Wood family under the entry for William Wood or contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

William WOOD (1811-1879)

William was aged 45 years, a Quaker, literate, a draper from Hertfordshire when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. William was born on 22 February 1811 at Lewes in Sussex. His parents were John (1775-1825) and Sarah nee Daynes (aka Daines, 1781-1838). William was sponsored by George Washington Walker (1800-1859) of Hobart Town. Walker was a well-known Quaker in Tasmania.

William married Lydia nee Brown (1812-1879) in October 1840 in Hertfordshire, England. They sailed with their four children, the oldest child, Anna, died at sea on the 'Trade Wind', aged 13 years.

Mr Loch, the Immigration Agent reported William Wood and his wife acted as teachers on the 'Trade Wind' for about six weeks having consented to do so at Mr Drake's request. Mr and Mrs Wood supplied some stationery at the commencement of the journey. The school was discontinued for a variety of reasons including it being held in the small single women's compartment, causing much inconvenience especially to those who were in bad health.

The Rev. Benjamin Drake made a statement saying it was evident to all that Mr Wood's servant would soon become the mother of an illegitimate child and many strange things were said about the paternity of the child. From this time the school was discontinued and Mr Wood was never requested to resume. Mrs Drake continued assisting in the education of the girls by collecting the girls and in fine weather on the poop taught them needlework, reading, spelling and occasionally catechised them.

Captain Johnston stated he did not know why the school was stopped and Mr Drake wanted Mr and Mrs Wood to go on again with the school but they declined. One of the passengers in the single women's apartment, Malvina McPherson, had fits and this disturbed the school. The Immigration Agent sought approval for the payment of £5 to be made to Mr and Mrs Wood for the stationery they provided.

The Surgeon complained Mr Wood was the instigator of all evil on board the ship. The complaints were chiefly made by Wood and he did all in his power to make a breach

between passengers and officers. His sneaking, undermining ways took effect with some of the worst characters we had and even tainted some of the better class.

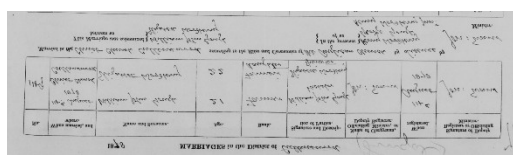
The Immigration Agent reported William Wood who had taken a leading part in the complaints and the assertion of which the Emigrants regarded as their rights, the feeling of the emigrants in his favour being equally visible, various persons having stated their belief but for his interference they would not have survived the voyage. The passengers presented to Mr Wood at Impression Bay a paper signed by 172 persons of which as it bears upon the subject of the complaints of the passengers. A perusal of the statements given in this report shows Mr Wood was correct in the views he took and has expressed regarding the treatment of the passengers on board and, at the least fully justified in the endeavours to improve their conditions for which they expressed themselves gratified.

After arrival in Tasmania Mr Wood, together with his sons, conducted a drapery business at 99 Liverpool Street in Hobart. A disastrous fire took place on the premises on the night of 20 March 1865, three years after being established. A number of reports were in local Tasmanian newspapers about the Inquiry conducted. The jury returned a verdict to the effect the fire originated in the shop of Wood & Sons, but whether feloniously, wilfully or of malice aforethought, or by accident there was no evidence to shew. The jury added the following rider: The jury are of opinion Messrs Wood & Sons are censurable for not having at an earlier stage of the fire made greater efforts to extinguish it.

It was probably after this fire, Wood and his family relocated to South Australia (SA). William died on 2 September 1879 in Glenelg, SA, aged 68 years.

Elizabeth WOODBERRY (1856-1893)

Elizabeth was aged about 18 months when migrating to Tasmania with her parents and sister on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Elizabeth was born about 1856 in Wellington, Taunton Deane Borough, Somerset, England.



Elizabeth married William John Gough (1856-1938) at Christ Church, Cullenswood, on 14 August 1878. William was the son of convict William Gough (1820-1906) and Eliza nee Oliver (1838-1880). His maternal grandparent, George Oliver (1811-1888) was also a convict.

William Gough Jnr was born on 28 September 1856 at Avoca and died on 26 March 1938 at Perth, Tasmania, aged 81 years. William was employed by H von Steiglitz on the 'Tullochgorum' estate for 17 years and later had charge of his estate at 'Formosa'. After Elizabeth died, he remarried Theresa Mary Gertrude Reynolds (1878-1956) and had six children.

Elizabeth died on 2 August 1893 at 'Abeyfoyle' near Avoca, aged 37 years. Death registration records her age incorrectly as 31 years and death on 2 August 1893. The cause of death was tabes meseuterica: Tuberculosis (TB) of the mesenteric and

retroperitoneal lymph nodes (stomach TB). Two different death notices in the newspapers show her death as 1 August and the other on 7 August. Elizabeth was buried at Christ Church Anglican Cemetery at Cullenswood, Tasmania. William died on 26 March 1938 at Perth, Tasmania, aged 81 years. At the time of making his Will William was a police sergeant based at St Marys.

For further information contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Henry WOODBERRY (1823-1907)

Henry was aged 31 years, married, literate, a general farm labourer from Somersetshire when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. The name of the sponsor on the 'Trade Wind' records is a little difficult to read and looks more like James than John Woodbury, however, Henry and family were discharged from the Quarantine Station at Impression Bay by morning coach on 23 March 1858 to John Woodbury (1817-1903), small farmer, of Cullenswood.

John Woodberry was Henry's younger brother who was transported for fifteen years to Tasmania in 1844 per 'Equestrian'. He was convicted for maliciously wounding and cutting. He stated he was at a party and went home with a female. Three men tried to take her away from him and he stabbed one of them with a knife. He said he was struck first. After working at the Cascades he then worked for Robert Vincent Legge at Cullenswood. He became a very highly respected person and owned large properties, settling in the Deloraine district. For many years the name Woodberry was a household word in connection with first-class butter, cheese and fat stock. John married Harriett Alice Augusta Bonner (1832-1906) at Christ Church, Cullenswood on 29 April 1852. He had 12 sons and 3 daughters. Two of the sons were named Septimus and Octavius, perhaps following the pattern of their mother who had Augusta as part of her Christian names.

Henry was born on 12 June 1823 at Bishops Lydeard, Taunton Deane Borough, in Somerset, England. His parents were Henry (1787-1859) and Elizabeth nee Foster (1795-1828). After his arrival in Tasmania Henry was found in a several records in the Fingal Valley. In 1865 at 'Londavra', Cullenswood, leasehold estate; in the 1890-91 Cornwall Post Office Directory at Falmouth and a sheep run at Cullenswood; 1866 a resident of Fingal.

Henry married Sarah Bodger on 1 November 1850 at Taunton, Somerset. They had six children; the first two were born in Somersetshire in England. The eldest daughter, Emma (1854-1877) died at the age of 24 years at Cullenswood with paralysis. Another daughter, Harriet (1858-1865) died at the age of six years with inflammation of the bowels and another daughter Edith (1863-1885) died aged 21 years.

Henry died at Falmouth on 28 February 1907, aged 84 years. He was buried at Christ Church Anglican Cemetery in Cullenswood, Tasmania.

A report in the *Examiner* on Tuesday 5 March 1907 reported on Henry's funeral.

St Mary's. An old colonist Mr Henry Woodberry, of Falmouth passed away peacefully on Thursday, 28th ultimo, at the advanced age of 84 years. He was of a bright and cheerful disposition, making him beloved by all. His remains were interred in the Cullenswood churchyard on Sunday. The funeral was a large one, fully testifying to the respect and esteem in which he was held. The Rev. J Hayes was the officiating minister. Special hymns were sung, Mrs Hayes (wife of the rector) presiding at the organ. At the service in the church the rector made a very touching reference to the good life and example shown by the deceased.

Sarah (Emma?) WOODBERRY Jnr (1854-1877)

Sarah was three years of age when accompanying her parents on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858 to Tasmania. Her name was shown as 'Sarah' on the shipping list but discharge list records the name as being Emma. Emma, the daughter of Henry and Sarah, died at the age of 24 years on 13 July 1877 at Cullenswood, Tasmania. The cause of death was paralysis.

Sarah WOODBERRY nee BODGAR (1822-1907)

Sarah accompanied her husband, Henry (1823-1907) and two daughters when migrating to Tasmania on the 'Trade Wind' in 1858. Sarah was aged 35 years, belonged to the Church of England faith, literate, a general servant from Somersetshire. She was sponsored by John Woodberry (1817-1903), small farmer, of Cullenswood.

According to the Immigration Agent's report on the 'Trade Wind' Sarah was recommended to receive gratuities viz. female assistant on 103 females arrived at 6d each totalling £2/11/6.

Sarah was baptised on 29 February 1824 at Heathfield, Somerset. Her parents were Samuel Bodger (1786-1834) and Edith nee Lock (1790-1881). Sarah was recorded on the birth of her children as being Bodgar, Burgess and Rodgers.

Sarah died on 8 November 1907 at the residence of her son-in-law, Robert Homan, aged 83 years. She was buried at Christ Church, Cullenswood, Tasmania. According to the death notice in the *Examiner* (Saturday 9 November 1907), she was in her 87th year of age.

For further information about the Woodberry family see William Woodberry or contact bettypilgrim@hotmail.com.

Jane YOUNG (1838-1925)

Jane was born about 1838 at Kingswinford, Staffordshire. Her parents were probably Joseph Young, a labourer in iron works and her mother Esther, born Woodside, Dudley, Worcestershire. In 1841 the family were living at Pensnett, Kingswinford and in 1851 at Turnpike Road, Kingswinford.

According to John D Loch, Immigration Agent, in his 22 May 1858 report, stated the 'Trade Wind' had two and half more adults as passengers more than the law allows. This did not take into consideration two of the Bounty ticket immigrants, Eli Round and Joseph Taylor, were placed on the ships articles as part of the crew and one single woman, Jane Young, was placed in the Cabin as a servant. Jane was not shown in the passenger or destination lists for this reason.

Jane married Joseph TAYLOR on 19 March 1860 at St John's Church, New Town. Joseph, was also aboard the 'Trade Wind'. He came from Brierley Hill in Staffordshire, a short distance (3½ miles) from where Jane resided at Kingswinford. Jane and Joseph had ten children.

Jane passed away on 13 February 1925 at 33 Wellington Street, North Hobart, aged 87 years. The death notice in *The Mercury* on 14 February recorded she was in her 80th year and was late of Brierley Hill, Staffordshire. She was buried at Cornelian Bay Cemetery. Joseph died on 19 January 1907 in Hobart, aged 75 years.